

THE NAPANEE

Vol. L No 9 -E. J. POLLARD, Editor and Proprietor.

NAPANEE, ONT., CANADA

FORCED SALE

—of—

BOOTS AND SHOES

—at the—

ROYAL SHOE STORE

In order to reduce our liabilities we are obliged to offer our entire stock of Boots and Shoes, Felts and Rubbers at less than Wholesale Cost. Below we quote a few lines to give you an idea of the bargains we are offering.

Men's 1 buckle Overshoes, regular \$1.75 value

Sale Price \$1.50

Men's 2 buckle Overshoes, regular \$2.50 value

Sale Price \$2.00

Men's Jersey Cloth Storm Rubbers, regular \$1.50

Sale Price \$1.25

See Men's Window for values in Shoes, or call in and let us show you what we are offering.

Men's Plain Rubbers, 75c.

Women's Felt Slippers with felt soles, leather covered, regular 60c, 70c and 80c value

Sale Price 50c

Women's Felt Slippers, all our best lines, reg. \$1, \$1.25 and \$1.50 values

Sale Price 80c

Women's Overshoes, first quality goods,

Regular \$2.00 for \$1.75

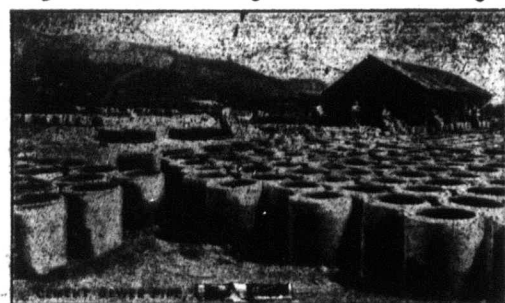
Regular \$2.50 for \$2.25

See Women's Window for special prices in leather goods. Patent, Velour Calf and all stocks at a big reduction.

Women's Plain Rubbers 50c

No reserve, we need the money. We are determined to make this the greatest winter sale of Boots and Shoes ever held in Napanee. Terms Cash. No approbation. Trunks, Bags and Valises included.

ROYAL SHOE STORE, Napanee, Ontario
W. D. DICK, Manager.



Joy's Brick Yard

Having installed all the latest and up-to-date machinery for the manufacture of

Cement Brick and Blocks

we are prepared to fill orders on the shortest notice. Call and see our new designs in Ornamental blocks. Agents for all kinds of Concrete Machinery, Silo and Tile Moulds; also for the best continuous Concrete Mixer on the market.

TOWN COUNCIL.

Council Chambers, Napanee, February 6th, 1911.

Council met in regular session on Monday evening.

All the members present, Mayor A. S. Kimmerly presiding.

The minutes of the last regular session were read and confirmed.

COMMUNICATIONS.

From Mr. Allan Neilson, asking to be appointed Assessor for the year 1911. Laid on the table.

From The Union of Canadian Municipalities, asking that the Corporation attach themselves to this Association by paying a fee of \$15. The charge for membership fee is fixed at \$3.00 per 1000 population, and they had Napanee rated as being of 5000 population. The aims of the Association are to protect the rights of municipalities in the Provincial Legislature and Dominion Parliament.

On motion of Messrs. Waller and Steacy, it was decided to become members of the said above Association, and ordered that \$10.00 be forwarded to pay for membership.

From The National Sanitarium Association, appealing to the Council for assistance. The communication stated, among other facts and figures, that since the opening of the Sanitarium there had been fifteen patients from the County of Lennox and Addington.

Ordered laid on the table until after the March session of the County Council.

From C. A. Anderson & Son, asking permission to lay sand and building material on the street at the corner of Bridge and Centre streets.

Permission granted upon usual conditions, namely, that the petitioners be responsible for all damages arising because of such obstruction on the streets.

From the Toronto Branch of the Salvation Army Prison Gate Work, appealing to the Council for a grant to assist them in their work. Filed.

From W. M. Finkle, asking to be appointed Sanitary Inspector for the year 1911. Laid on the table.

From the United Empire Loyalist Chapter of the Imperial Order of the Daughters of the Empire, presenting to the Council a copy of a resolution passed by them at a recent meeting in reply to the communication from the Town Council. Following is the resolution: "Resolved that the Wright house be granted to the United Empire Loyalist Chapter in proper repair, for one year, with the privilege of renewal at the expiration of said year. After that time, notification to vacate premises be six months' notice by both parties to the agreement. Also that the choice of inmates of the Home rest alone with the Chapter."

Referred to the Town Property Committee to get a definite understanding as to the meaning of the resolution.

Reeve Alexander presented the regular monthly statement from the Treasurer. Following is the statement, showing the expenditures of each committee from their interim appropriation:

Balance on hand	\$ 451.49
	493.45
	24.28
	22.50
	23.00
	26.25

GOVERNMENT ANNUITIES.

Mayor Kimmerly in closing the meeting in the Town Hall, on Wednesday night, referred to Dr. Samson's address as one of the most interesting speeches that had perhaps ever been delivered in this town and expressed the regrets of himself and those who were present that the hall had not been crowded to the doors.

Dr. Samson's duties as chief lecturer of this subject consist in addressing audiences across the whole continent, on the plan and workings of the Annuity Act, which he, the speaker, believed was in its possibilities competent to do more for the upbuilding of the country and its people than any other single act on the statute books of our country. It was a scheme to encourage human thrift and a provision against the calamities and poverty of the declining years of so many in this as in all countries. It was a method by which the government undertook to care for the small earnings of any or all of our people, to guarantee their absolute security, to invest them at four per cent compound interest and by consent of the nation to assume all the charges and expenses of managing the fund. It was not a pension scheme in any sense, it was only frugally investing small amounts from time to time in an absolutely safe place at a high rate of interest and to be returned to the people at that time of life when they may chance to need it most or need it badly. A plan by which every man may feel, on his way through life, that among all his investments he has one that will protect him from the horror and disgrace of ever becoming a dependant on the charity of his fellowman or of his country. Any man, woman, or child living in Canada may open an account with the government on these terms and commence paying in money at the post office in any sum not smaller than twenty-five cents and at any time, these sums to remain in the hands of the government until the annuitant is fifty-five years of age or as much older as he himself may choose, and then to be returned to him in payments every ninety days as long as he lives. He may plan for an annuity as small as fifty dollars a year or as large as six hundred a year. If his payments fall short of his plans his annuity will only be less but will never lapse because of his neglect. If he dies before his annuity matures all the payments he has ever made will be returned to his family in one payment with compound interest for all the years his account has been in existence and no debt or judgement of any kind can claim a dollar of these funds that were designed to protect the man in his old age or to care for his family if he should die.

Dr. Samson's address lasted more than an hour to the intense satisfaction of the meeting and covered every feature of the workings and plans of the act and contained a number of thrilling sketches and incidents that touched the emotions of the audience in a manner that will not soon be forgotten by those who were present.

OBITUARY.

Mr. Walter Scott Williams, Oakland, California, died January 19th, 1911, apoplexy. In peace with all.

Mr. Williams was formerly of this town of Napanee and was a very prominent citizen, occupied in its Councils and at one time its Mayor.

He was connected with many good works while a resident of this town

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Cement Brick and Blocks

orders on the shortest notice. Call and see our new designs in Ornamental blocks. Agents for all kinds of Concrete Machinery, Silo and Tile Moulds; also for the best continuous Concrete Mixer on the market.

CEMENT FOR SALE.

Special prices on car lots.

We have a number of desirable building lots and would build to suit prospective purchasers. Office and factory, Dundas street, near G. T. R. bridge.

JOY & SON.

Wall Paper !

The Wall Paper season will soon be in full swing.

We are ready for it by already having in stock our range of #911 paper.

A SUGGESTION

Why not make your selection early? We have more time to show our combinations. We have the full assortment to show you. You can get paper-hangers more easily and more reasonably than during the rush. Then while your neighbors are worrying about the trouble in getting their work done you can be planning your summer vacation.

TRY IT THIS YEAR

We are glad to show our lines to anyone—customers or others.

A. E. PAUL'S

The Wallpaper Man.

P.S.—Get some of our Dishes before all are sold.

Birthday Rings

In all the proper stones.

Friendship Rings

A good Assortment.

Engagement Rings

Diamonds! Diamonds! Yes, and Rubies, Pearls etc., etc. too numerous.

Wedding Rings

Guaranteed Plump Stamped quality. In this we are more than particular.

Marriage Licenses

Strictly confidential is our reputation—no clerks to spy on you.

—The store of Good Quality and Moderate Prices.

—Call and see us.

F. Chinneck's Jewelry Store

Near Royal Hotel, Napanee

Veteran Land Grants Wanted

Ontario or Dominion, located or unlocated

MULHOLLAND & CO.,

28-1-y McKinnon Bldg., Toronto.

Poultry Wanted

LIVE OR DRESSED.

Also - Beef - Hides

Highest Market Price Paid.

FRED WILSON,

Central Meat Market

Imperial Hard Wall Plaster

(Ready to use)

A Car Load

Just received.

JOHN M. WALLACE

Sole Agent.

Canada's Greatest Nurseries

Want a representative for Napanee and surrounding district

The reliability, healthy condition of our stock, as well as its fitness to name, must be appreciated by the public or they would not have helped us to increase our business yearly since 1887, the date of our establishment.

Our firm's name lends prestige to our representatives.

Complete line of Nursery Stock for 1911.

Write for full particulars.

STONE & WELLINGTON,
The Fonthill Nurseries,
Toronto, Ont.

Keep Your Hands Soft.

At this season of the year it is a problem to keep the hands soft. Rexall Toilet Cream will prove a boon to house-keepers. It is not greasy, dries in quickly and leaves the skin soft and velvety. Sold in 25c. bottles at Wallace's Drug Store.

Treasurer. Following is the statement, showing the expenditures of each committee from their interim appropriation:

Balance on hand	Amount expended	Appropriation
\$ 451 49	\$ 48 51	\$ 500 00
43 45	6 55	500 00
24 29	75 71	100 00
22 50	177 50	200 00
23 00	2 00	25 00
20 25	29 75	50 00
		Merchants Bank overdraft, \$1,554 03.

Report adopted.

The Fire, Water and Light Committee, to whom was referred the communication from the Electric Light Commissioners re town lighting, reported as follows: The Committee had a conference with the Electric Light Commissioners and would recommend that this Council pay as follows for lighting:

30 arc lamps at \$70.00 per lamp per year.

30 incandescent street lamps at \$20 per lamp per year.

6 fire alarm lamps free, in lieu of free lights in front of all public buildings.

The Post Office clock, Town Hall, Harvey Warner Park and Fire Hall to be paid for by meter at 10c. per k. w. hour nett.

The lighting of the Model School, Collegiate Institute, Public Library and Historical Hall to be paid for by the several Boards under whose jurisdiction they come.

The report was taken up clause by clause and adopted.

The Market and Police Committee, to whom was referred the matter of the market tolls, reported as follows, recommending that the market tolls be offered for sale by tender, the tenders to be in not later than twelve o'clock noon of February 20th, 1911, and that an advertisement for tenders be inserted in the regular issues of the local papers of February 10th and 17th. Report adopted.

Councillor Waller gave notice that at the next regular meeting of the Council he would introduce a by-law to regulate the sale of meats and milk in the Town of Napanee.

Councillor Stevens gave notice that at the next regular meeting of the Council he would introduce a by-law to repeal By-law No. 349, in reference to licensing pool and billiard rooms.

Mr. Stevens' proposed by-law is for the purpose of closing all doors between pool rooms and billiard rooms.

ACCOUNTS.

The following accounts were ordered paid:

J. R. Dufour	\$ 15 75
Chas. Stevens	14 00
Chas. Stevens	6 90
E. S. Lapum	1 75
Dominion Rock Drill Company	103 15

The following accounts were also disposed of: Fred. L. Hooper, \$6.30, Poor and Sanitary Committee with power to act; Fred. L. Hooper, \$2.30, Town Property Committee with power to act; Sun Insurance Co., \$8.75, Town Property Committee with power to act; Northern Electric and Manufacturing Co., Montreal, \$39.50, laid on table until the next session.

Council adjourned.

Mr. Walter Scott Williams, Oakland, California, died January 19th, 1911, apoplexy. In peace with all.

Mr. Williams was formerly of this town of Napanee and was a very prominent citizen, occupied in its Councils and at one time its Mayor.

He was connected with many good works while a resident of this town and was always endeavoring to promote its welfare. He was the projector, as well as the promoter, of the Napanee, Tamworth and Quebec Ry. Co., and acted as a director of same, and for many years was secretary to this Company. Mr. Williams was a prominent worker in the temperance cause, being associated for years with the late Dr. Oronhyatekha and Mr. Thomas, Casey, and our old friend, Alexander Henry, now of Toronto, whose efforts were insistent for prohibition on all occasions, and never satisfied with any make-shift legislation such as local option.

Mr. Henry published and edited, in connection with the late Dr. Oronhyatekha, a temperance journal, called the Casket, for many years. Its influence was felt most advantageously for the cause throughout the Province of Ontario. In connection with an organization, in which our late Mr. Williams was associated as Secretary, the work of the Casket was a great help. Mr. Williams was most active in the campaign in which Dr. Oronhyatekha, himself and the golden tongued advocate, Mr. Henry, took active part, and Mr. Williams often returned elated over the fiery eloquence of his Irish associate in the cause. He was ever ready to lend his assistance to any extent in furthering this cause of temperance and gave great credit for its advance, through its advocacy by Dr. Oronhyatekha and Mr. Henry. He remained firm in allegiance to the organization until Dr. Oronhyatekha became immersed in Forestry work, and Mr. Henry, that great champion of prohibition, laid his Casket to rest.

Mr. Williams was always alert in this work in which his heart seemed centred, and one was inevitably reminded of determination and insistence for good when our two townsmen, Williams and Henry, were seen together in those days, and to each other were truly Damon and Pythias.

Mr. Williams was a man of great intellectual force and attainments. He was most prominent in the councils of the Western Methodist church here, where in co-operation with the late gentlemen, Mr. John Gibbard and J. C. Huffman, he assisted in building that congregation to its present strength and pride in righteousness. In his teachings of the truths of christian life he has left us to-day the many fine examples in christian fortitude, which we see in the lives of many, now leaders in that church, in matters of spiritual effort.

As a lawyer he was eminently fitted to take the advanced position he did at an early age, and had he not, through desire to find security from the possible inroads upon the health of those closely connected with him, to seek a milder climate to their advantage, he would no doubt have been ere this occupying a high judicial position in this Province.

In his practice of law he was associated here with the late Mr. Mordey, and in this, as in all other ways, he demonstrated that characteristic of always seeking for and finding the best, in order to attach himself thereto. The old firm of Williams and Mordey are to be remembered as the pure gold firm of practitioners, never giving an opinion without being convinced of their belief in its integrity. In the passing of Mr. Williams we desire to extend the sympathy of their many friends still lingering here, to his family at their Oakland home, which sympathy I am sure will be repeated from the Mediterranean, where one of his old friends is now seeking to forget himself for a few weeks, and to add this our tribute to the worth and many virtues of our late friend and brother, Walter Scott Williams.

Ayer's almanacs for everybody. Ask for one at Wallace's Drug Store.

THE EXPRESS

A QUARTER OF A CENTURY
finds us in the lead for
Plumbing, Steam, Hot
Water and Hot Air
Heating.
M. S. MADOLE

NADA—FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 10th, 1911

\$1 per Year in advance: \$1.50 if not so paid.

WINTER SALE!

...of...

Men's and Boys' Clothing

20 to 50 per cent. Dis-
count on all Ready-to-
Wear Clothing.

J. L. BOYES

CENTREVILLE.

The C.P.R. surveyors marked their course through here last week.

Miss Annie Ingoldsby, Kingston, is visiting here.

Mrs. Long is quite ill.
Mr. and Mrs. John Gehan, New-
burgh, visited at Charles Ingoldsby's,
Sunday last.

A number from here attended the
euchre party in the young men's hall,
Chippewa, on Wednesday night.

Peter Kellar is the guest of E. Perry.

Lamps, Hanging and Stand.

The latest styles in best quality at
Hooper's Drug Store.

LITTLE CREEK.

On Tuesday evening, Jan. 24th, the
friends of Miss Ruby Barnhardt met
at the home of Mr. S. C. Baird to
express their esteem and regret at her
departure for the west, and presented
her with a "Variety Shower" of

both handsome and useful presents as
follows:—Miss Jessie and Mr. Arthur
Joyce, pair of towels; Mr. and Mrs.
Geo. Chambers, cake plate; Marjorie
Joyce, cup and saucer; Mr. and Mrs.
Wm. Baird, pair of towels; Mr. and
Mrs. P. J. Seeley, nickel tea pot and
one dozen knives and forks; A. Mil-
ligan, side-board cover; Mr. and Mrs.
Frank Hawley, table cloth; Mr. Lewis
Garrison, fruit dish; Mr. and Mrs.
Marshall Barnhardt, butter knife; Mr.
and Mrs. Irvine Hamblay, towel; Miss
Meda and Mr. Fred Chambers, cake
plate; Mr. and Mrs. E. Baird, pepper
and salt shaker; Mr. and Mrs. Archie
Parks and family, silver berry spoon;
Mrs. Hilda Chambers, silver sugar
shell; Lawrence Baird, bon-bon dish;
Miss M. McMullen, spoon tray; Mr.
and Mrs. J. H. Card, dozen silver tea
spoons; Mr. and Mrs. S. L. Clute,
cotton tea set; Miss Grace and Mr.

NEWS NOTES.

The question of exemption of church
property from taxation may come up
before the Legislature of the Province
at the present session.

The body of Dolphus Drouillard, a
farmer, missing for about two months,
was found in the river near Sandwhich.
It is supposed he was robbed and
murdered.

An order will be issued by Arch-
bishop, Bishop Emard and Accham-
beault, directing priests and members
of religions orders under them to take
no further part in politics.

Archbishop Gauthier will leave
Kingston for Montreal on February
15th. Kingston Catholics will present
his Grace with \$2,000 and the priests
will give him a pectoral cross.

Gen. Piet A. Cronje, the noted Boer
general, who was captured by the
Canadian regiment at Paardeberg,
during the South African war in 1900,
died at Kieksdorp, on Sunday.

ELECTION PREDICTED.

Montreal, Feb. 6th.—There is
a rapidly growing feeling here
that the Ottawa government
will appeal to the people early
in November next, and that Sir
Wilfrid Laurier will stand or
fall on the Washington arrange-
ment. It will make the people
here in Quebec forget the
Bourassa incident, and, in fact,
the Nationalist leader has so far
written more in favor than
against the reciprocity agree-
ment reached with the Ameri-
cans by Hon. Messrs. Fielding
and Patterson.

Mrs. Addie Phillips, widow of the
late William Phillips, died, Friday,
at the family residence, third concession
of Tyendinaga. Deceased, fifty-six
years of age, had been ill for a con-
siderable period with lung trouble.

The Canadian Associated Press has
high authority for stating that the
only persons in the Dominion who will
receive official invitations to the cor-
onation will be the Premier of the Do-
minion and the Premiers of the Pro-
vinces.

An outbreak of smallpox has occurred
at Maxville, Ont., where twelve
cases have developed within a few days.
Although there have been no deaths, a
Maxville physician to-day described the
disease as being of a virulent type.
Effective quarantine regulations have
been established.

Six lives were lost on Saturday night
in a head-on collision between a pas-
senger train and a mogul engine at a
point midway between Paris and
Drumbo, on the Buffalo and Goderich
branch of the Grand Trunk Railway.
Several persons were more or less
seriously injured.

John Maracle, an Indian, of the
Mohawk reservation, was sentenced
at Belleville on Monday by Judge
Deroche to one year in the Central
Prison, on charge of assaulting his
wife, assaulting a man named Muro
with a stone, and other charges of
assault. Maracle is a middle-aged
man.

INCREASED PREFERENCE.

DAFOE & WALLER

Lumber, Shingles, Lath,
Posts, Sash, Doors,
Mouldings, Etc.

AGENTS for Canadian Fairbanks Gas and
Marine Engines.

AGENTS for Ruberoid Roofing and
Flooring.

FACTORY next to the Big Mill. 'Phone 14

HOUSES TO RENT—Two desirable
houses on Bridge street east. Apply to
G. B. JOY.

FOR SALE—The brick residence on East
Street, formerly occupied by the late
Mrs. J. D. Ham. Apply to HERRINGTON
WARNER & GRANGE.

HOUSE FOR SALE, with two lots, new
house 38 x 24, barn 28 x 24, electric light
and soft water, a splendid property at a
low price. Apply to M. PIZZARIELLO.

HOUSE TO RENT.—All modern im-
provements. Also some furniture to be
sold before March 1st, 1911. Apply to MRS.
BOTTING, 18 Market St., Napanee, Ont.

WANTED—Some good General Purpose
Horses, on Plano and Organ deals. We
also have some good Second-Hand Organs for
sale at a bargain. C. A. WISEMAN, John
street, Napanee.

40 FARMS FOR SALE in Napanee and
Belleville districts. Many of these are
valuable farms, and at right price. Call at
once or write for list. We can suit you, and
you will save time and money. Also some
good town properties. W. G. H. BROWN,
Real Estate. Opposite Royal Hotel, Napanee.

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE FOR
SALE—300 acres of land, more or less, in
the 11th concession of the Township of Camden,
at Varty Lake, being the farm of the late
George Garrison. There are 2 dwellings and
good barns and outbuildings on the premises,
and good wells. Also for sale the Hotel Prop-
erty in the Village of Colebrook. For further
particulars apply to Mrs. A. C. Warner, or Mrs.
F. S. Wartman, Colebrook; or to Herrington,
Warner & Grange, Barristers, Napanee.
Dated October 24th, 1910.

EXECUTORS' NOTICE TO CREDI- TORS.

In the estate of Hannah Maria Fraser deceased

Notice is hereby given pursuant to Chapter
13, of the Revised Statutes of Ontario, Section
33, and amending Acts, that all persons having
any claims or demands against the estate of
Hannah Maria Fraser, late of the Township of
Ernestown, in the County of Lennox and Ad-
dington, spinster, deceased who died on or about
the 1st day of Jan. A. D. 1911, are required to
deliver or send by post prepaid to Herrington,
Warner & Grange, Napanee, Ontario, solicitors
for Harvey Calvin Wooster Miller and George
Fraser Cliff, executors of the last will and testa-
ment of the said Hannah Maria Fraser, deceas-
ed, on or before 15th DAY OF MARCH, A. D.
1911, their christian and surnames, addresses
and descriptions, with full particulars of their
claims or demands duly verified, and the
nature of the security, if any, held by them.
Further notice is given that after the said
15th day of March, A. D. 1911, the said executors
will proceed to distribute the assets of the said
estate amongst the parties entitled thereto,
having regard only to the claims or demands

DOXSEE & CO.

Special Attractions
For This Month.

—Don't miss this opportunity.

—Genuine Bargains.

—Just when you need them.

LADIES' UNDERWEAR at a price to
clear.

MISSIES' AND CHILDREN'S WOOL-
LEN TOQUES at 35c to clear.

HOSIERY and CASHMERE GLOVES
reduced in price.

KID GLOVES, best quality, all we have
left—white and black—less than half price.

MILLINERY, Felt Shapes 50c, 75c & \$1

All Trimmed Hats and Materials at a
price to clear.

The Leading Millinery House

THE - DOMINION - BANK NAPANEE BRANCH

Capital Paid up \$4,000,000
Reserve Fund and Undivided
Profits 5,300,000
Total Deposits by the Public 4,300,000
Total Assets 62,677,820
Travellers and Commercial Letters of
Credit issued available throughout
the world

DUDLEY L. HILL,
Manager, Napanee Branch.

MERCHANTS' BANK OF CANADA.

men and Mr. Fred Chambers, silver plate; Mr. and Mrs. E. Baird, pepper and salt shaker; Mr. and Mrs. Archie Parks and family, silver berry spoon; Mrs. Hilda Chambers, silver sugar shell; Lawrence Baird, bon-bon dish; Miss M. McMullen, spoon tray; Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Card, dozen silver tea spoons; Mr. and Mrs. S. L. Clute, earthen tea pot; Miss Grace and Mr. Ross Card, pair of towels; Mr. and Mrs. O. B. Parks, half dozen table napkins; Mrs. J. J. Clark, table cloth; Miss Nellie Cuthill, potato slicer; Misses Clark, drawn linen centrepiece; Mr. and Mrs. B. Hayek, silver table spoons; Mrs. R. B. Frink, fancy plate; Mr. J. J. Clark, glass water set; Mr. Leonard Pritchett, nickel server; Mr. and Mrs. S. C. Baird, half dozen silver forks; Mr. and Mrs. G. M. Card, table cover; Mr. and Mrs. James Cuthill, pair bath towels; Mr. Martin Barnhardt, agate washdish; Mrs. Martin Barnhardt, fancy cup and saucer; Miss Pearl and Mr. J. P. Cuthill, agate tea pot; Miss Florence Card, agate sauce pan; Mrs. Marshall Barnhardt, pair of hand embroidered towels; Miss Maggie Pritchett, pickle fork; Miss Leah Parks, fancy plate; Mrs. Samuel Barnhardt, set of dishes; Mrs. E. Rombough, pair of pillows; Mrs. A. Scrimshaw, gun metal tray and brush.

For Lice on Cattle.

Don't waste money on expensive and unsatisfactory Louse Powders. We are confident that we can give you something that will do the work without expense, trouble, or injury to the animal, at The Medical Hall—Fred L. Hooper.

MOSCOW.

People of this vicinity who harvest ice are very busy gathering it in at the present time.

Earl Martin, who has been stopping in Napanee for a couple of months, has returned home.

Quite a number from this place attended the funeral of the late Jno. Ewart, Yarker.

Mr. and Mrs. T. W. Lampkin are spending a week among friends and relatives in the vicinity of Morven, and attended the golden wedding anniversary of Mr. Lampkin's sister and husband, Mr. and Mrs. Jno. Garrison, Morven.

Miss Erma Valleeau, Catarqui, who was the guest of Mrs. Everton Van-Luven, for ten days, returned home.

Miss Louise Creighton, Hawley, visited her friend, Miss Marguerite Patterson.

Mr. and Mrs. H. N. Huffman have returned home from spending a few days with her sister, Mrs. J. H. Lucas, Odessa.

Mrs. Wm. Cairns, who has been confined to the house the past two weeks by illness is able to be out again.

Mrs. Robt. Asselstine entertained a few of her friends, on Tuesday, in honor of Miss Louise Creighton.

Mrs. H. A. Baker, is visiting her daughter, Mrs. J. F. Diamond, Tamworth.

W. R. Lake, who has clerked at Mr. Johnston's store the past year, has moved his family to Napanee, where he has secured a similar position.

The Ladies' Aid Society met, on Wednesday, of last week at the home of Mrs. W. A. Martin, and quilted off two large quilts, which when finished were presented to their pastor's wife, Mrs. Jas. Batstone, Yarker, who was present, and made a very appropriate reply. Lunch was served at the noon hour to upward of thirty and all retired to their homes at the close of the day feeling they had spent a pleasant and profitable time together. Quilting bees and visiting parties are all the rage here this winter.

**Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA**

wife, assaulting a man named Muro with a stone, and other charges of assault. Maracle is a middle-aged man.

INCREASED PREFERENCE.

The government has not yet disclosed its full hand with respect to the tariff changes. Ottawa advices say that if congress ratifies the reciprocal tariff, Sir Wilfrid Laurier will strengthen his position in the country by increasing the British preference to fifty per cent. The preference now gives the British manufacturer a cut of 31.13 per cent, on the tariff. Notwithstanding any reduction in favor of United States imports, British products will still have a paramount place in the Canadian tariff.

The death occurred at Collins Bay, on Friday evening, quite suddenly, of Mrs. Gilbert, wife of H. F. Gilbert, Mr. Gilbert recently returned from a trip to the west, and Mrs. Gilbert had been preparing to go out with him to the west, where they intended to make their home. Deceased's maiden name was Emerita Maxwell, and her parents live at Collins Bay. She was married eight years ago. There are no children.

BRISCO OPERA HOUSE,

February 17th

MONTE THOMPSON presents

"The Final Settlement"

A play of to day,
Special cast. Complete Scenic Production
Prices, 25c, 35c and 50c.
Seats on sale at Jessop's drug store.

SALE OF TENDER.

Market Tolls.

Sealed Tenders addressed to the undersigned and marked "Tenders for Market Tolls" will be received up to 12 o'clock noon, of

Monday, Feb. 20th, 1911

for the lease of the market tolls of the Town of Napanee, for the year ending one year from the date of the acceptance of the tender, pursuant to the by-law of said town on that behalf.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted

W. A. GRANGE.

Municipal Clerk, Town of Napanee.

Dated Feb. 9th, 1911.

9b

**CLOVER,
ALSIKE,**

—and—

TIMOTHY SEED

—ALSO—

**FARMER'S
DRIED APPLES**

—WANTED AT—

SYMINGTON'S.

for Harvey Gavin Wooster Miller and George Fraser Cliff, executors of the last will and testament of the said Hannah May a Fraser, deceased, on or before 15th DAY OF MARCH, A.D. 1911, their christian and surnames, addresses and descriptions, with full particulars of claims or demands duly verified, and the nature of the security, if any, held by them: And further take notice that after the said 15th day of March, A.D. 1911, the said executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said estate amongst the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims or demands of which they shall then have received notice, and will not be responsible for the said assets, or any part thereof, to any person or persons of whose claims or demands they have not received notice at the time of the distribution thereof.

HERRINGTON, WARNER & GRANGE,
Solicitors for the said executors.

Dated this 9th day of February, 1911 9d

ANNUAL MEETING.

The Annual Meeting of the Napanee Cemetery Company will be held in the Town Hall, Napanee, on

Friday, Feb. 17th, 1911,

at the hour of 2 o'clock in the afternoon

For the election of officers and general business.

F. W. SMITH,
President.

Your Eyes.

Imperfect vision corrected at Hooper's Drug Store.

Manager, Napanee Branch.

MERCHANTS' BANK OF CANADA.

ESTABLISHED 1864.

PAID UP CAPITAL AND RESERVE OVER
\$10,900,000.

UNDOUBTED SECURITY FOR DEPOSITORS

Savings Bank Department.

Deposits of \$1.00 and upwards received and interest at best current rate paid.
Farmers' Business Solicited and General Banking Business transacted.

Napanee Branch, W. A. BELLHOUSE, Mgr.

Yarker Branch, E. R. CHECKLEY, Mgr.

Madame Hughes Thomas' Royal Welsh Ladies' Choir, which appeared before Royalty, in Cardiff, July, 1907, at Queen's Hall, London; Colston Hall, Bristol; and leading provincial concerts; may be heard, under the auspices of the Napanee Ladies' Musical Club, in the Opera House, Monday evening, Feb. 13th. Admission 50 cents.

Northern - Crown - Bank

HEAD OFFICE - WINNIPEG

A general banking business transacted at all branches.

DIRECTORS:

President - - - - - Sir D. H. McMillan, K.C.M.G.
Vice President - - - - - Capt. Wm. Robinson
Jas. H. Ashdown H. T. Champion Frederick Nation
D. C. Cameron W. C. Leistikow Hon. R. P. Roblin

Branches in Eastern Canada.

ONTARIO	Florence	OTTAWA	TORONTO
Bath	Inglewood	Sparks St.	King St.
Bracebridge	Inwood	Rideau St.	Agnes St.
Brookville	Kingston	Wellington St.	Spadina Ave.
Burford	Mallorytown	Port Dover	Woodbridge
Comber	Napanee	Scotland	Woodstock
Enterprise	Odessa	Seeley's Bay	QUEBEC
			Aylmer
			Papineauville

Branches in Western Canada

ALBERTA	MANITOBA	SASKATCHEWAN
Calgary	Arden	Alameda
Edmonton	Beausejour	Allan
High River	Binscarth	Balcarres
Irreleona	Brandon	Bladworth
MoLeod	Crandall	Brook
Red Deer	Glenboro	Dubuc
	Isabella	Dundurn
	Melita	Daval
Ashcroft	Miniota	Earl Grey
Central Park	Pierson	Fierning
Eburne	Pipestone	Foam Lake
Lumby	Rathwell	Glen Ewen
New Westminster	St. Boniface	Govan
Peachland	Somerset	Hailey
Quessnel	Sperling	Harris
Steveston	Stonewall	Kidley
VANCOUVER	WINNIPEG	Langham
Hastings St.	Portage Ave.	Laura
Granville St.	and Fort St.	Lloydminster
Mount Pleasant	Portage and	Lockwood
Victoria	Sherbrooke	Macoun
	Main and	Manor
	Selkirk	Maymont
	William and	Moose Jaw
	Sherbrooke	Nokomis

OFFICERS OF THE BANK.

R. CAMPBELL.....General Manager
L. M. MCCARTHY.....Supt. Branches
V. F. CRONYN.....Supt. Eastern Branches
J. P. ROBERTS.....Supt. B. C. Branches

Savings Bank Department at Every Branch.

THE PROFESSIONAL BEGGARS

THEY EVADE THE LAW BY MANY SCHEMES.

Interesting Sidelights on This Curious Calling Discovered by Investigator.

There would seem to be no end to the wiles and subterfuges adopted by members of the ne'er-do-weel brigade to earn a living by any other means than work. Thus, a recent case brought before a well-known London (England) magistrate, in which a man, who called himself a match seller, was convicted for begging, brought forth the confession from him "that he only used the matches as a blind, and that for some two years past he had worked as a professional beggar, evading the law under the pretence of selling matches."

Cases of "professional unemployment" have been, regrettably frequent of late years, but the "professional beggar" working for an employer at a regular wage is a novelty which only those who have had actual experience of the strange callings carried on among a certain class in London have probably heard. A Tit-Bits man has recently been investigating this subject, and has discovered many interesting sidelights on this

CURIOUS CALLING.

"Received the sack?" the writer asked a match seller. "How can you be prevented from selling matches in the street unless you annoy passers-by?"

"You evidently don't know much about a beggar's job these days," was the reply. "For months past I and a lot of other street hawkers have not been working for ourselves. Bless you, gov'nor, why should we? There's too much risk about it for our linking, and though sometimes when business is good and money plentiful we might do better for ourselves, on the whole it pays far better to work for a regular wage, for 'the gov'nor,' who buys our stock, sends us out in the morning, checks our receipts at night, and gives us a regular wage of twelve shillings a week whatever we take, providing, of course, our takings aren't too small."

"Sometimes, of course, we don't take as much, but on the whole a street seller of matches, studs, bootlaces, etc., averages more than his wages, otherwise our gov'nors would soon turn us up. As it is, however, they make a profit, and we have got a certainty, so one of us ain't got no case to grumble at the other. On the whole, the gov'nor has done well out of me, but I pinched two bob of my takings for myself last week, and that gave him 'the needle,' so that I've got to find someone else to work for to-morrow."

"Yes, match-selling is a deal sight better than selling papers, except on big race days. All the feller or girl 'as to do is to look the part, dress in rags which appear to have been mended time after time, wear boots patched here and there, and

TELL THE TALE.

Ladies is our best customers—they'll listen and swallow more than the men; and many a time

of course, is not an easy question to answer, but it is safe to say that he receives well over a return of 100 per cent. on the wages he pays. Still, his employees no doubt feel that a certain wage suits them better than a very problematical uncertainty. The people who suffer most are those members of the kindly-disposed public who feel a genuine pang of sadness at the terrible stories that are pitched—stories very often made up and rehearsed beforehand—by apparently genuine match-sellers, flower girls, purveyors of studs and penny toys, etc., which, as a matter of fact, are only used as a blind. They'll sell them, of course, willingly; but begging is their real game. They keep abreast with the times, too, and suit their stories, whenever possible, to topical happenings, such as strikes, distress in various districts, and so on and so forth."

CAMERAS ARE BARRED.

Law or Superstition in Several Places Forbid Their Use.

In these days many people carry a camera exactly as they would a handkerchief or an umbrella, and in the country they are usually free to do so. Almost the only places where cameras are refused admission are dockyards, both public and private; forts, and of course prisons, says Pearson's Weekly.

Abroad the tourist must be very careful indeed about snapshotting right and left. Germany three years ago passed a special bill through the Reichstag dealing with this matter and imposing heavy penalties upon those who infringe the regulations.

Damages to the amount of \$1,500, with a fine of \$250 or two months' imprisonment, will henceforth be the fate of anyone who snapshots a private person, a work of art or the interior of a private building and circulates or publishes the picture without permission.

Persons in the public eye, such as members of the royal family, statesmen, actors and well known divines, are excepted, and so too are public buildings and works of art in public galleries.

It need hardly be said that it is risky in the extreme to attempt to take pictures of any fort or warships belonging to foreign countries. Even to carry a camera when within the lines of a fortified town exposes the owner to the risk of arrest.

In Portugal the authorities are curiously suspicious. A gentleman recently wrote to a London paper saying that he was pulled for snapshotting the Royal Palace at Cintra. It is possible, however, that under the new Portuguese regime the palaces will no longer be held so sacred.

In Italy the camera of the tourist is made a means of providing revenue for that somewhat impoverished country. If you carry your camera when on a visit to Pompeii or others of the recently excavated ruins, you may take as many photographs as you please, but you are forced to pay a small fee for each plate exposed. There are many parts of the world where the use of a camera may not be actually illegal but yet is excessively dangerous.

MOST REMARKABLE STORY

WOMAN MOTHERED A LITTLE BLACK BEAR.

Sequel to a Story of the Canadian Woods Told to Camp Fire Club.

One of the oddest stories that ever came out of the north woods was told for a second time, after a lapse of many years, at the annual dinner of the Camp Fire Club of America at the Hotel Astor, New York, recently. Five years ago William Lyman Underwood, of Boston, told the story for the first time at a Camp Fire dinner. The other day he told what may be called the sequel to the story, backing it up with a series of very remarkable photographs.

The story concerns a woman and a bear cub. The woman in the case is still in the Canadian woods, and the bear is living a life of ease and luxury in Boston. It was by request that Mr. Underwood consented to tell the story, and show the pictures again. Ottomar H. Van Norden, who was the toastmaster, in introducing Mr. Underwood, called the story the most wonderful that ever originated in the snowy north:

FOUND THE WOMAN.

"Several years ago," said Mr. Underwood, "I was in a little settlement in New Brunswick, and while there I was told that in a lumber camp, about twenty miles away, there was a woman who was nursing a bear cub. The story was so remarkable as to be almost unbelievable but I decided, nevertheless, to go into that lumber camp and investigate for myself. So early one morning I started for the camp, reaching it shortly before nightfall. It was the typical lumber camp of the north. In one of the little log cabins I found the woman with her own three children, all under five years; two others that she had adopted, and the little black cub. One of the children was a nursing infant."

"She was the only woman in the camp, and was the wife of the cook, a big, good-natured fellow. A good cook, as you all know, is a treasure in a lumber camp, and so when this one insisted on bringing his wife and little ones into the woods with him, the owners had no alternative but to grant his request, or else try to get another cook. So they built a little cabin for our friends, and he and his family moved in. And now comes the bear."

THE CUB BROUGHT OUT.

"The lumbermen found the den a few hundred yards distant from the camp. They yanked the mother bear out, not knowing at the time that there was a twelve-ounce cub within the cave. It would have made no difference, however, whether they knew it or not; the old bear would have been killed just the same, for the lumbermen needed that meat, and they wanted the pelt. After the mother bear was killed the cub was brought out. It was a poor little fuzzy thing, weighing not more than a pound. When the men returned to the camp one of them brought with him the cub and dropped it in the snow

THE MODERN MAN-OF-WAR

UNDER-GARMENTS OF THE NEWEST BATTLESHIPS.

The Interior Coating Is Produced Chiefly From Cocoanuts.

Battleships wear coats of stout armor plate, as everybody knows, but everybody does not know that they wear undergarments which is produced chiefly from cocoanuts, says Pearson's Weekly. Your most powerful man-of-war is really a very delicate object, and requires special underclothing so that some vital parts of his anatomy may not become too cold, and so that other equally vital portions may not become too hot.

From stem to stern, which is another way of saying, from head to toe, your enormous super-Dreadnought is enveloped in an undergarment placed immediately behind its topcoat of armor plate. This is its especial mackintosh, or rather waterproof, which acts as a protection from fire as well as water.

In the ordinary way, if a shot pierced the side of a battleship, water would pour in at the hole, and possibly the ship might sink, but this is obviated by providing a backing to the armor. Great secrecy is kept in the various navies regarding the material used, and its arrangement.

"JACKETS" FOR THE BOILERS.

In many of the latest battleships, however, the coating is made of cellulose, which again is obtained from the fibrous cocoanut. And cellulose possesses the peculiar property of swelling immediately it comes into contact with salt water. Therefore the moment the water pours in at a hole in the ship's side, the cellulose almost instantly expands, and so closes the aperture. Of course the cellulose is especially treated in order to render it fireproof.

A man-of-war has its vitality enormously diminished if certain portions of it become too cold, and in much the same way as its human tenants. Accordingly, the boilers and steam pipes are clothed with "jackets." In some cases the jackets are made of ordinary blanketing, in others of a fibrous clay-like composition, or even of close-grained wood. In general, the material used for a ship's underclothing of this description consists of mineral wool, however.

The great ship is more likely to suffer from the effects of heat than those of cold. There is always the danger, owing to the newer type of machinery employed, that the powder magazines may get too hot.

In the latest men-of-war the stores are surrounded by a thick coating of mineral wool. Mineral wool, by the way, has nothing whatever to do with wool, as it consists of a mass of snowy threads of a kind of glass. It is made by blowing jets of high-pressure steam through the streams of liquid slag which flow from the furnaces in the manufacture of iron and steel.

AMMUNITION ROOMS COOL.

Enormous quantities of this strange variety of wool are used on

or girl as to do to look to the part, dress in rags which appear to have been mended time after time, wear boots patched here and there, and

TELL THE TALE.

Ladies is our best customers—they'll listen and swallow more than the men; and many a time have I got a bob for nothing, trying to sell a pair of bootlaces to a lady that hasn't had no use for laces, but has just listened to the yarn I've pitched her about me 'ome having been sold up, and father being in quod, and mother out of work. No; the games all right, and a feller can do well on twelve bob a week certain. I used to work on me own account, but sometimes ran short, and couldn't buy my stock, so I joined 'the gang,' and worked for the guv'nor instead. He gets his stock cheaper than we do, 'cos he buys stuff for forty or fifty of us at the same time."

"One of the most important details we have to remember in our trade," another man of seemingly good education remarked to the writer, "is to make up well. The man I've been working for—no, I wouldn't tell his name for a handful of quids—for nearly four months now, believes in what we call 'freaks'—that is to say, he will always employ a cripple, or somebody with some defect in his build, in preference to a physically sound man or woman. Cripples do better than any of us, though, of course, the blind man is a prime favorite with sympathetic passers by in the street. But then, the blind man always is blind—it's too risky for any beggar to pretend to be blind if he's not—so that

HE DESERVES ALL HE GETS.

"Working for someone else instead of on our own hook, has another great advantage. Thus, all of us, men and women alike, are able to keep our clothes better, because the old stuff we wear in the street belongs to the guv'nor. Its got up fine for the game—all holes, and rags and dirt, and it looks worse than it is. We couldn't afford to work for the wages we do if we had to wear our own clothes, for in bad weather they would be done in no time, for it's when the rain is coming down in torrents that the public more often takes pity on us than at other times. Drawbacks to the game? Well, it isn't the long hours. From early morning to late at night is no fun, but we get our hours off same as other business people."

"The curious thing about these professional beggars is their loyalty to their employers," an ex-official of Scotland Yard told the representative of Tit-bits. "Time after time both men and women have been convicted for begging, and though we have the best of reasons for knowing that they have not been doing so on their own account—that is to say, they have been

WORKING FOR OTHERS

on a regular wage—yet never once have they given the boss' away. The reason for this probably is that they feel if they did they would never be able to get employment again, and some of them are so imprudent that they spend their earnings at once, with no thought for the stock that they will have to buy later on.

"What sort of profit does an employer of beggars make? That,

pen or others of the recently excavated ruins, you may take as many photographs as you please, but you are forced to pay a small fee for each plate exposed. There are many parts of the world where the use of a camera may not be actually illegal but yet is excessively dangerous.

The Chinese have a horror of being pictured. They have the idea that the possession of the photograph of any individual gives the possessor some form of mystic power over that person.

Many savage tribes in Africa have a similar belief and natives placed before the camera will hide their faces with their hands.

The same superstition holds good even in some parts of Europe. In January, 1907, a Montenegrin priest was driven out to sea in a small boat and eventually wrecked off Caltaro.

Some ill-disposed persons spread the report that he had taken a photograph of his daughter and her husband in church after their marriage. This was considered sacrilege and the unfortunate was refused sanctuary, and in consequence very nearly died of hunger and exposure.

GOLD IN SCOTLAND.

Believed That it Can Be Mined in Paying Quantities.

One scarcely thinks of Scotland as an Eldorado or a Klondike, yet it is a matter of pride, with the poorer Scots especially, that in its river beds Scotland has real gold, which in the days of Macbeth and the early kings was worked into crowns and coins, jewelry and the like. For centuries the ancient deposits have been nothing more than a tradition. From time to time gold seekers have dug pits and channels in the river banks to the annoyance of huntsmen, but nothing worth while had been discovered until recently. In the last days of the Scottish kings gold mining in the Leadhill district of Lanarkshire was said to have been quite an industry, and certain coins of that period were struck from native gold. The immediate supply probably worked out and the workings were abandoned.

A few years ago gold was discovered in workable deposits in Argyll. But when a few grains were recovered it was noted that the expense made further mining impossible, so it was abandoned. At Kildonan, where gold is said to be deposited in considerable quantity, operations have always been forbidden. Now it is reported that the Duke of Sutherland is about to permit mining on his estates at Kildonan, and experts believe that with improved apparatus the gold can be taken out profitably.

A friend met a cheerful Irish citizen who had plainly suffered some hard knocks. "Well, Pat, how are you getting along now?" he inquired. "Oh, Oi'm hard up yet; but Oi have a fine job in Honnolulee, and fare paid. Oi sail to-morrow." "Sure, man, you'll never be able to work there. The temperature is a hundred in the shade." Pat had endured too much cheerfully to be discouraged. "Well," he replied, hopefully, "Oi'll not be worrukin' in th' shade all th' toime."

just the same, for the lumbermen needed that meat, and they wanted the pelt. After the mother bear was killed the cub was brought out. It was a poor little fuzzy thing, weighing not more than a pound. When the men returned to the camp one of them brought with him the cub and dropped it in the snow in front of the kitchen. The little chap was helpless, and there was not a drop of milk in the camp. There never is in the north woods.

"The cook's wife came out of her cabin and saw the cub there waiting for death. It was such a soft, fuzzy thing and so helpless that she picked it up tenderly. She knew there was no milk in that camp, and her motherly instinct told her that if the cub was to live the nourishment could come from but one source. 'Poor little thing,' she said; 'I am not going to let him die. He shall share with my baby.'"

A WONDERFUL PICTURE.

Here Mr. Underwood threw on the screen a wonderful picture. It was that of a kindly-faced woman. In her arms was a baby girl and a tiny bear cub. Both were nursing. Other pictures showed the cub a few weeks later, then a rollicking happy little bear. In the second picture he was eating jam. In another picture the bear was kissing the baby girl. Mr. Underwood added that it shared the crib with the baby when the night got cold.

The cub grew rapidly, and one day it scratched the face of the baby, and the woman realized that the time was at hand for the bear to get a new home, and so Mr. Underwood bought him and took him to his home near Boston.

"In the winter of that year, which was when I told this story to you the first time," Mr. Underwood added, "you will remember that you took up a collection, and I sent the money to that family up there in the woods. It will interest you to know that adversity had overtaken them at that time, the father had injured his foot, and was unable to work, and the two adopted children had been entrusted to others. With the money you raised medicine was provided for the man, and warm clothes for the children, and the adopted little ones returned to them."

BEAR WEIGHED 400 POUNDS.

But the man never recovered, and he recently came to Boston and had his leg amputated. When he arrived Mr. Underwood took him to the place where the bear, now a 400 pounder, was.

"I know him, but he don't know me," the woodsman said to Mr. Underwood, and then, turning to his friend, he exclaimed: "My, Mr. Underwood, but wasn't that a great thing? Just think what our kindness to that little cub has meant to us."

Another picture was that of a neatly dressed pretty little girl. It was that of the foster-sister of the cub.

"And when her mother asked me to name the little girl," said Mr. Underwood, "I thought for a moment, and then I christened her Ursula."—New York Times.

Young Man—"Do you think your sister would be sorry to marry and leave you?" The Terror—"Oh, yes. She said she would have been married long ago if it hadn't been for me."

kind of glass. It is made by blowing jets of high-pressure steam through the streams of liquid slag which flow from the furnaces in the manufacture of iron and steel.

AMMUNITION ROOMS COOL.

Enormous quantities of this strange variety of wool are used on board for the purposes of underclothing the bulkheads and the more delicate portions of the ship's body. This invaluable substance acts equally well as a protector from heat and from cold. It is such a remarkable non-conductor of heat that it is used for covering the refrigerators and the cold-storage chambers, and therefore the explosive stores.

In the dockyards all the men who are employed in packing the mineral wool in the spaces on the ships are obliged to wear masks. This is to prevent the sharp, needle-like particles from being inhaled and so causing chest troubles of a fatal character. It is a very different substance from the fleecy material obtained from sheep.

The ammunition rooms themselves are kept cool by a refrigerating plant in addition to being clothed in mineral wool, the same applying to the ammunition passages. The wool is also packed between the double bulkheads which separate the boiler spaces from the other portions of the vessel. Altogether the uses of mineral wool on board are extremely numerous.

Even reindeer hair is to be met with on board in the capacity of a particular sort of underclothing. This material is very light, considerably lighter than cork, for instance, and is not so subject to decay. For this reason, amongst its many uses it is of great value as a filling for the lifebuoy.

There are many other strange materials used on board for the purpose of providing a protection to delicate portions of the vessel's anatomy. Still, these are of minor importance compared with the materials mentioned, though they range from indiarubber to solid slate.

TEMPLE BAR.

Interesting History of a London Structure.

There is some talk about bringing Temple Bar back to London. It was removed from Fleet street rather more than 30 years ago, and re-erected at Theobald's Park, the residence of the late Lady Meux. The only city gateway was rebuilt by Sir Christopher Wren in 1670-'02, after the fire. Its predecessor was "a house of timber, erected across the street, with a narrow gateway and an entry on the south side of it under the house." That structure had stood for two and a half centuries before Wren put up the stone gate known to our day. It stood, of course, at the city boundary, which, before the "house of timber" was built, was marked by posts, rails, and chains. Temple Bar had to go because it was an obstruction. It has had an interesting history, though, as was said about it, it "represents little else, but a gibbet." It has been suggested that it should be brought back to London and re-erected at the south end of Middle Temple Lane.

WAR A DANGEROUS EMPLOYMENT

THE HANDLING HIGH EXPLOSIVES IS RISKY BUSINESS.

Hudson Maxim Tells of Many Accidents and Several Narrow Escapes.

"It is practically impossible," writes Hudson Maxim in Adventure, "to make the ordinary laboring man appreciate the necessity of care in the safe handling of explosives, and the life of the careful man is always endangered by the actions of the careless one."

"After I had sold the works at Maxima and had invented motorite I needed a place to make the material and hired a branch of the works there for that purpose. It was winter. My wife had accompanied me as a precautionary measure. She was sitting in the laboratory to keep warm, near a big barrel stove charged with bituminous coal.

"On entering the laboratory for something my wife asked me what was in those two tin pails sitting near the stove. She said that she had a suspicion it might be nitroglycerine, and she informed me that one of my men had just been in stirring the fire and that the sparks flew out in all directions, some of them lighting in the buckets, to be quenched on the top of the oily liquid.

"Horrors!" I said. "It is nitroglycerine!"

"I called the man who had placed it there and told him to take it away. As it was necessary to keep the material from freezing he took it into the boiler house near by. A little later on going into the boiler house I saw one of the men stirring the fire while the other was standing with his coat tails outstretched in either hand

FORMING A SHIELD

to keep the sparks from flying into the nitroglycerine.

"In the manufacture of high explosives and in experimenting with them a little absent-mindedness, a very slight lack of exact caution, a seemingly insignificant in advertence for a moment may cost one a limb or his life. The accident that cost me my left hand is a case in point.

"On the day preceding that accident I had a gold cap put on a tooth. In consequence the tooth ached throughout the night and kept me awake a greater part of the time. In the morning I rose early and went down to my factory at Maxima, N.J. In order to test the dryness of some fulminate compound I took a little piece of it, about the size of an English penny, broke off a small particle, placed it on a stand outside the laboratory and, lighting a match, touched it off.

"Owing to my loss of sleep the night before my mind was not so alert as usual, and I forgot to lay aside the remaining piece of fulminate compound, but instead held it in my left hand. A spark from the ignited piece of fulminate compound entered my left hand between my fingers, igniting the piece there, with the result that my hand was blown off to the wrist.

THE DYNAMITE EXPLODED

and the dog—well, the dog was holding the stick in his mouth when it went off.

"A works foreman of mine, who had been employed as assistant superintendent in another dynamite factory, told me the following story: He one day intercepted an Irish laborer, who was taking a barrel, which had been used for settling nitroglycerine, down to the soda dry house with the intention of filling it with hot nitrate of soda from the drying pans.

"The foreman scolded Pat roundly and told him that, should he do such a reckless thing again, he would be instantly discharged. The foreman then went to the superintendent's office and reported the matter. Pat waited for the foreman to disappear, then proceeded to the dry house with the third barrel and began to fill it with the hot nitrate of soda.

"Over in the superintendent's office the foreman had just completed his narration when there was a thunderous report and a crash of glass. Then Pat's booted foot landed on the office floor between them. The superintendent drily remarked: 'Calm your agitation—Pat is already discharged!'"

DASHES FOR GOLD MINES

WHEN MEN PICK UP THEIR PICKS AND RUSH.

Clerks Have Suddenly Dropped Their Pens and Restaurant Waiters Their Napkins.

In the course of the gold rush in Australia in 1851 there were many curious incidents, due to the general feverish dash to the new gold-fields. Ships at Australian ports were held up for weeks, many of them for months, owing to the desertion of the crews. Prudent captains forbade all shore leave. But even that precaution did not always answer. One captain was so irritated at finding that, though the officer of the watch always carried a rifle, every dark night lost him a man or two, that he announced that he would clap the whole crew in irons if another man of them went. The crew solved the problem by getting the cook to drug the officer's coffee, and swimming off in a body, with the aid of a few spare spars!

In the rush to California, in 1849, there was an equally sensational stampede. At least two clergymen dropped their work, without a day's notice to their congregations, and headed for the great new gold-fields on the Rocky Mountains. Those who were in at the beginning of this great gold rush were called "forty-niners." The father of "Clementine" seems to have been one of these pioneers. Till within a few years ago, the survivors of the '49 rush met annually and had dinner together; but there are scarcely half a dozen of them left now.

"QUARTZ" AND "PLACER"

It was in the '49 rush that a lady who was daring enough to spend her honeymoon in one of the mining

was related with gusto that one man, who possessed an inordinately fine crop of whiskers, had been working like a Nubian slave in his drift throughout the winter, and—as is the custom in mining camps—had neither washed nor shaved. When spring came round he cut off his whiskers, preparatory to shaving his face clean. His partner secured the crop of hair, washed it out in his gold-pan, and collected \$27 as the result!

THE ALASKAN FIASCO.

During the Klondyke rush most of the American newspapers tried to divert part of the stream of prospectors and capital into Alaska by calling the boom the Alaska Gold Boom. For America has hitherto found Alaska—which she bought from Russia for \$7,500,000 rather a white elephant. Klondyke, however, is a good 200 miles on the Canadian side of the border. Bitter Creek, on the other hand, is within only thirty miles of American territory.—Pearson's Weekly.

THE ANDALUSIAN PLAINS.

Remind the Traveller of the Western Prairies.

To traverse the great plains of Andalusia is not only to travel through an exceedingly interesting and characteristic part of Spain but to receive an impression, at least from a distance, of the Western prairies as they formerly were. For miles and miles on either side of the Guadalquivir (which, for all its romantic name, is a very muddy stream) the country stretches away into a faint blue haze of distant hills, with the foreground and middle distance full of herds of horses, mules and cattle, feeding slowly or lying at ease in the long grass and low gorse-like scrub.

The wide and lengthy tracts of grass country, the immense herds and the mounted cowboys combine, says the Wide World, to present an aspect which seems to belong much more to America than to Europe. On closer inspection of course this illusion is dispelled.

For example the horses instead of having ordinary foals at foot have mule foals, and interspersed among the horses and cattle are herds of mules, with occasionally a few donkeys. Moreover, near the alquerias or farms will be seen droves of pigs of a dull red color, flocks of goats, and in some places merino sheep.

Spain, especially on these plains, is a country of magnificent sunsets. Words fail absolutely to describe the glories of the evening sky. Silent and statuesque against the distant glow one sees silhouetted perhaps a mounted herdsman—a brooding figure, motionless and grim—on a river's bank a black bull standing dark against the roseate sky.

Again in the moonlight one may descrie the faint and dusky forms of feeding cattle, the moonlight now and again catching on a gleaming horn. The silence, broken by the faint lowing of distant kine or the weird cry of some night bird, gives an enhanced beauty to a wonderful scene, not easily forgotten.

STUDY OF AIR CURRENTS.

NEWS FROM THE FAR WEST

WHAT THE HUSTLING PEOPLE OUT THERE ARE DOING.

Progress of the Provinces and Towns Told in Paragraph Form.

A training ship is proposed for Vancouver boys.

A wireless station is to be built on the mountain near Colville.

Many sheep perished during the recent cold snap in Alberta.

Coal is \$10.50 a ton in Winnipeg but ice is a drug on the market.

Lethbridge, Alta., is taking up the question of providing a public library.

Saskatchewan is to have an Anglican Cathedral, place not yet decided upon.

Everything points to a building boom of enormous proportions in Calgary.

Creston, B.C., boy, shot a cougar weighing 100 pounds two miles from the town.

A. R. Johnston, who recently died in Nanaimo, had lived over 90 years in the province.

The payroll of the Crow's Nest Pass Coal Company for December amounted to \$196,000.

In Barkerville beef is 20 cents a pound, oats 8 cents, potatoes 13 cents, and mutton 25 cents.

Alberta is the first of the western provinces to inaugurate a system of demonstration farms.

In Calgary the month of January has witnessed a trade far surpassing anything in previous years.

Twenty miles of steel on the Kettle Valley, B.C., railway line will be laid by the end of the month.

No fewer than 130 licensed real estate agents are doing business in Calgary at the present time.

The population of Calgary is estimated at 50,000, and it is increasing at the rate of from 12,000 to 15,000 a year.

A sum of \$48,617,132 was spent on buildings in twelve of the towns and cities of Alberta and Saskatchewan last year.

New animal houses and refreshment pavilion bandstand are to be built in Stanley Park, Vancouver, at a cost of \$15,000.

Real estate taxes in New Westminster during 1910 amounted to \$145,476.60, as compared with \$101,023.68 the previous year.

Over 250 membership applications were made to the Lethbridge Y. M. C. A. when the new building had been opened only a week.

The Canadian Northern has entered into a contract with the Government this year to supply domestic servants to the prairie provinces.

It is understood that the C. N. R. will make the North Battleford district, Sask., one of the principal fields for the company's new colonization campaign.

Of the 300 men of foreign birth who took out their naturalization papers at the local office in Lethbridge during the past six months, over 250 were Americans.

The Province of British Columbia has a surplus of nearly \$3,000,000 in the treasury. This session the appropriations for public works

it in my left hand. A spark from the ignited piece of fulminate compound entered my left hand between my fingers, igniting the piece there, with the result that my hand was blown off to the wrist.

"Once when entering my storage magazine at Maxim, in which were several carloads of dynamite along with 37,000 pounds of nitrogelatin, I saw John Bender, one of my employees, calmly but emphatically opening a case of dynamite with

A HAMMER AND CHISEL.

I promptly discharged him.

"Not long afterward the innkeeper at Farmingdale called on me to buy some dynamite and said he had engaged Bender to blow the stumps out of his meadow lot. I told him Bender was courting death for himself and everybody around when handling dynamite. But Boniface still wanted Bender to do the work.

"Well," said I, "the dynamite you want is 16 cents a pound, but if John Bender does not succeed in blowing himself up and killing himself with the dynamite you can have it for nothing. On the other hand if he does blow himself up you must pay for the dynamite."

"A few days later there was some hitch in Bender's exceptional luck. A particularly refractory old stump had resisted a couple of Bender's dynamic attacks. The failure to dislodge the stump Bender took as a personal affront because it reflected upon his skill as a stump blaster.

"Next time," said he, "something is going to happen." He placed about twenty pounds of dynamite under the deeply rooted veteran, touched it off and several things happened in very quick succession. The huge stump let go its hold on earth and proceeded to hunt Bender.

"It was a level race, but the stump won. Striking Bender on the north quarter,

IT STOVE IN FOUR RIBS,

dislocated several joints and damaged him in several other respects and particulars. Boniface came to settle for the dynamite.

"Sixteen cents a pound," I said. "Bender hasn't a chance in a hundred. Wait all the doctors are through with him."

"What do you say to a compromise," suggested Boniface, "of eight cents a pound? For really I do not believe that Bender is more than half dead." And the account was settled on that basis.

"Another employee named Kruger had a dog which was well trained to fetch anything that his master threw for him. One day Kruger took some sticks of dynamite and went to a neighboring stream with the intention of dynamiting some fish. He attached fuse and exploder to a stick of the explosive and threw it toward the stream, but the dynamite landed on a rock.

"The faithful dog thinking that the stick had been thrown for him to bring, ran and returned with it to his master in great glee, with the fuse sizzling nearer and nearer to the explosive. Kruger ran in horror, the dog deeming it great sport, after him.

"The dog being the better runner, danced about his master. Finding it impossible to escape the animal by running, Kruger climbed a tree with all the alacrity he could muster, and had just reached a vantage of safety when

"QUARTZ" AND "PLACER"

It was in the '49 rush that a lady who was daring enough to spend her honeymoon in one of the mining camps made nearly \$6,000 in a few days by poking with her walking stick in the heaps of "dump," or soil that the miners had already examined and thrown away.

It should be explained that gold may be found in two ways. There are "quartz gold" and "placer" gold. A discovery of quartz gold is of little interest to the penniless adventurer, and never causes a serious rush, for the simple reason that, to extract the particles of gold from the quartz in which it is embedded, very expensive machines are needed—called "stamps." "Placer" gold, however, is gold, either in the form of nuggets or dust, lying loose in the soil. If the "pay dirt" is put in a pan, and running water passed over it, the soil is washed away, and the heavy gold sinks to the bottom, and lies there. So that all the adventurer needs to make his fortune is a spade and a tin basin.

In the gigantic Klondyke rush of 1897 more than one of the first-comers succeeded in getting over \$250 worth of gold from a single basinful—or "pan."

One of the most striking points about the Klondyke rush was the way it showed up the fine quality of the famous North-Western Police. They stuck to their duty at a dollar a day, in a place where any handy man's services readily fetched \$15 to \$25 a day.

Another curious point was that some of the biggest fortunes were made by men who never touched a spade or a pan. They were men who had the foresight to take stores of food. The Klondyke was, in those days, almost as hard to reach as the North Pole, and the man who struggled into Dawson City with a case of eggs, after months of nerve-and-muscle-racking travel, found that he could easily dispose of them at 75 cents each. Bottles of beer readily fetched \$1.50; while cheese was thought cheap at \$2.50 per lb. These amazing prices are probably the highest ever reached anywhere.

This may seem very much like extortion pure and simple; but scarcity was also, of course, a great factor. At one time in Dawson City everybody had more money than he knew what to do with. Poverty, and even scarcity of money, was unknown; the only thing that was scarce was food. One man had more than a flour-barrel full of gold-dust, and would willingly have paid half of it for a square meal.

THE MOCKERY OF RICHES.

Things reached such a pitch that men never knew where they would get their next feed; and, with fabulous stores of wealth, they could only sit down in their claims with empty stomachs, and wait patiently for a steamer to come up with food, and take them out again. The utter mockery of riches has never been more forcibly illustrated!

Hard drinking and harder gaming are the miner's chief amusements; while tall stories are just as prevalent in the camp itself as immediately the first news of a great discovery of gold rushes into the cities. A good example—which is given for what it is worth—occurred during the Klondyke frenzy. It

scene, not easily forgotten.

STUDY OF AIR CURRENTS.

Tides in the Atmosphere Similar to Those on the Sea.

Until men began to navigate the air and study its currents and movements little attention was paid to the conditions of the upper atmosphere, and such matters as atmospheric tides and top currents completely encircling the earth were of seemingly little interest.

Since men have flown, and especially since men have flown and fallen, we have heard a great deal in a vague way of air currents. Recently Lawrence Hodges, in a paper before an English scientific body, gave some unique facts about air tides which are not generally known.

The moon, we know, causes the marine tides by its attraction. It draws the water on the surface of the earth toward it in a hump on the side that is exposed to the lunar influence, and draws the earth itself away from the water on the opposite side, leaving a corresponding hump of water.

The air, it seems, is affected in the same way. The layer of atmosphere about the earth rises, falls and flows more freely than water, because it is lighter, so the tide comes more quickly in the air at a given spot than the marine tide.

The rise and fall, however, means just as much to the navigator of the air as the tide in the sea does to the sailor, and has to be accounted for. The most remarkable current, however, is one constant stream in the atmosphere running from west to east completely round the earth in the upper atmosphere.

This was first brought to public attention when the volcano Krakatoa blew a cubic mile of matter into the upper atmosphere in the '80s. The lighter particles were seen to make a complete circuit of the earth seven times in this circumglobular current before they finally disappeared.

A FAIRLY WET WORLD.

The Pacific Ocean covers 68,000,000 miles, the Atlantic 30,000,000 and the Indian, Arctic and Antarctic 42,000,000. To stow away the contents of the Pacific it would be necessary to fill a tank one mile long, one mile wide and one mile deep every day for 440 years. Put in figures the Pacific holds in weight 948,000,000,000,000,000 tons. The Atlantic averages in depth of not quite a depth of three miles. Its water weighs 325,000,000,000,000,000 tons, and a tank to contain it would have each of its sides 430 miles long. The figures of the other oceans are in the same startling proportions. It would take all the sea water in the world 2,000,000 years to flow over Niagara.

Pat was the servant of a farmer, and in his charge was a donkey, which was kept to amuse his employer's children. The donkey was following the farmer's wife round the yard one day, and the farmer turned to Pat, and said:—"I think that donkey is taking a liking to my wife." "Ach!" said Pat, "sure, an it's not the first donkey took a liking to her, sir."

over 250 were Americans.

The Province of British Columbia has a surplus of nearly \$3,000,000 in the treasury. This session the appropriations for public works will be over \$6,000,000.

With Saskatchewan placing such a measure on its statute book, all four Western Canadian provinces have now recognized the principle of compensation for injured workmen.

At an expense of \$7,000 the Government has blown out the rocks in the Fort George canyon of the Fraser River and the main channel is now navigable at any time for steamers.

The recent unprecedented severe winter weather on the southern portion of Vancouver Island has caused a stoppage of the work in progress at the power plant undertaking of the B. C. Electric Railway Company at Jordan river.

Calgary has passed a new agreement with its natural gas company, which proposes to pipe its supply in from Bow Island, a distance of 120 miles. It has agreed to furnish gas for light at 35 cents per thousand feet and 20 cents for power.

FIRST PORT OF THE WORLD.

\$70,000,000 to be Expended on the Port of London.

The London (England) port authorities propose to spend more than \$70,000,000 in improving the dock and harbor facilities of the Thames estuary, with the view to making London in reality as well as in name the first port of the world. Experts have been studying the subject for fifteen months and they have now issued a report containing recommendations. The scheme is a far-reaching one, but is in no wise more elaborate than necessary to prevent London from succumbing to the competition of other British and foreign ports. It includes the dredging of the river channel from Tilbury to London Bridge, the part used by the large vessels being widened to 1,000 feet and deepened to thirty feet. Half a million pounds sterling has already been expended in a dredging plant. Other striking features of the scheme are the construction of three new docks at Tilbury of 65, 126 and 138 acres, respectively, to accommodate the largest vessels afloat or projected, which will be "capable of dealing with any possible growth in the size of vessels for very many years to come."

The existing docks will be enlarged and deepened and the entrances widened. There is also a plan of railway extension to bring the docks within easy communication with all parts of England.

The construction of a passenger landing stage similar to the Princess landing stage at Liverpool is contemplated. It is intended to follow the present scheme with another programme of extension, the scope of which will depend on the development of the shipping business after the present improvements, which will take twenty years to accomplish, are completed.

Little Girl—"I've got a father, and a muver, and a grandfather." Old Gent—"And how old is your grandfather?" Little Girl—"I don't know; but we've had him a long time."

"For Tea You Can't Beat Lipton's"

A Lady Writes: "Why Didn't You
Tell Us Before How Delicious It Is?"

LIPTON'S TEA

Sold Only in Airtight Packages.

TERRIBLE RAILWAY WRECK

**Five Trainmen and One Passenger Killed
on G. T. R. Buffalo and Goderich Line.**

A despatch from Brantford says: The lives of six men, including five trainmen and one passenger, were lost and several injured in a terrible catastrophe on the Buffalo and Goderich line of the Grand Trunk Railway, which happened at 1.20 Saturday night, three and a half miles west of Paris, and midway between Paris and Drumbo. The catastrophe was the result of a head-on collision between the westbound passenger train, running from Buffalo to Stratford, and a mogul engine in charge of Engineer Robert Errett of Sarnia, running light from Stratford to Fort Erie. Following in the wake of the collision came a terrible, devastating fire, which incinerated the bodies of a couple of the victims, and made an easy prey of the three splintered coaches of the train. The fire left nothing but the bare trucks and wheels, and a mass of twisted iron and charred ruin.

THE VICTIMS.

The dead are: A. Turner, engineer, Stratford; leaves wife and grown up family. J. D. Smith, fireman, Stratford; leaves a wife and family. Peter McFarland, baggageman, Goderich; married, no children. John Whitelaw, express messenger, Goderich, formerly of Whitby; wife suffering from shock. William Tye, mail clerk, Goderich; leaves wife and grown up family. D. J. Crozier, passenger, Drumbo. The list of injured includes the following: W. J. May, mail clerk, Hamilton, severely scalded; W. T. Henderson, city solicitor, Brantford, back injured; William McIn-

tosh, customs clerk, Brantford, back injured; George Hunt, Brantford, shaken up; Robert Errett, engineer, minor bruises and sprains.

WAS 17 MINUTES LATE.

The ill-fated train left Brantford 17 minutes late, and was running in charge of Conductor Ausbrook, with full right of way. None of the crew were aware of the approaching engine, which, it is understood, had running orders to its destination and "to avoid regulars." The engine should have stopped at Drumbo, but instead, proceeded on to Paris, colliding halfway with the passenger train. Had the latter been on time the two would have met at Drumbo. Whether the crew of the engine had forgotten about the passenger train, or whether orders were mistaken, is a matter which could not be learned out of the usual railway reticence.

BAGGAGE CAR TELESKOPE.

When the crash occurred the passenger train was travelling at about 35 miles an hour, according to the Brantford passengers. The engine must have been going much faster, as it struck with such impact that the baggage car was completely telescoped, and the mail end of the smoking car driven in, where the passengers were buried in flying splinters and glass.

Darkness immediately enveloped the train and its struggling occupants, the excitement and confusion being greatly enhanced by the fire, which rapidly spread from the old coal oil lamps in use on the train.

DEATH LIST WILL BE MILLION

**From the Famine and Pestilence in China
Before Spring Arrives**

A despatch from Nanking, China, Murder is now adding to the

PRICES OF FARM PRODUCTS

REPORTS FROM THE LEADING
TRADE CENTRES OF
AMERICA.

Prices of Cattle, Grain, Cheese
and Other Produce at Home
and Abroad.

BREADSTUFFS.

Toronto, Feb. 7.—Flour—Winter wheat 90 per cent. patents, \$3.55 at seaboard. Manitoba flours—First patents, \$5.40; second patents, \$4.90, and strong bakers', \$4.70, on track, Toronto.

Manitoba Wheat—No. 1 Northern \$1.01½, Bay ports; No. 2 Northern, 99c, Bay ports, and No. 3 at 98½c. Bay ports, with Winter storage at Goderich 1c extra.

Ontario Wheat—No. 2 white, 56c, and No. 2 red and mixed 55c, outside.

Barley—Malting qualities, 55 to 60c, outside, and feed 45 to 50c outside.

Oats—No. 2 white, 35 to 36c, on track, Toronto, and 33 to 33½c outside; No. 2 W. C. oats, 37½c, Bay ports, and No. 2 at 36c, Bay ports.

Corn—No. 2 American yellow, 52½c, prompt shipment, Toronto freights.

Peas—No. 2 at 82 to 83c outside.

Rye—64 to 64½c, outside.

Buckwheat—No. 1 at 48 to 49c, outside.

Bran—Manitobas at \$22, in bags, Toronto, and shorts, \$24, in bags, Toronto, and bran \$22, in sacks, Toronto, and shorts \$24.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Apples—Spys, \$4.50 to \$6; Baldwins, \$4 to \$5; Greenings, \$4 to \$4.50; No. 2 assorted, \$3.50 to \$4.50 per barrel.

Beans—Car lots, \$1.70 to \$1.75, and small lots, \$1.85 to \$1.90.

Honey—Extracted, in tins, 10½ to 11c per lb. No. 1 comb, wholesale, \$2 to \$2.50 per dozen; No. 2 comb, wholesale, \$1.75 to \$2 per dozen.

Baled Hay—No. 1 at \$12.50 to \$13, on track, and No. 2 at \$9.50 to \$10.50.

Baled Straw—\$7 to \$7.50, on track, Toronto.

Potatoes—Car lots 75 to 80c per bag.

Poultry—Wholesale prices of dressed poultry:—Chickens, 15 to 16c per lb.; fowl, 11 to 13c per lb.; ducks, 15 to 18c per lb.; turkeys, 19 to 21c per lb. and geese, 13 to 13½c per lb. Live, 1 to 2c less.

THE DAIRY MARKETS.

Butter—Dairy prints, 21 to 22c; choice dairy solids, 21 to 23c; inferior, 17 to 19c; choice large rolls, 20c. Creamery quoted at 28c per lb. for rolls, 25c for solids, and 23 to 24c for separator prints.

Eggs—Case lots of pickled bring 25 to 26c; cold storage, 26 to 27c; fresh, 28c, and strictly new-laid, 30c per dozen.

Cheese—Large, 13c, and twins 13½c.

HOG PRODUCTS.

Bacon—Long clear, 11½ to 12c per lb. in case lots; mess pork, \$21.50 to \$22; do., short cut, \$25 to \$25.50; pickled rolls, \$22 to \$22.50.

Hams—Light to medium, 15 to 16c; do., heavy, 14c; rolls, 12½ to 13c; breakfast bacon, 17 to 17½c.

THE ITEMS

**Hon. Mr. Fielding Pres
to the House of**

A despatch from Ottawa says: Hon. Mr. Fielding tabled in the Commons on Monday a blue book giving in complete form the reciprocity agreement with the United States, together with statistics of trade between the two countries, and between Canada and Great Britain and all other countries in the items affected by the agreement. Figures are also given showing the reductions in duty that will ensue based upon the trade figures of the last year.

The total Canadian exports of Canadian products affected by the agreement, taking last year's figures as a basis, amount to \$205,306,992, divided as follows:—To Great Britain \$127,883,138, to the United States \$49,249,294, to other countries \$28,174,560.

The imports into Canada affected by the proposed arrangement, entered for home consumption, totalled on last year's figures, \$40,441,385, of which Great Britain sent \$6,387,336, the United States \$32,359,517, British colonies and possessions \$29,452, favored nations \$745,571, and all other countries \$658,459. Of the articles placed on the free list Great Britain sent last year \$4,190,425, and the United

A DISCOVERY IN MEDICINE.
Will Cure Tuberculosis, Pneumonia and Typhoid Fever.

A despatch from San Francisco, Cal., says: Remarkable and almost instantaneous cures are said to have been made in severe cases of tuberculosis, pneumonia and typhoid fever at the Southern Pacific Hospital during the last month by a new method of treatment discovered by Dr. Schafer, of Bakersfield. The principle is that bacteria throw off certain substances while growing. These poisons are exuded to preserve the organisms of life. It was Dr. Schafer's idea that if these exudations could be formed into a serum capable of injection into the human system affected by a disease caused by like bacteria, it would have the effect of immediately arresting the bacteria's growth. Nine Southern Pacific Hospital patients suffering from pneumonia were inoculated with a liquid extract made from metabolic products given off by pneumonia germs in progress of growth. In every case the patient was cured, several of the cures being within 24 hours of the serum's injection. A tuberculosis patient was pronounced cured within four days. Similar success with typhoid fever is reported. Conservative practitioners who have followed the experiments are astounded.

A NEW LAND TAX.

German Reichstag Passes Third Reading of Measure.

A despatch from Berlin says: The Reichstag on Wednesday passed the third reading of the bill taxing unearned increment by a vote of

From the Famine and Pestilence in China Before Spring Arrives

A despatch from Nanking, China, says: That the deaths due to famine, and the pestilence following in its wake, will total a million before spring, was the estimate submitted to the relief committee here on Friday. Relief workers are aghast with the realization of the task before them. Even were they in receipt of unlimited contributions for relief, the missionaries, doctors, and other volunteer workers would be almost helpless in the face of two and one-half millions of suffering people in the Anhui and Kiang Su Provinces.

EPIDEMIC OF GRIP.

Many Factories Running Short-handed at London.

A despatch from London, Ont., says: London's factories are experiencing trouble through their employees being sick. As a result many of them are running short-handed. Grippe, an epidemic of which has been prevalent in the city for the past month, is keeping many of the factory men at home. Office staffs throughout the city are diminished in size. An estimate shows that on an average more than a hundred employees of the factories of the city have been off work daily for the past month with colds and grippe. Office managers also report that they cannot keep any kind of system in their office. Some of the stenographers or clerks are staying at home every day.

GEN. CRONJE IS DEAD.

Was Captured by the Canadians at Paardeberg.

A despatch from Klerksdorp, Transvaal, says: General Piet A.

Murder is now adding to the death roll, reported William F. Junkin, Presbyterian missionary at Suchien. In their desperation at the lack of food, he said, the bolder of the natives have formed marauding bands, who stop at nothing in robbing wayfarers and plundering houses. In many towns persons wearing good clothes fear to go on the street at night, lest they be waylaid and stripped of their garments, which can be sold for cash by the starving highwaymen. Scores of instances of kidnapping have been reported.

Cronje, the noted Boer general, who was captured by the Royal Canadian Regiment at Paardeberg in 1900, died on Saturday.

CHILDREN DEAD IN CUPBOARD

Woman Left Them to Attend Show and House Caught Fire.

A despatch from Montreal says: Mrs. Geo. Marlow went to a moving picture show on Friday afternoon, leaving her two children, Donald and Anne, six and seven years of age, in the flat occupied by the family on Chatham Street. Boys playing in a yard in the rear noticed smoke pouring from the windows, and summoned the firemen. A few dashes of water extinguished the blaze. The children had taken refuge in a cupboard off the kitchen, and were both dead when the firemen managed to gain access to the place.

The C. P. R. has let contracts for a big dam in Bow River, which will bring half a million acres of land under irrigation.

HOG PRODUCTS.

Bacon—Long clear, 11½ to 12c per lb. in case lots; mess pork, \$21.50 to \$22; do., short cut, \$25 to \$25.50; pickled hams, \$22 to \$22.50. Hams—Light to medium, 15 to 16c; do., heavy, 14c; rolls, 12½ to 13c; breakfast bacon, 17 to 17½c; backs, 18 to 19c. Lard—Tierces, 12½c; tubs, 13c; pails, 13½c.

MONTREAL MARKETS.

Toronto, Feb. 7.—Oats—Canadian Western, No. 2, 40 to 40½c, car lots, ex store; extra No. 1 feed, 39 to 39½c; No. 3 C. W., 38½ to 39½c; No. 2 local white, 37½ to 38c; No. 3 local white, 36½ to 37c; No. 4 local white, 35½ to 36c. Flour—Manitoba Spring wheat patents, firsts, \$5.60; seconds, \$5.10; Winter wheat patents, \$4.75 to \$5; strong bakers', \$4.90; straight rollers, \$4.35 to \$4.50; in bags, \$2 to \$2.10. Rolled oats—Per barrel, \$4.45; bag of 90 lbs., \$2.10. Feed barley—Car lots, ex store, 49 to 50c. Corn—American No. 3 yellow, 56½ to 57c. Millfeed—Bran, Ontario, \$19 to \$20; Manitoba, \$20 to \$22; middlings, Ontario, \$22.50 to \$23; shorts, Manitoba, \$22 to \$24; mouille, \$25 to \$30. Eggs—Selected, 25c; do., fresh, 32c; No. 1 stock, 25c; No. 2, 21 to 23c. Cheese—Westerns, 11½ to 12½c; easterns, 11½ to 11c. Butter—Choicest, 25½ to 25½c; seconds, 22½ to 23½c.

UNITED STATES MARKETS.

Buffalo, Feb. 7.—Wheat—Spring, No. 1 Northern, carloads store \$1.125-8; Winter, No. 2 red, 95c asked; No. 2 white, 96½c asked. Corn—No. 3 yellow, 49½c; No. 4 yellow, 47½c, all on track, through billed. Oats—No. 2 white, 36c; No. 3 white, 35½c; No. 4 white, 34½c. Barley—Malting, 90 to 95c. Rye—No. 2, on track, 84c. Minneapolis, Feb. 7.—Wheat—May, \$1.055-8 to \$1.06¼; July, \$1.04¼ to \$1.047-8; No. 1 hard, \$1.053-8; No. 1 Northern, \$1.03 to \$1.047-8; No. 2 Northern, \$1 to \$1.027-8; No. 3 wheat, 98c to \$1.01. Bran—\$22 to \$22.50. Flour—First patents, \$4.75 to \$5.15; do., seconds, \$4.65 to \$5.05; first clears, \$3.15 to \$3.55; do., seconds, \$2.15 to \$2.75.

LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

Montreal, Feb. 7.—Some choice steers met a good demand at 6½c to 6¾c, and the common grades brought the same prices as quoted above. The market for hogs was 20c to 25c per 100 lbs., lower with sales of selected lots at \$7.75 to \$7.90 per 100 lbs., weighed off cars. Toronto, Feb. 7.—The top price for a good bunch of export cattle, 1,250 to 1,300 lbs., was \$6.25. A few selected cattle of the export class were bought for local butchering at \$5.90 to \$6.20. Good loads of choice butcher, 900 to 1,000 lbs., sold steady at \$5.60 to \$5.75; medium, \$5.25 to \$5.50; good cows steady at \$5 to \$5.25; common cows easier at \$3.25 to \$4; good bulls, \$4 to \$5.10; canners, \$2.50 to \$2.75. Lambs, \$6.20 to \$6.40. Sheep, \$4.25 to \$4.75. Hogs, \$7.15 f.o.b., and \$7.40 to \$7.50 fed and watered.

Miss Annie Clobesky of Guelph stepped off a moving train at Clifton, and was seriously injured. A. G. Ferguson, Manager of the Dominion Bank at Hanley, Sask., shot himself and.

A NEW LAND TAX.

German Reichstag Passes Third Reading of Measure.

A despatch from Berlin says: The Reichstag on Wednesday passed the third reading of the bill taxing unearned increment by a vote of 199 to 93. Cities and other local municipalities will retain 40 per cent. of the proceeds derived from the new taxation, and also may collect an additional tax in the form of supplementary percentage. It is estimated that the German Empire, as a result of the measure, will obtain \$5,000,000 annually. The Socialists and Radicals voted against the bill because it exempts the reigning princess and makes extensive exceptions of agriculture lands.

KLONDIKE OUTPUT.

Gold Yield Increased Half a Million Over Last Year.

A despatch from Dawson says: The output of gold from the Klondike region for the year 1910 amounted to \$4,100,000, according to figures published in the statement of the comptroller of the Yukon, who has tabulated the royalties paid by the companies operating here. The output is increased over last year by \$540,000. Two immense dredges have cut a swath up the Klondike River from Lousetown, at the confluence of the Klondike and the Yukon, as far as Bear Creek. All cabins that once lined the historic stream have been torn down and the ground beneath them dug away and sent through the dredging machines.

WONDERFUL ACHIEVEMENT.

An Aviator on Blériot Monoplane Flies With Eight Passengers.

A despatch from Pau, France, says: A four-seated Blériot monoplane, piloted by L. E. Martin, flew over the Pau aerodrome on Thursday with eight passengers, whose combined weight was 1,112 pounds. This establishes a new record for the number of passengers carried in an aeroplane.

Shiloh's Cure
quickly stops coughs, cures colds, heals the throat and lungs. . . . 25 cents.

FEATURES OF T.

Ontario's Estimated Revenue \$11,000,000 and Expenditure

A despatch from Toronto says: In his budget speech on Thursday, the Hon. A. J. Matheson, Provincial Treasurer, said that the total estimates for the year are \$11,394,361, and the total estimated expenditures, including \$2,644,900 on capital account, are \$10,283,787. The increase in the succession duties during the year amounted to \$180,000. The excess over estimates of the receipts during the year was \$600,000. In spite of the spread of local

says: according to direct an in year. Calga direct shows growth than the v ing it and e ST/ Queb A d On t a stat ory o make Minis en no tion e spect, the H Gover expen King to the the si Abrah FINE Fourt A d For tl of Se was b and f days, came drugg liverr morn the ar cently broug flagrat I Suddle A d While, on Th sey, o lishme heart some t years

THE 17th DREADNOUGHT

Immense Crowd Watches the Launching of the Thunderer.

A despatch from London says: The Thunderer, the 17th British Dreadnought, and the fourth of the super-Dreadnought type, was successfully launched from the yards of the Thames Iron Works Company at Cannington on Wednesday. The Archbishop of Canterbury conducted the religious service preceding the christening by his wife, Mrs. Davidson. Fifteen thousand people witnessed the ceremonies. The officials gave a reception for the several Government officials and

other prominent personages present. The Thunderer had a displacement of 22,650 tons and will be equipped with turbines with a total of 27,000 horse-power. She is expected to make a speed of 21 knots an hour. The vessel is 554 feet in length, and is armed with ten 13.5-inch guns and twenty-four 4-inch guns. She is the largest vessel ever launched so far up the Thames. Three thousand workmen were employed in her construction.

Vigorous Health

NA-DRU-CO

DYSPEPSIA

TABLETS

tone up weak stomach—supply the digestive juices which are lacking—ensure your food being properly converted into brawn and sinew, red blood and active brain. 30c. a box at your druggist's or from

National Drug and Chemical Co. of Canada, Limited, Montreal.

—the power to enjoy to the full life's work and pleasure—comes only with a good digestion.

MS AFFECTED

Presenting a Statement House of Commons

a says: States \$9,163,170. Of the articles mentioned in schedule "B," where tariff rates are equalized between Canada and the United States, and in schedule "D," where a special rate of duty is levied by Canada, Great Britain sent last year \$2,196,951, and the United States \$23,196,341.

Of the total reduction of taxation, amounting to \$2,507,824, over half, or \$1,412,219, will affect natural products placed on the free list. The reduction of duty on bituminous coal, based on last year's imports, is \$255,246, on agricultural implements \$100,507, on flour \$97,177, on vegetables a little over \$200,000, on cottonseed oil \$181,348, fish \$101,871, rolled iron or steel sheets \$99,762, plows \$47,633, threshing machines \$32,411, motor vehicles \$78,461.

Of the total reduction in duties, about \$2,350,000 is on imports from the United States. The total reduction to be made in duty by the United States on Canadian products is on last year's trade figure, \$4,849,933. The principal items included:—Horses and mules \$121,000, wheat \$103,000, oats \$142,000, hay \$386,000, fish \$531,000, shingles \$152,000, and flax seed \$352,000.

CINE. TURNED OUT IN BITTER COLD.

Mr. Heistand's Residence at Lamont, Alberta, Burned.

A despatch from Lamont, Alta., says: A fire here on Thursday morning leaves Mr. Heistand and family homeless. With the mercury at forty below zero, his house was burned to the ground at about 9 o'clock. The family were at breakfast, and the fire was not discovered until too late to check its headway. Very little of his household effects were saved from the flames.

CARIBOU COME SOUTH.


Vast Herds are Said to be Haunting Lake Athabasca.

A despatch from Edmonton, Alta., says: Edward Wylie, of Fort Chippewyan, who reached this city on Friday, after nearly a month's trip from the north by dog team, reports that caribou are haunting Lake Athabasca in vast herds, and coming nearer to civilization than ever before. He gives as a reason the excessive cold forcing the herds into thick timber that fringes the north shore of the lake.

CALGARY'S POPULATION.

The Directory Man Makes it Over Fifty-five Thousand.

A despatch from Calgary, Alta., says: Calgary's population is 55,330, according to the estimate of the directory authorities. This means an increase of over 9,000 in the past year. One fact in the growth of Calgary is revealed in this year's directory, and that is that the city shows a greater proportion of growth in English-speaking people



ROYAL

YEAST CAKES

MOST PERFECT MADE

We know and users of Royal Yeast Cakes know that these are the best goods of the kind in the World. Bread made with Royal Yeast will keep moist and fresh longer than that made with any other. Do not experiment—there is no other "just as good."

E. W. GILLETTY CO. LTD. Toronto, Ont.
Awarded highest honors at all Expositions.

Winnipeg Montreal

MADE IN CANADA

THE NEWS IN A PARAGRAPH

HAPPENINGS FROM ALL OVER THE GLOBE IN A NUTSHELL.

Canada, the Empire and the World in General Before Your Eyes.

CANADA.

Three aeroplanes are under construction in Toronto.

A resident of L'Orignal has confessed to having fired several buildings.

James Mansfield of Kinmount was sent to jail for six months for tampering with a locomotive.

A resolution favoring the prohibition of steam trawling in spawning grounds was adopted by the House of Commons.

The merger of the Ames-Holden Company and the James McCready Company, shoe manufacturers, has been completed.

Hon. Rodolphe Lemieux gave notice in the Commons of a bill to allow slot stamp machines to be attached to letter boxes.

George Murray of St. Catharines was fined \$50 for personating an elector and voting at the municipal election in Thorold township.

For robbing Conductor Armstrong of Toronto when he was hurt in a wreck, William Payne was sentenced at London to six months' imprisonment.

The body of Dolphus Drouillard, a farmer, missing for about two months, was found in the river near Sandwich on Saturday. It is supposed he was robbed and murdered.

Albert Smith of London township, who had been given up as dead by his family, returned unexpectedly the other day. While sitting in his brother's house he dropped dead.

Judge Snider reversed Magistrate Jelfs' judgment at Hamilton in a recent liquor case and fined Robert Gardner \$50. The defendant is a hotel proprietor, and the sale was made by a bellboy from a flask.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Mylius, who slandered King George, has been sent to jail for one year.

The Unionist leaders attacked the reciprocity arrangement in both Houses.

UNITED STATES.

TENDERS FOR TEN VESSELS

Four Bristols and Six Destroyers of the Latest Type.

A despatch from Ottawa says: The Government has called for tenders for the construction of the ten new vessels of the Canadian navy, contemplated in the initial building programme, viz., four Bristols and six destroyers of the latest improved type. The plans and specifications are, as has already been stated, based on the plans received from the Admiralty last fall and embrace the very latest advances in naval science. The tenders are not publicly advertised, since following the rule of the Admiralty, details have to be kept secret, and only firms in whom the department

has confidence and who might be bona fide tenderers, will have access thereto.

Letters have been sent to all the leading British and Canadian firms who are in a position to tender, inviting them to inspect the plans and put in tenders. It is stipulated that all the vessels must be built in Canada. Tenders must be in by April next. When submitted they will be gone over by the experts of the Navy Department and probably some time must elapse then before a decision is reached as to which tender shall be accepted, all the conditions being considered.

INVASION OF THE ISTHMUS

British Capital to Build a Railroad Line Across Panama.

A despatch from Colon says: Ratification of a contract between the Panama Government and the Balboa and Pacific Estates, Limited, of London, is expected at an early date in the Panama Assembly. It will provide for a railroad from end to end of the Republic. It is the project long considered under the title of the Darien Line. It is to open up the virgin country on the Pacific slope and will parallel that coast. One day it will be an important link in the inevitable line linking North and South America.

The United States is watching with an anxious eye this English invasion. Ratification of the contract will give Great Britain a foothold on the isthmus at the very brink of the canal and the right to assert a "sphere of influence." Once having attained this no one expects England to loosen its grip. It was expected American opposition would prevent completion of the negotiations, but now it seems plain the contract will be closed within a few weeks. The line will begin at David and will be extended eastward toward the Columbian border.

THE KING'S SPEECH.

No Mention Made of Measure to Pay Members.

A despatch from London says: The King's Speech from the Throne, on Monday, was brief and colorless. It opened with a filial reference to the death of King Edward. The only references to foreign affairs were a mention of the fact

On Thursday, the bodies of twenty-five sailors were picked up along the coast.

ROBBED MAIL BAGS.

Forged Names of Parties to Whom Money Orders Were Sent.

A despatch from Halifax, N. S., says: Louis LeBlanc, employed by a contractor to drive the mail be-

ROBBED MAIL BAGS.

Forged Names of Parties to Whom Money Orders Were Sent.

A despatch from Halifax, N. S., says: Louis LeBlanc, employed by a contractor to drive the mail between Yarmouth and Wedgeport, pleaded guilty on Wednesday before Stipendiary Pelton and was sentenced to five years in the penitentiary in Dorchester for robbing the mail bags and forging the names of the parties to whom money orders extracted were payable.

THE QUEEN-MOTHER.

Report That She Will Not Attend the Coronation.

A despatch from London says: It is stated, it has been definitely decided, the Queen-mother will not attend the coronation.

THEY IMPROVE FERTILITY.

Live stock on the farm will supply manure necessary to soil fertility and maintenance of humus in the soil. Live stock, in the experience of the Minnesota Experiment Station, requires clover, corn and other forage crops to keep up an ample supply of manure. The experiment Station records show that the largest yields of the various farm crops are secured when grown in rotation, including clover and corn, with the application of barnyard manure. These crops in conjunction with grain crops in a three to five year rotation provide a good way of keeping the farm free from weeds.

THE CHICKEN BLOSSOM.

Little Mary went into the counting on a visit to her grandmother. Walking in the garden, she chanced to spy a peacock, a bird she had never seen. She ran quickly into the house and cried out, "Oh, grandma, come out and see! There's an old chicken in the bloom."

A despatch from London says: The King's Speech from the Throne, on Monday, was brief and colorless. It opened with a filial reference to the death of King Edward.

The only references to foreign affairs were a mention of the fact that negotiations had been opened with Japan for a new commercial treaty, and an allusion to the friction in Persia over the disturbance of British trade routes. A casual expression of interest in the approaching Imperial Conference was made.

Only two proposed legislative measures were mentioned officially.

"Proposals," said the King, "will be submitted without delay for settling the relations between the two Houses of Parliament, with the object of securing an effective working constitution."

Legislation would also be had, his Majesty said, to provide insurance against sickness and unemployment.

COAL ON PACIFIC.

Deposits are Discovered in Saturna and Lumbo Islands.

A despatch from Ottawa says: News of a discovery of coal in Saturna and Lumbo Islands, off the west coast of British Columbia, has reached the Geological Survey and confirms a geological report on the district made as far back as 1876.

SPANISH RAILWAY SMASH.

Thirty People Killed at Valencia in a Train Disaster.

A despatch from Barcelona, Spain, says: A passenger train at Valencia was derailed on Wednesday by a wash-out of the road-bed. Thirty persons were killed. A wild storm swept the Spanish coast on Wednesday night. A score of fishing craft were dashed upon the rocks and many of their crews lost.

Mylus, who slandered King George, has been sent to jail for one year.

The Unionist leaders attacked the reciprocity arrangement in both Houses.

UNITED STATES.

A fierce blizzard has swept over the American continent.

Warrants have been issued in connection with New Jersey dynamite explosion.

The United States Government have agreed to act as mediators in Honduras.

GENERAL.

Another great landslide has taken place on the Panama Canal.

The great powers are co-operating to stamp out plague in China.

The capitulation of Juarez, Mexico, to the insurgents is imminent.

MORE HONORS FOR LIPTON.

The firm of Thomas J. Lipton has just received the special appointment of Tea Merchant to His Majesty, King George V. This continued appointment to England's successive Monarchs speaks volumes for Lipton's Tea.

ELECTRIC WIRING.

Ontario Government Will Give Municipalities Wider Powers.

A despatch from Toronto says: The Ontario Government is about to bring in a bill, it is understood, which will tend to lessen the deplorable frequency of destructive and even fatal fires as a result of improper wiring of buildings. Col. Hendrie, Chairman of the Railway Committee, says that the bill, which it is contemplated to enact would give municipalities the power to insist on the work of electric wiring, not only in public buildings, but in private houses as well, being safely and carefully done. This object would be attained by making the compelling power of the municipality extend not only to companies, but to individuals also.

CANADIANS WON PRIZES.

At the National Corn Show at Columbus, Ohio.

A despatch from Ottawa says: A telegram was received on Friday by the Department of the Interior announcing that Hill and Sons, of Lloydminster, had captured the Silver Trophy Sweepstakes, value \$1,500, for the best peck of oats at the National Corn Show, now in progress at Columbus, Ohio. The Reserve Sweepstakes, for the best peck of wheat, was won by Norman Chanz, Davis, Saskatchewan.

ISOLATED IN HOMES.

Moncton Has No Special Hospital to Combat Smallpox.

A despatch from Moncton, N.B., says: The smallpox situation grows more serious, ten new cases developing on Wednesday, making fourteen in all. The city has no isolation hospital, and the Board of Health has been busy looking for one. The patients are all isolated in their houses.

Shiloh's Cure
quickly stops coughs, cures colds, heals the throat and lungs. 25 cents.

Third says: Calgary's population is 50,330, according to the estimate of the directory authorities. This means an increase of over 9,000 in the past year. One fact in the growth of Calgary is revealed in this year's directory, and that is that the city shows a greater proportion of growth in English-speaking people than in almost any other city in the west. A slight foreign-speaking increase is shown in the north and east of the city.

STATUE OF KING EDWARD.

Quebec Will Erect Monument on Plains of Abraham.

A despatch from Quebec says: On the historic Plains of Abraham a statue of King Edward the "Peacemaker." Hon. Mr. Taschereau, Minister of Public Works, has given notice of a motion of the intention of the Government in that respect. After the adjournment of the House Mr. Taschereau said the Government will erect, at its own expense, a monument worthy of King Edward. It will be presented to the Battlefields Committee, and the site will be on the Plains of Abraham.

FINED FOR SELLING COCAINE.

Fourth Conviction of Druggist at Montreal.

A despatch from Montreal says: For the fourth time since the first of September, Jos. A. Labranche was brought before the Recorder and fined \$25 and costs or ninety days, on the charge of selling cocaine illegally. Labranche is a druggist, and Recorder Weir, in delivering sentence on Wednesday morning, said he was anxious that the anti-cocaine legislation, but recently considered, should be brought in force to punish these flagrant violations of the law.

DIED IN HIS STORE.

Sudden End of Kingston Merchant From Heart Disease.

A despatch from Kingston says: While talking to a clerk in his store on Thursday morning, S. J. Horsey, owner of a hardware establishment, suddenly expired from heart disease. He had been ill for some time. Deceased was about 45 years of age, and married.

OF THE BUDGET

ed Revenues Will Exceed Expenditure \$10,000,000.

says: option the increase in revenue from licenses was \$80,000.

In all cases except the Temiskaming and Ontario Railway, the revenue has exceeded the estimates. In the case of the Government railway there was a falling off in receipts below estimates of \$203,000.

The province can now show assets of \$24,000,000 against liabilities of \$22,000,000.

Several bills are to be introduced this session which will increase the revenue of the province.

NA-DRU-CO HEADACHE WAFERS
relieve the worst headache in 30 minutes or less. Absolutely harmless. 25 cents a box at all druggists.
NATIONAL DRUG & CHEMICAL CO. OF CANADA, LONDON, ONT.

HOTEL TRAYMORE
ON THE OCEAN FRONT.
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.



A magnificent ten-story fire-proof addition is just being completed, making this the most hotel the newest and most up-to-date of Atlantic City hotels. A new feature is the new size of the bed rooms, averaging 19 feet square.

Every room commands an ocean view, bath attached with sea and fresh water. Central glass in every chamber. Temperature regulated by Thermastat, the latest development in steam heating. Telephone in every room. Golf privileges. Capacity 100. For further illustrated booklet.

CHARLES O. MARQUETTE, Manager. **TRAYMORE-HOTEL COMPANY, D. S. WHITE, President.**

THE SIGN OF GOOD BREAD.
It is the eagerness with which people eat it. Try a loaf of ours on your table.

YOU WILL BE SURPRISED
how quickly it will disappear, even though your family are not generally big bread eaters. That's a sign the bread is much better than they are used to getting. It is no reflection on you that our bread is better than that you take. It ought to be. We bake hundreds of loaves where you bake one. And the practice has made us perfect.

W. M. CAMBRIDGE,
Next door Robinson Co.
Phone 96. Napanee.

Synopsis of Canadian Northwest Land Regulations:

ANY person who is the sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter section of valuable Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. The applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency for the district. Entry by proxy may be made at any agency, on certain conditions, by father, mother, son, daughter, brother or sister of intending homesteader.

Duties—Six months' residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres solely owned and occupied by him or his father, mother, son, daughter, brother or sister.

In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter section along side his homestead. Price \$100 per acre.

Duties—Must reside six months in each of six years from date of homestead entry (including the time required to earn homestead patent and cultivate fifty acres extra).

A homesteader who has exhausted his homestead right and cannot obtain a pre-emption may take a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price \$304 per acre. Duties—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate fifty acres and erect a house worth \$300.00.

W. W. CORY,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.
N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.

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Lumber,
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Tanks, and all
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ing Mill Goods

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Telephone 53.

ESTABLISHED 1873

A simple, safe and effective treatment for bronchitis, cough, colds, whooping cough and relieves crop at once. It is a boon to sufferers from Asthma. The air rendered strongly antiseptic, inspired with every breath, makes breathing easy; soothes the sore throat and stops the cough, assuring restful nights. It is invaluable to mothers with young children.

Send us postal for descriptive booklet. 309

ALL DRUGGISTS
Try Croscione Anti-cough Tablets for the irritated throat. They are simple, effective and antiseptic. Of your druggist or from us, Inc. in stamps.

Vapo Croscione Co.
Leeming, Miles Bldg.
MONTREAL



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REAL ESTATE, INSURANCE,
Books Audited, Accounts Collected
MONEY TO LOAN.

MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of New York.
Assets \$510,000,000.

THE FIDELITY AND CASUALTY COMPANY, of New York.
Insures against ANY ACCIDENT or ANY SICKNESS.

Agency for the Best Fire Companies, including:—
LIVERPOOL & LONDON & GLOBE INSURANCE CO.
Cash Assets \$55,000,000.

MERCANTILE FIRE COMPANY
Capital and Assets \$21,700,000.

INSURANCE OF HORSES—and other live stock against loss by death from accident, disease, fire and lightning; also dismemberment allowances.

FIDELITY BONDING—Employers Liability, Boiler and Fly Wheel, Burglary, Plate Glass, Marine Insurance, Motor Bats, Automobiles, etc.

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...to the...
vote against Mr. Fielding's bargain. President Taft's control over Congress is not so absolute. There are tariff "stand-patters," and insurgent Republicans who will vote as their interests demand, and it is not seriously expected that the bargain will be ratified in Washington. If it is not ratified there, then good-bye to international trade negotiations. The next time a Canadian Government will resume the discussion will be about the time when ice palaces and winter carnivals are advertised as attractive features of the future residence of so many of our American cousins.

DINING ON SEA URCHIN.

Queer Way in Which the Glutton Starfish Devours Its Prey.

Fights to the death are common between sea urchins and starfish. The starfish when ready for battle raises one of its arms toward the sea urchin. The urchin shoots out all his bristling spines, or needles, and, in addition to his always visible arms, brings out an arm that is never seen unless it is needed for active use. This usually invisible weapon is a sort of nipper, edged with teeth. During one fight between a sea urchin and a starfish the starfish, with a sudden movement, broke off the pincers of the urchin.

The pincers remained imbedded in the flesh of the starfish. Finding his chief weapon gone, the urchin drove all his needles into the back of the starfish, not all together, but one after another, with all the method of calculated action. As the needles entered the back of the starfish the starfish broke them, one by one. The urchin, rendered powerless by the loss of his needles, made a few mechanical movements in self defense and then lay motionless and powerless on the water. After a few minutes' hesitation and a close scrutiny of his subject the starfish approached the urchin and prepared to devour him. But as the urchin was six times larger than his mouth he turned out his stomach in the manner noted by naturalists as a common maneuver of certain animals and, having rejected his stomach lining, inserted the urchin's carcass, spines and all. During the time consumed by him in the struggle of digestion he was closely observed. Having writhed in agony for some days, he began to show a change of appearance. The distention of his middle decreased, and his movements lost their spasmodic character. Later he was seen to move with more activity. One morning, warmed up for action by the power of the sun's heat, he moved his stomach rapidly from side to side and from top to bottom and rejected the spines, fins, bone plates, jaws—everything that had not disappeared during the process of digestion. The elimination accomplished and his appetite satisfied, the starfish replaced his stomach in its normal position and resumed the even tenor of his life. — Harper's Weekly.

Where the Gums Pinched.
Crawford — Does your conscience trouble you for losing that money?
Crabshaw—No, but my wife does. You see, it was her money.—Judge.

The fewer desires the more peace.—Wilson.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Watson*


...that I have never had any other ambition than to serve your august person and my country loyally to the best of my ability."

The printer had just cleverly managed to interchange the two addresses. The cream of the joke was that it was universally known how very little love there was lost between the king and the minister.—Strauss' Reminiscences.

A Snake Tale.
A man took his small son to the park. They fed bread to the swans and then stood for a long time in front of a cage of serpents. The boy looked at them with fascinated eyes. At last he exclaimed, "I like these tails all right, but where are the animals?"—Lippincott's.

Probably.
The Orator—I ask you, Wot is this life we 'old-as dear? Soon I'll be lyin' with me forefathers. The Voice—An' givin' them points at the game too!—London Sketch.

SAVED HER FINGER.



CONTAINS NO ARMYL OIL OR FAT FOR ANY PURPOSE.

Zam-Buk

Mrs. B. E. Belwell, of 337 Provencher Ave., St. Boniface, Winnipeg, says:—"Some time ago my children took diphtheria, and while attending them the poison entered a small scratch on the second finger of my left hand. This became very sore and blood-poisoning soon set in. For months after the children were quite well I was suffering from a shockingly bad finger. The scratch was caused originally by a pin, and in itself, was not at all serious. The consequences, however, of neglecting this scratch, were very serious to me. When the blood-poisoning set in I tried poultices and a salve I had in the house. These, however, did not have the desired effect. Quite on the contrary the finger became more and more swollen and discolored. It then began to fester, and I had to call in a doctor. He lanced the finger to let out the pus, and you can imagine how painful the finger was! Despite his care, however, it again festered and the circumstances, I mention, in under three weeks which the doctor gave me seemed absolutely unable to bring about any relief. The doctor thereupon advised me to go into the St. Boniface Hospital. I feared that if I went to the Hospital the finger would be amputated. We were told of a case similar to my own in which Zam-Buk had effected a cure when everything else had failed and the doctor had said that only amputation could save the person's hand. We, therefore, decided to give Zam-Buk a trial. A supply was procured, and we commenced the Zam-Buk treatment. It only needed a few days to show the wisdom of this step. The blood-poisoning and inflammation were reduced, the pain became less acute, and it was evident very shortly that the trouble was being reduced to a less and still less area. We persevered with the Zam-Buk and in the end the festering sore was thoroughly cleaned, then healed. In under three weeks from first commencing with Zam-Buk the finger was entirely well; and had we applied Zam-Buk in the first place, instead of trying ordinary preparations, no doubt I should have saved myself hours and heartache and worry. All mothers should note this case. Zam-Buk is a sure cure for blood-poisoning, festering cuts, scratches from barbed wire, bruises, eczema, rashes, better, salt rheum, face sores, ulcers, piles, bad leg, varicose veins, and all skin lesions and diseases. \$20 a box, all druggists and stores or post free from Zam-Buk Co., Toronto, for price. Send 1 stamp for postage of free trial box. Refuse all imitations."

Children Cry for Fletcher's

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher* and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

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It Curls Up Into Quills When Dried in the Sun.

The cinnamon tree grows to a height of from twenty to thirty feet and is sometimes eighteen inches in thickness. The leaves are from four to six inches in length, oval shaped and marked with three principal nerves. They taste very much like cloves. Cinnamon flowers are of a beautiful silky gray on the outside and a light yellow on the inside. The fruit is a small acorn shaped drupe, and when ripe it is quite brown.

It is, however, the bark of the cinnamon tree that makes it valuable. The finest comes from the island of Ceylon, where they have two seasons of cinnamon harvest. The first season begins in April and the last in November. The branches of three to five years' growth are cut down, and the epidermis is carefully scraped away. Then the bark is ripped up lengthwise with a knife and gradually loosened until it may be easily removed.

The slices of bark are then placed in the sun to dry, and as they dry they curl up into quills. The next thing is to examine and arrange the cinnamon according to its quality. The persons whose work it is to examine the cinnamon are obliged for this purpose to taste and chew it, although in a short time it produces a very painful effect on their mouths and tongues. As the cinnamon quills are examined

Trade Asaya-Neurall

THE NEW REMEDY FOR Nervous Exhaustion

Nervous Exhaustion unchecked opens the door to Neuralgia, Headache, Insomnia, Digestive Disturbances, Mental Depression, and many serious organic diseases. Early treatment with "ASAYA-NEURALL" averts these. It feeds the nerves, induces sleep, improves the appetite and digestion, and restores buoyancy of spirits. A few doses convince. \$1.50 per bottle. Obtain from the following

E. E. JESSOP.

THE BUDDHIST HADES.

Eight Easy Stages of the Most Awful Kinds of Torture.

The places of torment to which all wicked Buddhists are to be assigned on the day of final reckoning is a terrible place of punishment. This Buddhist hell is divided into eight "easy stages."

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There are vast areas in Canada of which even the government has no definite knowledge, and there are thousands of square miles where the foot of a white man has never trod. Practically all knowledge of this big wild country has been secured again and again along a few chosen and well worn routes, outside of which investigation has seldom gone.

Imagine a dozen or so well beaten vehicle highways traversing a country one-fourth as large as Europe—narrow highways hemmed in by impenetrable wilderness—and one may form some sort of idea of the little that is still known of 600,000 square miles of the North American continent.

Along these routes nearly all "explorers" have gone. Along them are situated most of the fur posts, and beyond their narrow lines but little is known. And in this world of forest and ridge mountains and eternal desolation, still buried in the mystery and silence of endless centuries, are its "people."

Approximately there are from 15,000 to 25,000 human souls in an area fifteen times the size of Ohio, and there are no more than 500 of these who have not some Indian blood in their veins. On the other hand, fully one-half of the total population has its strain of white blood.—Leslie's Weekly.

RAILWAYS IN SPAIN.

Their Methods Are Not Those of the Strenuous Life.

A Spanish railway seems an excellent place for a rest cure. "I remember," writes Mr. S. L. Bensusan, "when going on a short journey in Andalusia, the train that carried me stopped at a short junction. While we were at rest here, after some hours of travel at the rate of at least twelve miles an hour, the driver uncoupled his engine and proceeded down the line with it in the direction we were not to take.

"The passengers walked contentedly up and down, smoked countless cigarettes, ate oranges, resisted the importunities of beggars. At last I became uneasy and asked where the driver had gone. 'Pedro has run down the line on his engine to take a birthday gift to his mother, who lives over there,' explained the station master; 'he is indeed a good son and will not trust his parcel to the post. Spain is full of thieves.' And when the good son had come back from his mission he restored the engine to its proper position and we re-entered the train, which went on its journey after three-quarters of an hour's delay."—London Graphic.

The Monkey and the Book.

A story is told of an eminent naturalist (I forget his name) who was hoping to develop the intelligence of a monkey to whose education he was devoting himself. One day he saw with delight that the monkey was sitting at the other end of the room turning over the leaves of a valuable book on entomology and looking at the plates with apparent interest. But on going nearer he saw, with dismay, that the monkey was turning over the plates in order that when he came to a particularly large beetle or butterfly he might pick it out and eat it. As the paper could not have had a nice taste, I think he may have been actuated rather by the fun of the thing than by a mere depraved appetite. Perhaps he was verifying the like method of learning among the philosophers of Laputa.—London Spectator.

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DR. C. H. WARTMAN DENTIST.
It will be impossible for me to continue the out of town visits, but if our friends at York and Napanee will do me the favor of coming to my office in Napanee, I will do my best to please them. All work guaranteed class.

D. R. BENSON
Graduate Ontario Veterinary College, has opened an office second door south of Express Printing Office, where he may be consulted on all diseases of Domestic Animals. All latest veterinary sciences. Residence: West Street, near Madden's grocery.

FIGHTING LIFE'S BATTLE.

Of Things That Must Be Done Tackle the Hardest First.

I know a very successful man who early in life resolved that no matter how hard anything might be or how seemingly impossible for him to do he would do it if the doing would prove of value to him, says Orison Sweet Marden in Success Magazine. He made this the test and would never allow his moods or feelings to stand in the way of his judgment. He forced himself in the habit of promptly doing everything, no matter how disagreeable, if it would further his advancement.

People who consult their moods, their preferences or their ease never make a great success in life. It is the man who gets a firm grip on himself and forces himself to do the thing that will ultimately be best for him who succeeds. The man who goes through life picking out the flowers and avoiding the thorns in his occupation, always doing the easy thing first and delaying or putting off altogether if possible the hard thing, does not develop the strength that would enable him to do hard things when necessity forces them upon him.

It is pitiable to see young men and women remaining far below the place where their ability ought to have carried them just because they dislike to

men are obliged for this purpose to taste and chew it, although in a short time it produces a very painful effect on their mouths and tongues.

As the cinnamon quills are examined the smaller ones are inserted into the larger, and the whole is then tied up in bundles weighing about eighty-eight pounds each.

In Ceylon the oil of cinnamon is usually prepared by grinding the coarsest pieces of bark, soaking this powder in sea water for two or three days and then distilling. Two oils pass over, one lighter, the other heavier, than water.

A LESSON FOR HIS WIFE.

The Husband Found That He, Too, Had Something to Learn.

All Paris is laughing at an adventure on the French frontier line which occurred the other day to a young dramatic author well known in Paris.

He is newly married, and part of the honeymoon was spent in Belgium. While there the bride was very anxious to buy lace, which is much cheaper in Belgium than it is in France. But the bridegroom objected to smuggling the lace through and told his wife at Feignies the customs examination was very severe. She laughed at him, and in the train she said, "I am quite sure that I could easily have smuggled any amount of lace under my dress."

To prove himself right and teach his wife caution for the future the bridegroom whispered to one of the custom house officers at Feignies and, pointing to his wife, who was not looking, said, "I think that lady has some lace."

The officer made a sign, and madame, protesting angrily, was taken off and searched, while the author smoked a cigarette and chuckled at the thought that the search—although he thought she had no lace—would cure her of the wish to smuggle in the future. He ceased chuckling, though, when the custom house officer came up to him and said:

"We are very much obliged to you. The lady had \$200 worth of lace around her waist. But she says you will pay the fine."—Cor. Wichita Eagle.

The Ballot in Switzerland.

Swiss voters go to the polls on Sunday. In some districts the elections are also held for a few hours on Saturday evening. In a few of the cantons voting is obligatory, and returns of from 70 to 80 per cent of the voting population are the result. The obligatory measure is, however, not rigorously enforced. Small fines are imposed unless an adequate excuse for nonattendance is forthcoming. These include illness in the family, mourning, absence from the city, a birth in the family and, in St. Gallen, necessary attendance at a christening by a parent or godparent. "Official business" is also usually accepted.

Flogged For Bathing.

On an island in the Cam, at Grantchester, is a mill pond known as "Byron's pool" because it was here that the poet as an undergraduate enjoyed his favorite recreation. Even in his day Edward Conybeare tells us in "Highways and Byways in Cambridge" bathing was a practice somewhat frowned on by the academic authorities. A century or so earlier any student found guilty of it was publicly flogged in the hall of his college and was again flogged on the morrow in the university schools by the proctor. A second offense meant expulsion from the university.

distill hell is divided into eight "easy stages."

In the first the poor victim is compelled to walk for untold ages in his bare feet over hills thickly set with red-hot needles, points upward. In the second stage the skin is all carefully filed or rasped from the body and irritating mixtures applied. In the third stage the nails, hair and eyes are plucked out and the denuded body sawed and planed into all sorts of fantastic shapes. The fourth stage is that of "sorrowful lamentations." In the fifth the left side of the body and the denuded head are carefully roasted, Yema, the Buddhist Satan, superintending the work. In the sixth stage the arms are torn from the body and thrown into an immense vat among the eyes, nails and hair previously removed. Then in plain hearing of the sore footed, blind, maimed, roasted and bleeding victim the whole horrid mass is pounded into a jelly. In the seventh stage the other side of the victim and his feet are roasted brown, and then comes the eighth and last stage, in which the candidate is thrown into the bottomless pit of perdition.

Last of the Old Orators.

The late Senator John Warwick Daniel of Virginia may be said to have been the last of the old-fashioned orators in the house of the conscript fathers. His fame will rest not on his lawbooks, which were excellent; not on his speeches in house and senate, which were strong, but on two masterly orations on Lee and Stonewall Jackson delivered before his entrance into congress. It may well be doubted whether anything superior to them, considered simply as orations, can be found in the literature of the world. They would have delighted Cicero himself.—Champ Clark in Century.

ated rather by the run of the thing than by a mere depraved appetite. Perhaps he was verifying the like method of learning among the philosophers of Laputa.—London Spectator.

Fame and the Editor.

Fame, so difficult a possession to obtain, lies oftener than one usually thinks in the power of the press.

Oscar Browning in his interesting "Memories of Sixty Years" tells how Fox, then editor of the Monthly Repository, settled the fate of Robert Browning's "Pauline" when it first appeared by the mere word "balderdash."

The explanation given is that "a single line was required to complete the page, and the editor, taking up the first book on which he could lay his hand and thinking it insignificant and pretentious, described it as I have stated above."

Oscar Browning declares that the poet said "that by this accident his public recognition had been delayed for twenty years."

Napoleon's First Love.

The little French town of Auxonne is not associated in the popular mind with Napoleon; but, as Miss Betham-Edwards reminds us in "Unfrequented France," he spent some years of his cadetship there. "In the Saone he twice narrowly escaped drowning, and here, too, as narrowly, so the story runs, marriage with a bourgeoisie maiden called Manesca. Two ivory counters bearing this romantic name in Napoleon's handwriting enrich the little museum."

Electric Restorer for Men

Phosphonol restores every nerve in the body to its proper tension; restores vim and vitality. Premature decay and all sexual weakness averted at once. Phosphonol will make you a new man. Price \$2 a box, or two for \$5. Mailed to any address. The Seebell Drug Co., St. Catharines, Ont.

Or at Hooper's Drug Store.

HOW TO GET FREE

A 50c. BOTTLE OF PSYCHINE

(PRONOUNCED SI-KEEN)

The white corpuscles of the blood—the Phagocytes, as they are known scientifically—are the policemen or the scavengers of the body.

Not a germ of disease can invade the body anywhere but these white corpuscles get after it. And, if they are strong enough or in sufficient numbers, they devour it.

If they're not strong enough or in sufficient numbers, then the invading army of disease germs triumphs and disease holds the body.

Any preparation that strengthens these white corpuscles or that increases their number, will not only preserve health, but will build up its defences so strongly that contagion or infection are impossible.

Herbs have always been great curative agents from time immemorial.

They have been styled nature's own remedies.

Certain herbs more than others are noted for their curative powers.

And it has been found that those herbs that are most effective in maintaining or restoring health, do so by building up the white corpuscles or Phagocytes.

These herbs are incorporated in Psychine.

And it is the tremendous curative power of these herbs that is responsible for the unequalled record of this splendid preparation.

Think of it. In Psychine we have a preparation that has been in use a third of a century. That has cured hundreds of thousands of many kinds of diseases.

For which we have received hundreds of thousands of unsolicited testimonials.

Here are the diseases for the treatment of which Psychine is indicated:

La Grippe	Bronchial Coughs
Bronchitis	Weak Lungs
Hemorrhages	Weak Voice
Sore Throat	Spring Weakness
Anaemia	Early Decline
Female Weakness	Catarrhal Affections
Indigestion	Catarrh of Stomach
Poor Appetite	Night Sweats
Chills and Fevers	Obstinate Coughs
Sleeplessness and	Laryngitis and
Nervous Troubles	Dyspepsia
After-effects of Pleurisy, Pneumonia and La-Grippe.	

Now we don't ask you to take our word for the tremendously beneficial effect of Psychine. Fill out the coupon below, mail it to us and we'll give your druggist an order (for which we pay him the regular retail price) for a 50-cent bottle of Psychine to be given you free of cost.

forces them upon him.

It is pitiable to see young men and women remaining far below the place where their ability ought to have carried them just because they dislike to do disagreeable things until compelled to. The best way always is to tackle the hardest things first.

Too Public For Him.

He was a mild mannered little man, short, with gray hair and spectacles. It was noon on Washington street, and, as usual, the crowds were shoving and pushing to get somewhere. The little man was trying to worm his way through the crowds.

A well dressed woman, accompanied by a small boy, was mixed up in the crowd. She wanted to cross the street. The boy stopped to look in a window.

The lady reached down and grasped a hand, saying, "Take my hand, dear." "Not right here on the public street," she was startled to hear some one reply.

Looking down, she saw that she was clasping the hand of the very inoffensive little man, who seemed to be much confused and embarrassed.

"Sir," she said haughtily, "I don't want you. I want my son."—Boston Traveler.

The New and Old Geology.

In its early history geology presented two schools—one insisting on a doctrine of "catastrophes," the other on a doctrine of "uniformity." The former regarded the changes which have manifestly taken place in our planet as having occurred at epochs abruptly, while the other school, reposing on the great principle of the invariability of the laws of nature, insisted that affairs had always gone on in the same way as they do now. It is hardly necessary to say that the latter theory has driven the old theory of catastrophe completely from the field.—New York American.

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I accept your offer to try a 50c. bottle of Psychine (pronounced "Si-keen") at your expense. I have not had a 50c. bottle of Psychine under this plan. Kindly advise my druggist to deliver this bottle to me.

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My Druggist's Name.....

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This coupon is not good for a 50c. bottle of Psychine if presented to the druggist—it must be sent us—we will then buy the 50c. bottle of Psychine from your druggist and direct him to deliver it to you. This offer may be withdrawn at any time without notice. Send coupon to-day.

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A Candy Bowel Laxative.

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The Napanee Express

E. J. POLLARD.

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

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THE SIGN OF GOOD BREAD is the eagerness with which people eat it. Try a loaf of ours on your table.

YOU WILL BE SURPRISED how quickly it will disappear, even though your family are not generally big bread eaters. That's a sign the bread is much better than they are used to getting. It is

What Other Papers Say.

Kingston Whig.

Mr. Fielding is the first man since Lord Elgin to come back from Washington with a good bargain in his pocket.

Windsor Record.

Speaker Uncle Joe Cannon is said to be very fond of roast green corn. He is fond also of roast Democrat done brown with no "trimmin's."

Ottawa Free Press.

That canard about the Rainbow being wrecked was ridiculous. Doesn't a Rainbow indicate peace and fair weather wherever it happens to be?

London Free Press.

The police of Quebec are still looking for Sheldon. The police of Ontario will sympathize with those of the lower Province in the difficulty of laying hands upon big financiers.

London Advertiser.

The men who profess a new-found friendship for reciprocity within the Empire as an alternative to reciprocity with the United States, would be the first to oppose any lowering of the tariff against British goods.

Quebec Chronicle.

If Senator Lodge had known in advance that the terms of the reciprocity agreement with Canada would include codfish, would he have committed himself to Canadian reciprocity when his election was in doubt?

Kingston British Whig.

Hon. Mr. Derbyshire, who is familiar with the dairy interests of Canada, says the reciprocity agreement will make Canada rich. If that is the farmers' verdict the conservative caucus had better take notice.

Goderich Signal.

The Canadian manufacturers will have themselves to blame if they do not benefit by the opening of the United States market to Canadian farm products. The farmer with more money in his pocket will be in a better position to buy the products of the factories, and increased prosperity all round will be the natural result.

Exchange.

We have been knocking around the world trying to get markets for our products and have made treaties with Germany, France and other nations. Now, when there is opened to us the greatest market in the world, the United States with 100,000,000 of people some persons are kicking. It is pretty hard to please every one.

Whooping Cough

CROUP ASTHMA COUGHS
BRONCHITIS CATARRH COLDS

Vapo-Cresolene
ESTABLISHED 1873
A simple, safe and effective treatment for bronchial troubles, avoiding drugs. Vapo-Cresolene stops the paroxysms of Whooping Cough and relieves croup at once. It is a balm to sufferers from Asthma. The air rendered strongly antiseptic, inspired with every breath, makes breathing easy; soothes the sore throat and stops the cough, assuring restful nights. It is invaluable to mothers with young children.
Send us postal for descriptive booklet. 200

Prevent and Relieve Headache

"It gives me great pleasure to be able to refer to Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills as the best remedy we have yet had in our house for the prevention and cure of headache. My wife who has been a constant sufferer for a number of years with above complaint joins me in the hope that they may fall into the hands of all sufferers."

JOHN BUSH,
Waterville, Me.

Used Them Four Years.

"Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills are the best I ever tried for the relief of headache. I have used them for nearly four years and they never fail to give me relief. I have tried many other remedies, but have never found any better."

JOSEPH FRANKOWICK,
854 Trombley Av., Detroit, Mich.

There is no remedy that will more quickly relieve any form of headache than

Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills.

The best feature of this remarkable remedy is the fact that it does not derange the stomach or leave any disagreeable after-effects.

Price 25c at your druggist. He should supply you. If he does not, send price to us, we forward prepaid.
DR. MILES MEDICAL CO., Toronto.

Kingston Standard.

The only thing to fear in connection with the trade agreement between Canada and the United States is that the American Congress may refuse to pass it. That it will hurt some Canadian industries is certain; that it will immensely benefit the farmers is equally certain; that on the whole it will be of great advantage to Canada is undeniable. It is the most important and most beneficial trade agreement made since 1854.

Hamilton Times.

Evidently reciprocity does not frighten the non-political fruit growers and farmers of Ontario. And neither numbers nor noise will stampede Parliament or the Cabinet. If Mr. E. D. Smith is to lead an army to Ottawa, he must, to have any influence, be prepared to appeal to reason and justice. And he could do that as effectively, if less theatrically, by sealing up his facts and arguments in an envelope, putting a two-cent stamp on it, and directing it to Hon. Mr. Fielding, as by wasting his own, the country's and his neighbors' money in a costly jaunt to Ottawa. The days of the Red Parlor are past. Tariff laws are now made for the benefit of all the people.

Kingcardine Review (Con.)

However there is a chance that the arrangement may never amount to anything. That it will carry in Canada is a certainty. If Canada had got the short end of the stick—even if we had been transparently gold-bricked—the arrangement would still receive the assent of Parliament. So strong is Sir Wilfrid Laurier's power over his followers that not one of them would vote against Mr. Fielding's bargain. President Taft's control over Congress is not so absolute. There are tariff "stand-patters," and insurgent Republicans who will vote as their interests demand, and it is not seriously expected that the bargain will be rati-

BREAKING A CUSTOM.

How the Salt Shaker Was Introduced to the Spaniard.

Until a few years ago no Spaniard had on his dining table any other receptacle for salt than the old style open cellar. An enterprising Briton saw this, noted that the salt was always dirty and gummy and determined to introduce a certain famous salt shaker from which clean salt would run freely in the dampest weather. Bravely he started to tour Spain for the company.

"No, señor; no est costumbre usar mas quo esto" ("No, sir; it's not customary to use more than that")—the old cellar, was the answer of every dealer to whom he presented the novelty. Again and again he was rebuffed. He began to despair when, standing one day gazing into a jeweler's window, a brilliant idea struck him. He entered. Realizing the child-like curiosity and impressionable character of his quarry, he persuaded the jeweler to display a shaker in his window and coached him about selling it. A Spaniard came along, looked in the window, saw the curious object, investigated.

"It is very pretty for the toilet table," he remarked after prolonged scrutiny, "perhaps useful for the children. What goes in it—perfume?"

Indifferently the jeweler glanced up from some scribbling. "No, sir; only salt."

"Man, salt?"

"Yes. Possibly I could get you a little—the kind that doesn't get sticky—to try. But I don't know."

The simple gentleman was amazed, angry, affronted, by the novelty, but he took it and an ounce or two of the special salt home with him. The jeweler ordered another shaker and more samples of salt. By and by the gentleman had used all his salt and wanted more of the same kind. The business of that company today is worth many figures in Spain every year, and more than that, as it is "costumbre" now to use that particular sort of shaker and brand of salt there is virtually no competition.—Arthur Stanley Riggs in Century.

INSULTED THE KING.

The Joke a Printer Turned on Louis Philippe and M. Thiers.

One morning during the reign of Louis Philippe there appeared in the Constitutionnel the following startling paragraph:

"His majesty the king received M. Thiers yesterday at the Tuilleries and charged him with the formation of a new cabinet. The distinguished statesman hastened to reply to the king: 'I have only one regret, which is that I cannot wring your neck like a turkey's.'"

A few lines lower down there was another paragraph running to the following effect:

"The efforts of justice have been promptly crowned with success. The murderer of the Rue du Pot-de-Fer has been arrested in a house of bad reputation. Led at once before the judge of instruction, the wretch had the hardihood to address the magistrate in terms of coarse insult, winding up with the following words, which amply show that there remains not a spark of conscience or right feeling in this hardened soul:

"God and man are my witnesses that I have never had any other ambition than to serve your august person and my country loyally to the best of my ability."

The printer had just cleverly managed to interchange the two addresses. The cream of the joke was that it was universally known how very little love

in the eagerness with which people eat it. Try a loaf of ours on your table.

YOU WILL BE SURPRISED

how quickly it will disappear, even though your family are not generally big bread eaters. That's a sign the bread is much better than they are used to getting. It is no reflection on you that our bread is better than that you take. It ought to be. We bake hundreds of loaves where you bake one. And the practice has made us perfect.

W. M. CAMBRIDGE,
Next door Robinson Co.
Napanee
Phone 96.

Synopsis of Canadian Northwest Land Regulations.

ANY person who is the sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years of age, may from a road or a quarter section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. The applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency for the district. Entry by proxy may be made at any agency, on certain conditions, by father, mother, son, daughter, brother or sister of intending homesteader.

Duties—Six months residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres, solely owned and occupied by him or his father, mother, son, daughter, brother or sister.

In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter section adjoining his homestead. Price \$300 per acre.

Duties—Must reside on the land for one of six years from date of his selection, including the time required to cultivate homestead, plant and cultivate fifty acres extra.

A homesteader who has exhausted his homestead right and cannot obtain a pre-emption may take a purchased farmstead in certain districts. Price \$500 per acre. Duties—Must reside six months in each of three years, and cultivate fifty acres and erect a house worth \$500.

W. W. CORY,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.
N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will be punished by law.

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Lath,
Shingles,
and Cedar Posts.

Tanks, and all kinds of Sash
Factory & Planing Mill Goods

Cordwood and Blocks for sale.

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A simple, safe and effective treatment for Bronchitis, Croup, Whooping Cough and relief of colds. It is a balm to soothe the throat, soothe the lungs, soothe the chest, soothe the stomach, soothe the nerves, soothe the system. It is a balm to soothe the throat, soothe the lungs, soothe the chest, soothe the stomach, soothe the nerves, soothe the system. It is a balm to soothe the throat, soothe the lungs, soothe the chest, soothe the stomach, soothe the nerves, soothe the system.

ALL DRUGGISTS
Vapo-Cresolene Co.
Leamington, Ont.
MONTREAL



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REAL ESTATE, INSURANCE,
Books Audited, Accounts Collected
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MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of New York.
Assets \$510,000,000.

THE FIDELITY and CASUALTY COMPANY, of New York.
Insures against ANY ACCIDENT or ANY SICKNESS.

Agency for the Best Fire Companies, including:
LIVERPOOL & LONDON & GLOBE INSURANCE CO.
Cash Assets \$55,000,000.

MERCANTILE FIRE COMPANY
Capital and Assets \$21,700,000.

INSURANCE OF HORSES—and other livestock against loss by death from accident, disease, fire and lightning; also disablement allowances.

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has thousands of graduates throughout Canada and the United States. It has furnished *four* teachers for the largest American Business Colleges and two are teachers in Canadian Colleges. Every member of the Spring Class obtained good positions. Over one hundred graduates have good positions in the City of Belleville. Write for our new Catalogue with photographs of spring classes.

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vote against Mr. Fielding's bargain. President Taft's control over Congress is not so absolute. There are tariff "stand-patters," and insurgent Republicans who will vote as their interests demand, and it is not seriously expected that the bargain will be ratified in Washington. If it is not ratified there, then good-bye to international trade negotiations. The next time a Canadian Government will resume the discussion will be about the time when ice palaces and winter carnivals are advertised as attractive features of the future residence of so many of our American cousins.

DINING ON SEA URCHIN.

Queer Way in Which the Glutton Starfish Devours Its Prey.

Fights to the death are common between sea urchins and starfish. The starfish when ready for battle raises one of his arms toward the sea urchin. The urchin shoots out all his bristling spines, or needles, and, in addition to his always visible arms, brings out an arm that is never seen unless it is needed for active use. This usually invisible weapon is a sort of nipper, edged with teeth. During one fight between a sea urchin and a starfish the starfish, with a sudden movement, broke off the pincers of the urchin.

The pincers remained imbedded in the flesh of the starfish. Finding his chief weapon gone, the urchin drove all his needles into the back of the starfish, not all together, but one after another, with all the method of calculated action. As the needles entered the back of the starfish the starfish broke them, one by one. The urchin, rendered powerless by the loss of his needles, made a few mechanical movements in self defense and then lay motionless and powerless on the water. After a few minutes' hesitation and a close scrutiny of his subject the starfish approached the urchin and prepared to devour him. But as the urchin was six times larger than his mouth he turned out his stomach in the manner noted by naturalists as a common maneuver of certain animals and, having rejected his stomach lining, inserted the urchin's carcass, spines and all. During the time consumed by him in the struggle of digestion he was closely observed. Having writhed in agony for some days, he began to show a change of appearance. The distention of his middle decreased, and his movements lost their spasmodic character. Later he was seen to move with more activity. One morning, warmed up for action by the power of the sun's heat, he moved his stomach rapidly from side to side and from top to bottom and rejected the spines, fins, bone plates, jaws—everything that had not disappeared during the process of digestion. The elimination accomplished and his appetite satisfied, the starfish replaced his stomach in its normal position and resumed the even tenor of his life.—Harper's Weekly.

Where the Sore Pinched.

Crawford—Does your conscience trouble you for losing that money? Crabshaw—No, but my wife does. You see, it was her money.—Judge.

The fewer desires the more peace.—Wilson.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Watson*

bition than to serve your august person and my country loyally to the best of my ability."

The printer had just cleverly managed to interchange the two addresses. The cream of the joke was that it was universally known how very little love there was lost between the king and the minister.—Strauss' Reminiscences.

A Snake Tale.

A man took his small son to the park. They fed bread to the swans and then stood for a long time in front of a cage of serpents. The boy looked at them with fascinated eyes. At last he exclaimed, "I like these tails all right, but where are the animals?"—Lippincott's.

Probably.

The Orator—I ask yer. Wot is this life we 'old-so dear? Soon I'll be lyin' with me forefathers. The Voice—An' givin' them points at the game too!—London Sketch.

SAVED HER FINGER.



CONTAINS NO ANIMAL OIL OR FAT
FOR ANY PURPOSE

Zam-Buk

Mrs. B. E. Belwell, of 337 Provencer Ave., St. Boniface, Winnipeg, says:—"Some time ago my children took diphtheria, and while attending them the poison entered a small scratch on the second finger of my left hand. This became very sore and blood-poisoning soon set in. For months after the children were quite well I was suffering from a shockingly bad finger. The scratch was caused originally by a pin, and in itself, was not at all serious. The consequences, however, of neglecting this scratch, were very serious to me.

"When the blood-poisoning set in I tried poultices and a salve I had in the house. These, however, did not give me the desired effect. Quite on the contrary the finger became more and more swollen and discolored. It then began to fester, and I had to call a doctor. He lanced the finger to let out the pus, and you can imagine how painful the finger was! Despite his care, however, it again festered and the ointments, liniments, and other preparations which the doctor gave me seemed absolutely unable to bring about any relief.

"The doctor thereupon advised me to go into the St. Boniface Hospital. I feared that if I went to the Hospital the finger would be amputated. We were told of a case similar to my own in which Zam-Buk had effected a cure when everything else had failed and the doctor had said that only amputation could save the person's hand.

"We, therefore, decided to give Zam-Buk a trial. A supply was procured, and we commenced the Zam-Buk treatment. It only needed a few days to show the wisdom of this step. The blood-poisoning and inflammation were reduced, the pain became less acute, and it was evident very shortly that the trouble was being reduced to a less and still less area. We persevered with the Zam-Buk and in the end the festering sore was thoroughly cleaned, then healed. In under three weeks from first commencing with Zam-Buk the finger was entirely well, and the wound healed. Zam-Buk in the first place, instead of trying ordinary preparations, no doubt I should have saved myself hours and hours of acute agony."

All mothers should note this. Zam-Buk is a sure cure for blood-poisoning, festering, cuts, scratches from barbed wire, bruises, eczema, rashes, tetter, scab rheum, face sores, ulcers, piles, bad leg, various veins, and all skin injuries and diseases. 50c a box, all drug stores and stores or post free from Zam-Buk Co., Toronto, for price. Send in stamp for postage of free trial box. Refuse all imitations.

AFTER SUFFERING YEARS

Cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Fox Creek, N.B.—"I have always had pains in the loins and a weakness there, and often after my meals my food would distress me and cause soreness. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done me much good. I am stronger, digestion is better, and I can walk with ambition. I have encouraged many mothers of families to take it, as it is the best remedy in the world. You can publish this in the papers."—Mrs. WILLIAM BOURQUE, Fox Creek, N.B., Canada.



The above is only one of the thousands of grateful letters which are constantly being received by the Pinkham Medicine Company of Lynn, Mass., which prove beyond a doubt that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from roots and herbs, actually does cure these obstinate diseases of women after all other means have failed, and that every such suffering woman owes it to herself to at least give Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial before submitting to an operation, or giving up hope of recovery.

Mrs. Pinkham, of Lynn, Mass., invites all sick women to write her for advice. She has guided thousands to health and her advice is free.

A Resourceful Community.

"We didn't know what to do about Plute Pete," said the Crimson Gulch citizen. "He was a real good feller, but he would be careless about shootin' up the populace."

"Did you straighten out the matter?" "To some extent. We elected him sheriff, thereby makin' it look a little more legal."—Washington Star.

Breaking It Gently.

Young Wife—Tomorrow will be my twenty-fifth birthday. Hubby—Why, a year ago, just before our wedding, you told me you were twenty. Young Wife—Yes, but we women age rapidly after marriage.—Boston Transcript.

A Bad Cold.

"There are two stages in a bad cold," averred Uncle Allan Sparks. "In the one stage it afflicts the man that's got it, and in the other it afflicts everybody else."—Chicago Tribune.

Proper Eating Would Insure Better Health and Longer Life.

Medical experts, insurance men, educators and teachers of the science of health and happiness generally are in favor of simpler living and a return to nature. The mortality of adult age—of the period between forty and sixty—is increasing, but it is not due to the stress of modern life, to worry and overwork, as some have supposed. It is due, we are assured, to overeating and bad diets. There is every reason why we should live longer and be healthier, for comforts are increasing and inventions are lessening toil and anxiety. But our very prosperity has led to richer and ampler diets, and there is where the mischief lies—there, and in our indoor life. We shun nature; we shut out light and air; we walk little and seldom eat or rest in the open air, in gardens, fields or on porches.

This is all wrong, and the wages of this wrong are ill health, depression, gloom, the shortening of the natural span of life. Habits of outdoor life should be formed early—at school. As much teaching as possible should be done in the open air—and as much playing likewise. After graduation boys and girls should continue to cultivate the outdoor life and families should continue the practice.—Chicago Record-Herald.

Telephone Lies.

At One Hundred and First street and Broadway a man was talking into a telephone. Presently he was heard to say: "All right, I'll come. I am now at Twenty-third street and Broadway. I'll be up in about half an hour."

"That chap seems to have lost his bearings," said a man who had overheard the error in locality.

"He knows where he is all right," said a drug clerk. "He's just putting up a bluff. It is quite a common bluff. Men who have a mighty high regard for truth at all other times do not hesitate to tell a whopper about where they are when talking over the telephone. I have heard persons swear over that wire that they were telephoning from points all the way from Hoboken to Amityville. They were not seasoned liars, either; just wanted a few minutes' grace apparently and thought the easiest way to get it was to make out they were a mile or two farther away than they really were."—New York Press.

Custom In Spain.

One thing specially is vital in Spain: "Costumbre," they say ("It is the custom"). It explains commercial honor tersely for the Spanish business man to keep his word and pay his bills; exactly as it is equally customary for him to lack what we call "honor" in some other departments of life. It is customary to do or not to do, to like or not to like, a thousand things. Why? "Costumbre" is the only reply. It is customary, moreover, not to yield readily to an improvement or a luxury, even as it is again equally customary, once the Spaniard has yielded to a given thing, to hold to it like adamant.—Arthur Stanley Riggs in Century.

No
Alum

CLEVELAND'S SUPERIOR BAKING POWDER

For more than a generation the best cooks and teachers of cookery have used and recommended it.

A good lead for
housekeepers
to follow

WEB OF THE SPIDER.

Thousands of Strands in Each of Its Silky Threads.

For a long time the web of the spider was supposed to be a simple strand of wavy silk, but later it was found that such was far from being the case.

Under the microscope we can get at the secret of the spinning very nicely. We see that there are either four or six teats on the spider near the lower part of the abdomen, almost exactly similar to the teats of a cow. From these issue four or six strands, as the case may be. But these strands themselves are not simple, but are composed of at least a thousand fibers each, for it has been proved that in each teat there is a sieve of at least a thousand holes, through which the silky matter is strained. Thus we see that, fine as is a spider's web, it is yet composed of from 4,000 to 6,000 fibers. Leuwenhoeck states that it would take at least 4,000,000 of the completed threads to make a thread as strong as a silk thread of the size of a hair.

As to the color of the thread, our ordinary spiders spin one of a uniform gray color. But in the riotous tropics there are found spiders that spin varicolored webs. One particularly produces red, yellow and black threads, which it binds together with a pleasing color effect.

In the thread of the spider lies dormant a great industry once it is properly studied.—Popular Magazine.

Struck a Coincidence.

It was the hour of family confidences. Mr. Buggins had finished his evening papers and in slippers and dressing gown was toasting his toes before the asbestos fire log, while the wife of the house was cutting a few stitches

O. A. C. RENEWS ITS OFFER OF ASSISTANCE IN DRAINAGE.

In July, 1909, the Department of Physics at the O. A. C. prepared a plan of drains for a 52 acre block of land that had never grown a crop—it was too wet. The drains were laid that autumn. In 1910 that 52 acres yielded potatoes and corn to the value of \$2250. The farm lies within five miles of the city of London. Why had this land lain useless for generations? Perhaps the previous owners thought it could not be drained—as a matter of fact it was a difficult problem, for this land was very flat and the outlet poor. Perhaps they did not believe drainage would pay—this one crop should convince them. Or perhaps they believed in drainage but did not know just how to undertake such extensive drainage operations.

The Ontario Agricultural College is endeavoring to help those in doubt about drainage. Any farmer in Ontario wishing assistance in his drainage problems may have the same by making application to the Department of Physics, O.A.C., Guelph. As soon as possible after the receipt of the application a drainage adviser is sent to make a survey of the land, after which he makes a complete map showing the location of the drains, the grade, size of tile, etc. When completed the map is sent to the owner, so that he has an accurate guide to follow in putting in his drains. As in previous years, the only outlay to the farmer is the necessary travelling expenses of one man in connection with the survey. The railways give a rate of a cent a mile for this work, so that the travelling expenses are light.

After one survey in each locality a Drainage Demonstration is held right in the field surveyed, to which all the neighbors are invited. At this meet-

YOUR BLOOD IS TAINTED

ULCERS, BOILS, SWOLLEN GLANDS, BLOTCHES, PIMPLES, AND ALL SKIN AND BLOOD DISEASES ARE COMPLETELY CURED BY THE NEW METHOD TREATMENT

We desire to call the attention of all those afflicted with any Blood or Skin Disease to our New Method Treatment as a guaranteed

PIMPLES, AND ALL SKIN AND BLOOD DISEASES ARE COMPLETELY CURED BY THE NEW METHOD TREATMENT



We desire to call the attention of all those afflicted with any Blood or Skin Disease to our New Method Treatment as a guaranteed cure for these complaints. There is no excuse for any person having a disfigured face from eruptions and blotches. No matter whether hereditary or acquired, our specific remedies and treatment neutralize all poisons in the blood and expel them from the system. Our vast experience in the treatment of thousands of the most serious and complicated cases enables us to perfect a cure without experimenting. We do business on the plan—Pay Only for the Benefit You Derive. If you have any blood disease, consult us Free of Charge and let us prove to you how quickly our remedies will remove all evidences of disease. Under the influence of the New Method Treatment the skin becomes clear, ulcers, pimples and blotches heal up, enlarged glands are reduced, fallen out hair grows in again, the eyes become bright, ambition and energy return, and the victim realizes a new life has opened up to him.

YOU CAN ARRANGE TO PAY AFTER
YOU ARE CURED

CONSULTATION FREE

Send for Booklet on Diseases of Men
"THE GOLDEN MONITOR" FREE

If unable to call, write for a Question List
for Home Treatment

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NOTICE

All letters from Canada must be addressed to our Canadian Correspondence Department in Windsor, Ont. If you desire to see us personally call at our Medical Institute in Detroit as we see and treat no patients in our Windsor offices which are for Correspondence and Laboratory for Canadian business only. Address all letters as follows:

DRS. KENNEDY & KENNEDY, Windsor, Ont.

Write for our private address.

Bay of Quinte Railway and Navigation Company

GENERAL PASSENGER TIME TABLE,

No. 31 Taking effect Dec 1st, 1906.

Eastern Standard Time.

Bannockburn and Tamworth to Napanee and Deseronto.

Stations	Miles	No. 12	No. 40	No. 4	No. 6
		A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Lve Bannockburn	0	—	—	1:40	—
Allans	5	—	—	1:50	—
Queensboro	5	—	—	2:05	—
Bridgewater	14	—	—	2:25	—
Art Tweed	20	—	—	2:45	—
Lve Tweed	23	6:00	—	3:05	—
Stoco	27	7:15	—	3:30	—
Larkins	33	7:35	—	3:45	—
Marbank	37	7:50	—	3:55	—
Erinsville	40	8:05	—	4:10	—
Tamworth	40	8:05	—	4:10	—
Wilson	44	8:25	—	4:35	—
Enterprise	48	8:35	—	4:45	—
Mudlake Bridge	51	8:45	—	4:55	—
Moscow	51	8:45	—	4:55	—
Galbraith	53	—	—	5:15	—
Yarker	55	8:45	—	5:30	—
Lve Yarker	55	—	—	5:35	—
Camden East	60	—	—	5:45	—
Thomson's Mills	61	—	—	5:55	—
Newburgh	63	—	—	6:05	—
Strathcona	63	—	—	6:15	—
Napanee	69	—	—	6:30	—
Lve Napanee	69	—	—	6:35	—
Deseronto	79	—	—	6:55	—

Deseronto and Napanee to Tamworth and Bannockburn.

Stations	Miles	No. 1	No. 41	No. 3	No. 5
		A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Lve Deseronto	—	7:00	—	—	—
Arr Napanee	9	7:20	—	—	—
Lve Napanee	9	7:50	12:00	4:25	—
Strathcona	15	8:05	12:15	4:40	—
Newburgh	17	8:15	12:25	4:50	—
Thomson's Mills	18	—	—	—	—
Camden East	19	8:30	12:35	5:00	—
Arr Yarker	23	8:45	12:50	5:13	—
Lve Yarker	23	—	12:55	5:25	—
Galbraith	25	—	—	—	—
Moscow	27	9:00	—	1:07	5:48
Mudlake Bridge	30	—	—	—	—
Enterprise	32	9:35	—	1:23	6:03
Wilson	34	—	—	—	—
Tamworth	38	10:00	—	1:40	6:20
Erinsville	41	10:10	—	—	—
Marbank	45	10:25	—	—	—
Larkins	51	10:45	—	—	—
Stoco	55	11:00	—	—	—
Arr Tweed	58	11:15	—	—	—
Lve Tweed	58	—	—	—	—
Bridgewater	64	11:50	—	—	—
Queensboro	70	12:05	—	—	—
Allans	73	12:20	—	—	—
Arr Bannockburn	78	12:40	—	—	—

Kingston and Sydenham to Napanee and Deseronto.

Stations	Miles	No. 1	No. 4	No. 5	No. 6
		A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Lve Kingston	0	—	—	4:00	—
G. T. R. Junction	9	—	—	4:10	—
Glenvale	10	—	—	4:30	—
Murvale	14	—	—	4:55	—
Harrowsmith	19	—	—	5:10	—
Sydenham	28	6:10	—	—	—
Harrowsmith	19	6:20	—	—	—
Frontenac	22	—	—	—	—
Yarker	26	6:10	—	—	—
Lve Yarker	26	—	—	—	—
Camden East	30	6:24	—	—	—
Thomson's Mills	31	—	—	—	—
Newburgh	33	6:35	—	—	—
Strathcona	34	6:45	—	—	—
Napanee	40	6:58	—	—	—
Lve Napanee	40	—	—	—	—
Deseronto	49	—	—	—	—

Deseronto and Napanee to Sydenham and Kingston.

Stations	Miles	No. 1	No. 3	No. 5	No. 6
		A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Lve Deseronto	—	7:00	—	—	—
Arr Napanee	9	7:20	—	—	—
Lve Napanee	9	7:50	12:00	4:25	—
Strathcona	15	8:05	12:15	4:40	—
Newburgh	17	8:15	12:25	4:50	—
Thomson's Mills	18	—	—	—	—
Camden East	19	8:30	12:35	5:00	—
Arr Yarker	23	8:45	12:50	5:13	—
Lve Yarker	23	—	12:55	5:25	—
Frontenac	26	—	—	—	—
Arr Harrowsmith	30	9:10	—	—	—
Sydenham	38	9:10	—	—	—
Harrowsmith	30	9:10	—	—	—
Lve Harrowsmith	30	—	—	—	—
Murvale	39	—	—	—	—
Glenvale	39	—	—	—	—
G. T. R. Junction	47	9:50	—	—	—
Arr Kingston	49	10:00	—	—	—

LOCAL WORKING TIME TABLE.

NAPANEE to DESERONTO and PICTON.

TRAINS	STEAMERS
Leave Napanee	Leave Deseronto
2 15 a.m.	2 35 a.m.
7 10 "	8 10 "
10 40 "	10 50 "
11 50 a.m.	12 10 p.m.
1 25 p.m.	1 45 "
4 30 "	4 50 "
6 50 "	7 10 "
8 15 "	8 35 "

PICTON to DESERONTO and NAPANEE.

STEAMERS	TRAINS
Leave Picton	Leave Deseronto
6 00 a.m.	7 25 a.m.
9 50 a.m.	11 20 a.m.
	11 20 a.m.
	12 20 p.m.
	3 45 p.m.
	6 10 "
	7 40 "
	11 40 a.m.
	1 01 a.m.
	7 00 "
	7 15 "

Daily. All other trains run daily Sundays excepted.

WALTER RATHBUN
President.

H. B. SHERWOOD
Superintendent.

MILES MCKEOWN,
Dispatcher.

It was the hour of family confidences. Mr. Buggins had finished his evening papers and in slippers and dressing gown was toasting his toes before the asbestos fire log, while the wife of his bosom was putting a few stitches in the table cover she was doing for Aunt Mary.

"I did something today that I've been screwing up my courage to do for a long time," said Mrs. Buggins.

"Yes?" said Mr. Buggins, mildly interested. "What was it?"

"You know that odious Mrs. Bjones?" replied Mrs. Buggins. "Well, I paid her a call that I have owed for nearly a year."

"My dear, I can sympathize with you," said Mr. Buggins. "Today, by a strange coincidence, I paid that odious Mr. Bjones a bill I had owed him for quite as long."—New York Times.

Throne Jewels.

In the "gold pantry" at Windsor castle, one of England's chief royal palaces, is the gold tiger's head taken from Tipu Sahib's throne in 1780. It is lifelike, and the teeth and eyes are of rock crystal. Another relic captured at the same time is the jeweled bird called the uma, shaped like a pigeon, with a peacock tail. The feathers blaze with precious stones, and a great emerald hangs from its breast. According to an old Indian legend, whoever owns this bird will rule India.

It Depends.

Bill—They tell me that a goat eats twelve times its weight in a year.

Jill—Does that represent much food, do you suppose?

"Well, it all depends whether what the goat eats happens to be paper covered novels or lead pipe!—Yonkers Statesman.

An Exception.

"Emerson says there is always a best way of doing everything."

"Is there? I wonder if he ever found a best way of wearing a pair of shoes that were about a size too small."—Chicago Record-Herald.

No Chance.

"Do you always do a little more than is expected of you?"

"No; my boss always expects a little more than you can do."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Sincerity and pure truth in what age soever find their opportunity and advantage.—Montague.

Dr. de Van's Female Pills

A reliable French regulator; never fails. These pills are exceedingly powerful in regulating the generative portion of the female system. Refuse all cheap imitations. Dr. de Van's are sold at \$5 a box, or three for \$10. Mailed to any address. The Scobell Drug Co., St. Catharines, Ont. Or at Hooper's Drug Store.

POSITIVELY FREE!

Trial Package Postpaid, "Hennequin's Infant Tablets."

Any Address. Send Post Card. Write your Address plainly.

Hennequin's Infant Tablets

Save Babies' Lives. For Babies and Small Children. (Made in France.)

Dr. Hennequin's Infant Tablets saved our little girl's life. Three doctors said she could not live. The Tablets cured her.—Ms. E. R. McBride, Napanee, Ont.

My baby was so weak from sickness that he could hardly walk. We thought he would die. We could find nothing to help him. I was given a sample package of three Hennequin Tablets; we used them; I saw a change at once. We secured the Tablets and our baby improved every day, and is now a bright, fat, good natured boy; you could not believe he was the same child. They certainly cured my baby and saved his life. I believe them to be the best medicine ever sold for babies. Mothers if your babies are not well take my advice and try these Tablets.—Mrs. James Rippey, Barrydale, Ont.

We have hundreds of such letters. If the Tablets were not what you need we would not offer to give them away and pay them. If your baby is not well send for trial package. Hennequin Tablets have the letter "H" stamped upon them—this is your guarantee.

All dealers, 25c per package, or for \$1.00 sent postpaid to any address.

DOUGLAS & CO., Wholesale Agents, Napanee, Ont., Can.

Mfgs. of DOUGLAS' EGYPTIAN LINIMENT Coleman's Paste A. A. A. etc., etc. When writing please mention this paper.

A GOLDEN OPPORTUNITY.

One of the many good features of the Canadian Government Annuities Act which should commend it to wage earners, and others with small or uncertain incomes, is the fact that if the purchaser is obliged for any reason to discontinue his regular payments there is no fine, no lapse, and no forfeiture. Whatever money he pays in will remain with the Government at 4 per cent compound interest until the time when the Annuity period is due, and he will then receive such Annuity as the payments he has made with accrued interest will purchase. If the amount paid is found not to be sufficient to purchase an Annuity of \$50, which is the smallest amount that can be purchased under the Act, all the money received with 8 per cent compound interest will be returned to the purchaser. The system is most elastic, and the payments can be resumed at any time, and the arrears made up by a lump sum payment, or by increased payments spread over a number of years, in order that the Annuity originally aimed at may be secured.

Further particulars of this most provident scheme may be had upon application to your Postmaster, or by writing to the Superintendent of Government Annuities, Ottawa, postage free.

THE WRECK OF "DANGER CUE."

By Alexandria H. Campbell (Mrs. Campbell-Smith, B.E., D.S.A.)

The event commemorated in the following narrative and descriptive recitation, took place at Collins Bay, 12.45 a. m., January 28rd, 1911:

An east-bound freight on the G.T.R. was wending along its way With a heavy load, when it reached the grade just east of Collins Bay. Wrapped in slumber the village lay, it was the midnight hour,

Nothing in all that peaceful scene betokened danger's hour,

When the engineer discovered that his train had broke in two,

Several cars and five dead engines down grade to danger flew,

He hastened back to get them, close following in the rear

Another freight was coming, each moment drawing near.

They stopped the runaway, and sent a brakeman to flag the train,

He ran, for he knew he must make the "curve" or all would be in vain!

Every man that drives an engine upon this road knows well,

The dangers that lurk in "Danger Cut" coming east one cannot tell.

A sharp curve, then a cut, high embankments on either side,

Next a steep grade on which the engine pants and labors as you ride.

The brakeman rushing forward was hoping time to gain,

No engineer should be past that point would have time to stop his train.

But scarce had he gone any distance, when the headlight came in view,

In haste he signalled the engineer, and that was the last he knew.

Round the blind curve into "Danger Cut," making good time, she sped,

Knowing it takes every pound of steam for the difficult grade ahead.

'Twas Engineer William Dennis, he knew every foot of the way,

This was his native village, the home of his boyhood's play.

He must have seen the danger as his engine turned the curve,

Seeing he'd know 'twas fatal, but it did not his arm unnerve.

Firmly grasping the lever he threw the reverse throttle wide,

He'd make an effort to stop the train whether he lived or died.

Next moment there came a thunderous crash! with such great force they struck,

The five dead engines on the track in an instant were junk and truck.

Cars were derailed, and two of them took an aviation flight,

Tearing down the telegraph wires, where they happened to alight.

Another danger threatened, the night express was due,

And the train that was due, but their heads

RAGING HEADACHE STOPPED AT ONCE

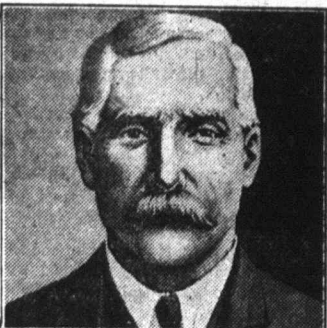
When He Took "Fruit-a-tives"

SHANLEY, ONT., Sept. 23rd, 1910.

"You certainly have the Greatest discovered Headache Cure in the world. Before 'Fruit-a-tives' came before the public, I suffered tortures from Headaches caused by Stomach Disorders.

"One of your travellers called on me when I had one of my raging headaches and had my head almost raw from external applications.

"I hated to see any person coming into the store (much less a commercial traveller) and I told him very curtly that I had a headache but he insisted on my trying 'Fruit-a-tives'.



"I did so, with what I would call amazing results. They completely cured me and since then (nearly six years ago) it is only necessary for me to take one occasionally to preserve me in my present good health. I was 65 years old yesterday and have been a general store keeper at the above address for twenty-five years."

WM. PITT

As Mr. Pitt says "Fruit-a-tives" is the greatest headache cure in the world.

Dealers everywhere have "Fruit-a-tives" at 50c. a box, 6 for \$2.50 or trial size, 25c. or sent on receipt of price by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

BETHEL.

The surveyors are going through again for the Canadian Northern railroad, so it is not yet known which side of the river the road will be built on.

The young people enjoyed a pleasant evening at Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Alkenbrack's last Wednesday, and a number of the married folks gathered on Friday and had a very enjoyable time.

Miss A. Martin, teacher, spent Saturday and Sunday at her home, Marysville, last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Ashley are ill.

Mr. and Mrs. Frederick McWilliams and daughter, Emma, and Mrs. J. W. Curl, and Master Denwood Dennison, also James A. Hamilton and sister, May, Carman Ashley and Miss Pearl Amey spent Sunday the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Walter Higgs, North Napanee.

Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Salsbury spent an evening recently with Mr. and Mrs. A. Alkenbrack, Camden East.

Catarrh Cannot be Cured

with LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a blood or constitutional disease, and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Cure is not a quack medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years, and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing Catarrh. Send for testimonials free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.

Sold by all Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

MACDONALD.

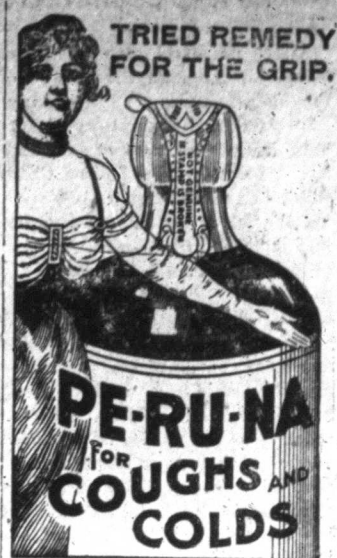
Monument For Sir John A. Macdonald

A Good Suggestion in Reference to his Boyhood Home.

The Canadian Courier prints an article from the pen of A. R. Davis well known in Napanee, with regard to the boyhood of the late Sir John Macdonald. In connection with the article is a map giving an outline of Hay Bay, a picture of Sir John's home when a boy, and a picture of the Methodist church which stands in an adjoining lot. This church has been undergoing renovation, and it is proposed next summer to have a re-opening under particularly favourable auspices. The Courier urges that a monument be erected to the memory of the man whose public life and service have been so conspicuously embodied in Canadian history. Speaking further the Courier adds.

"Should the suggestion take definite shape, the unveiling of the monument might easily be arranged for the same afternoon, possibly the 1st of July, thus affording the immense throng that would naturally gather from far and near the privilege of witnessing two most interesting and unique historical celebrations at one and the same time. Undoubtedly, the Methodism of all Canada would be represented in the former ceremony. Would not prominent officials, military regiments, and private citizens from far and near irrespective of party affiliations, feel disposed to have a part in the latter, and thus make it a national tribute of respect to the memory of the boyhood life? Such a demonstration and recognition of public service would encourage and stimulate to nobler endeavor the youth of our land, increase and intensify our patriotism, cleanse and exalt our politics, and form an illustrious precedent for the next generation in its dealing with the memory of the great men of Canada, who are now bearing the burden."

Speaking editorially the Kingston Whig says: In one of his speeches in this city many years ago Sir John Macdonald referred to the time when he would be looking down upon the scenes of his earthly triumphs and taking notice of what his successors in life and office were doing. He passed away many years ago, but not so long that many do not remember him.



Ask your Druggist for a Free Peruna Almanic for 1911.

his words, his works, his influence. In the cemetery near here his remains lie, and upon his grave from time to time his friends lay the flowers of grateful remembrance. In our park his statue calls to mind the career of an active, an alert, and a successful man. Adolphustown may well desire some monument with which to identify him with the old homestead at Hay Bay.

Why not buy this house and preserve it as the Americans have preserved the homes of Lincoln and Washington? To it many would make pilgrimage from year to year and the spot upon which the deceased statesman trod when a lad would become venerated. There is not much time in which to act. Some friends of the late premier in the commons might move that an appropriation be made for the purchase of the homestead. A grant for this purpose would be generally endorsed. It should and no doubt would, receive the warmest endorsement of liberals and conservatives in the Midland district.

Paints. Varnishes. Stains etc.

It is out of season to talk paint, but often there is some little thing wanted for inside painting at this season and we wish to remind you that we have a well assorted stock of everything in the paint line at Wallace's Drug Store.



The thing to consider

In purchasing a sound-reproducing instrument is the fidelity with which it reproduces the human voice in songs or speeches and the musical notes of instruments. Until you have heard the

struck.
The five dead engines on the track in an instant were junk and truck.
Cars were derailed, and two of them took an aviation flight.
Tearing down the telegraph wires, where they happened to alight.
Another danger threatened, the night express was due.
But these brave trainmen kept their heads and stopped her coming through.
That loud crash roused the villagers, hastening from bed and cot.
The hiss of the escaping steam soon drew them to the spot.
Mid fire and flames at midnight that lit up the wintry night,
Were gathering crowds of people who had wakened in a fright.

The fireman was killed outright, the brakeman lost an arm,
By being buried in the wreck was saved from further harm.
In what was left of the cab, they found what was left of the engineer.
His poor charred hand grasped the lever reversed, friends, grudge him not a tear!
If to die at his post of duty makes a man a "hero" tried!
With no thought save that of "duty" plainly this hero died.

Copied from Kingston Whig, Feb. 3rd.

ODESSA.

George Leonard, mail carrier, and Miss Lottie Hartman, second daughter of Alpheus Hartman were quietly married at Kingston, on Tuesday, Jan. 31st.

The Ladies' Aid held their afternoon social last week at Mrs. R. H. Peters. A little over \$4 was realized.

The work in connection with the new church is progressing favorably. Seventy loads of sand already has been drawn and the workers expect to make it one hundred this week, if the roads are favorable.

A baby girl arrived at C. A. Emmons. Joy and Son, Nananee, visited this town, last week, and secured the order for the cement bricks to be used in the building of the new church.

Mr. and Mrs. Eddie Turner, the latter, formerly Miss Floss Murphy, are visitors.

Miss Bertie Metzler is spending a few days at Nananee.

The ice harvesters are busy, filling the ice houses with first class ice.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

DENBIGH.

Dr. J. Adams has been kept very busy lately, for besides a few cases of smallpox quite a number in the vicinity are suffering from severe colds, la grippe and other ailments.

Mrs. D. Youmans, who has been suffering from chronic bronchitis for a long time, passed peacefully away on Feb. 1st, at the age of about 74 years. The funeral took place on Sunday last, and was largely attended.

Miss Emma Marquardt is still staying with her sister, Mrs. Jas. Mackay, of Tyendinaga, who also has been very ill, but is now considered out of danger and likely to recover.

Rev. Irvine, of Flinton, favored some of his old friends in our village with a call last week.

Rev. and Mrs. J. Reble enjoyed a very pleasant visit last week with their friends, Rev. and Mrs. Kupfer, of Arnprior.

Thos. Pringle, who has been engaged in one of the lumber camps in New Ontario, has arrived home again.

Mr. J. S. Lane has lately been shipping considerable dressed lumber and other building material to North Bay, where he has purchased some town lots on which he intends to build a house next spring. He is also getting a big supply of nice sawlogs to his mill for next springs sawing.

scription. It is composed of the best tonic known, combined with the best blood purifiers acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing Catarrh. Send for testimonials free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.
Sold at all Druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

MACDONALD.

Mr. Goodman and family have moved to Nananee. Mr. Airhart, of Northport, has moved on Mr. Goodman's farm.

The Woman's Missionary Society gave an entertainment at Hay Bay, on the 23rd inst., which was well attended; proceeds, \$49.

Miss Ruby Barnhart visited at B. Huyck's, prior to her departure for Winnipeg.

Mrs. Arthur Dean, Richmond, spent a couple of days last week with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. George Richardson.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Galt, of Hawley, spent a couple of days recently at George Hawley's.

Mrs. Alfred Kent, of Nananee, visited her daughter, Mrs. George Hawley, last week.

Mrs. Luther Hawley is visiting her daughter, Mrs. J. Jaynes, Camden East.

Samuel Walmsley, is recovering from an attack of pneumonia.

The thing to consider

In purchasing a sound-reproducing instrument is the fidelity with which it reproduces the human voice in songs or speeches and the musical notes of instruments. Until you have heard the

Edison Phonograph

you cannot appreciate how far Mr. Edison has carried his invention in this respect.

Every note of music and every syllable of a speech is not only clear and distinct, but also a perfect reproduction of the singer, band, orchestra or speaker who made the original Record.

There are Edison dealers everywhere. Go to the nearest and hear the Edison Phonograph play both Edison Standard and Edison Amber Records. Get complete catalogs from your dealer or from us.

Edison Phonographs, \$12.50 to \$49.00. Edison Standard Records, 6c. Edison Amber Records (play twice as long), 6c. Edison Grand Opera Records, 8c. to \$2.50.

NATIONAL PHONOGRAPH COMPANY
100 Lakeside Ave., Orange, N.J., U.S.A.

EDISON PHONOGRAPHS AND RECORDS SOLD BY

R. B. ALLEN, Market Square

15,000 Canadian Poultrymen Have Doubled Their Profits By THE PEERLESS WAY

What these poultrymen have done you can do,—no matter in what part of Canada you live; you can raise the crop that never fails—the crop that knows no bad years! If you have never kept poultry do not let that deter you; you will have fewer formed habits to overcome and will be ready to let The Peerless Way lead you to success. Or, if you have been keeping poultry in a haphazard way, The Peerless Way will show you how to systematize your enterprise into a real money-maker. Even if you have made a failure of poultry-raising—even though you be discouraged—disinclined ever to consider poultry-raising again—investigate The Peerless Way for yourself and study the guarantee that it has to offer you; for, let us say this, whether you are simply a beginner, whether poultry forms only an incidental part of your farm

work, whether you are already in poultry-raising as a business, The Peerless Way affords you a real way to increase the profits. Consider this very carefully. Then read every work of what follows and send for our big FREE book entitled "When Poultry Pays."

FREE This Book With The Complete Story Of The Peerless Way

Simply fill out the coupon and send it to us. Then when you get the book, read it at least twice. You will find it packed full of facts about raising poultry for profit. There is no clever writing nor empty theory about the book. "When Poultry Pays" but it certainly does clear up a whole host of problems that have long and often puzzled practical poultrymen. Let this book put its plain, terse facts before you—let it tell you why and how you can raise The Peerless Way to work to make money for you. Do not put it off—there is no time like the present for increasing your knowledge.

Send Us The Coupon

WHEN POULTRY PAYS

LEE Manufacturing Company, Ltd.
124 Pembroke Rd.
Pembroke, Ont.

Gentlemen: Without obligating myself, you may send me your book "When Poultry Pays," and the proof of how The Peerless Way has successfully co-operated with others.

Name.....
Address.....
Town..... Province.....

Knowledge Is More Essential Than Money

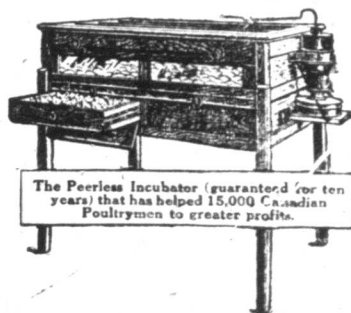
Very little money will start you right in profitable poultry-raising—if you know how to go about the business. And The Peerless Way will show you exactly what you have to do and how you have to do it to make money. The Peerless Way is more than merely a system for raising poultry; it is a system for raising at a profit! The knowledge that The Peerless Way offers you is so explicit that a child could not misunderstand it—it explains everything—and if, beyond that, some unusual problem does arise, our Poultry Advisory Board is at your service without charge to consider your case individually and to write you personally.

Poultry-Raising is the Profitable Branch of Agriculture

Given the same care, time and attention as any other branch of agricultural work, there is no department that can be made to yield such handsome returns on small investment. We know this—15,000 Canadian poultrymen, working with our co-operation, have proven it for us. But it is one thing merely to "keep poultry" and quite another to get every last cent of profit out of the work. The profits are in the knowledge you possess—knowledge of how to proceed, in the first place, and after that, knowledge of how to market your output. The Peerless Way will guide you on both these essential points—will show you what to do and how to do it—and then, through our co-operative marketing plan, will take care of all the eggs and poultry you can produce and at highest market prices. When you get our book, read the letters we have printed in it from hundreds of followers of The Peerless Way in every part of the Dominion—letters from

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LEE Manufacturing Co., Limited
124 Pembroke Road 41



The Peerless Incubator (guaranteed for ten years) that has helped 15,000 Canadian Poultrymen to greater profits.

practical poultrymen who have never been able to do by any method what they have done by The Peerless Way. Get the book—just send the coupon—that brings it.

Let Us Show You How To Market—Right

Let us explain what we mean by Co-operative Marketing—let us tell you about the method that has been proven by 15,000 poultrymen who command higher prices than the old way of selling poultry and eggs could ever have given them. Let us explain to you how to get all the profits that rightfully belong to you. Write us for further information about this proof of successful poultry-raising; let us tell you how it has been worked out, how it has been tested, and how it has been proven; let us tell you why it is the only way that successfully meets Canadian climatic conditions—why there is no farm in Canada on which poultry could not pay better than any other crop—why our methods are so simple and yet so practical, that a schoolboy could not fail with them—why you could not find a better investment for either part or all of your time. Send for the book.

PEMBROKE ONTARIO
CANADA

After universal age pensions, what? In England the answer of the liberal party 's, apparently, "universal and compulsory insurance against sickness and invalidity." Lloyd-George, British Chancellor of the Exchequer, has studied the reform for months and has just published an outline of the proposals that he is to present to parliament. The scheme is meant for all working persons whose incomes are below \$800 a year. The minimum amount of insurance provided for is \$1.25 a week as long as sickness or invalidity lasts. The scheme covers the years between 16 and 70, for after the age of 70 there is no need of such insurance, the pension system taking care of the beneficiaries. The cost of the insurance, which may be very heavy, is to be met one-half by the workers and the other half in equal proportions by the employers and the state treasury. The workers' contributions must be deducted from wages and paid over by the employers.

It is proposed to enlist the aid and co-operation of the trustworthy friendly and fraternal societies, of which there are many in Great Britain. There is to be control of accounts, bookkeeping and, presumably, investments of the capital, and a central board composed of officials, employers, employees and representatives of the friendly orders will deal with questions of detail of problems of a personal nature. Many difficult questions are raised by this great scheme, but it is remarkable that no opposition is offered to the principle involved. The Tories will vote for it along with the moderate liberals, as they wish to prove their devotion to economic and social reform. A few "old-fashioned" individualists regret and criticise the scheme, but they have few votes in parliament. Germany has been England's model in insurance, but Lloyd-George is bettering Germany's instructions as to thoroughness.

Fertilization of the soil has come to be the most essential study in the promotion of agriculture, since the necessity for intensive farming seems imminent as population increases, cities encroach upon farm lands, and food products in many countries already have to be imported to keep people alive. So any discovery that will make a given patch of soil treble or even double its output is of more vital interest to the economist than the perfection of the aeroplane or the monorail.

It has long been recognized that the nitrogen found in composition in the soil is liberated by organic

THE DESIRES OF THE HEART

It Is Not a Sin to Wish for the Good Things of This World

"He gave them that which they asked but sent fasting to their souls."—Ps. cxi. 15.

The choice of the objects of desire determines the character of the life.

Here lies the great choice that every life must constantly make, between the aim of the acquisition of the objects of desire and that of the development of the riches of personality, between the hope of satisfaction in the things we may desire and the joy of a life that masters all desires.

It takes us a few years to learn that filling the hands does not fill the heart. Then there lies before us the choice between the goals of the seeming realities without and the ideals and hopes within. It is not a choice between being rich and being poor, nor a choice between things and thought. It is a great choice as to which shall be supreme, which shall serve the other.

Earth is so rich in bounty and life so full of that which may be enjoyed that it would be a grievous thing to affect to despise the world as though it were evil or to fail to do our part in the development of its worth. The mistake we make is that of paying too great a price for the things of life, buying life's possessions

WITH LIFE ITSELF.

We act in so many ways as would a man who would sell his eyes to buy pictures, sacrificing the power of having for the sake of holding. The prizes we seek are usually not evil in themselves; the tragedy begins when they become our masters and we their slaves, when the things of life cease to be the tools with which our better selves are shaped and become the idols that enthrall us.

We begin like little children who would gather all the toys in sight into their hands, who rush out in the woods to see every flower and catch every bird in the first hour. Often the pride or possession, the pace we have set for ourselves, and the social rush of all our companions, compel us to keep up the mad search even though we know how worthless of themselves are the objects of our endeavor; even though the heart is fairly aching for a mo-

ment in which to sit down and enjoy that which we have and to feast on the beauty of life itself. Ere long our hands are so full that they engross our whole attention and we have neither time nor thoughts free for our hungry hearts.

The years go on; it may be that our possessions multiply greatly. We build greater barns, but long before the voice speaks at midnight we know full well that we have lost the real things. Through the mask of cynicism we may sneer at those who sing of quiet joys, but we would give all our barns for the heart to sing with joy.

Neither poverty nor riches denotes failure. The ternal failure is to miss the real things of life, to have lost yourself, to go through the years with

WASTING OF THE HEART,

with less power to enjoy ideal things, to rejoice with friend and neighbor, to gain the imperishable possessions of peace of heart, power of will, and consciousness of life that has possibilities far beyond the brief things of the present.

You cannot tell whether the life's supreme and dominating desire is for the things that the hands can hold or for the powers and prosperity of personality, whether one is living for what he can have or for what he can be and can give of himself to his world.

The trifles with life, the fools, and the failures are those who are too busy with its dust to gain its glory, too modly lusting after the lesser to see the greater, who take life in terms of the shambles or the market and exchange and know nothing of the spirit, who would be utterly destitute if they lost the tangible signs of wealth, for they have laid up no treasures in the soul.

The aching heart is the un nourished and neglected one. But when there is wasting here there is weariness everywhere. No matter what the hands may hold, no man can be rich who has not filled his heart with human joys, with the enriching that comes from loving and the strength and calm that come from following worthy aims at any cost

HENRY F. COPE.

THE SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

INTERNATIONAL LESSON, FEBRUARY 12.

Lesson VII.—Elijah's victory over the Prophets of Baal, I. Kings 18. 1, 2, 17-40. Golden Text, Josh. 24. 15.

Verse 1. In the third year—That is, of the famine in Samaria (2). It lasted three years and six months (Luke 4. 25 and James 5. 17). Elijah, at this time, was for all we

till noon, O Baal hear us. But there was no voice. "There lay the dead bullock putrescing under the burning orb which was at once their deity and the visible sign of his presence. No consuming lightning fell, even when the sun flamed in the zenith of that cloudless sky." 2. They performed a heathenish dance, with wild gesticulations and shrill cries. 3. The taunts of Elijah. Until the sun had reached its highest point he kept silent. But now, with stinging references to the possible preoccupations of the sun-god, he holds them in derision. 4. Out by the sarcasms of the man of God, the four hundred and fifty priests resorted to the extreme measures of their worship, and began slashing and mutilating their bodies in

ASSASSINS AT THEIR WORK

MONARCHS ARE CONTINUALLY FACING PLOTS.

Kings May Wear a Crown One Day and be Exiled on the Next.

One of the troubles of kingship is that you never know what is going to happen. You go to bed a happy constitutional monarch, and wake up a fugitive and exile. Assassins still stalk kings, and dissatisfied army officers are as ready to conspire against their sovereign as ever they were, while there are still traitors eager to earn an enemy's gold at the expense of their own country.

No one can say that there was no romance about the rise of the Young Turks and the deserved fall of Abdul Hamid. Secret societies are supposed to belong to the Middle Ages, yet a gigantic secret society proved the undoing of Turkey's notorious monarch.

Men who wished to join the Young Turks were led blindfolded to the place of meeting, where five masked men explained their obligations. Each member had his own duty to perform, and each had to subscribe to the funds according to his means. Most of the members did not know one another, and so elaborate was the system of spies that nothing went on in any department of the Government which was not known to the Young Turk's executive. Even women did their share. No wonder that Abdul Hamid felt it necessary to give way. And when he attempted

A COUNTER REVOLUTION

The Young Turks showed their strength by marching on Constantinople and dethroning him for good and all.

The story of the deposition of Prince Alexander of Bulgaria, reads like a romance. Because Alexander refused to be merely the creature of Russia he was struck off the list of Russian officers and all Russians in the Bulgarian army were recalled.

Just before this Russian agents had endeavored to kidnap him. One night two Russian generals drove up to the palace, but were refused admittance by the sentry, and a search showed a carriage at the gate in which were proclamations of Alexander's expulsion.

After this plot had failed came the Servian war, which made the prince more popular than ever; but Russian intriguers were still at work. Russophile and dissatisfied Ministers spread false rumors of Prince Alexander's private life, and said that the Serbs were once more marching on Sofia, and it was necessary to despatch troops to the frontier.

Having thus denuded the capital of loyal soldiers, a regiment on whom the conspirators could rely was brought into the city, and one night a guard hastily awoke Alexander to inform him that the palace was surrounded by revolutionaries. Outside the disloyal soldiers fired volleys and yelled for his downfall, and when he had dressed he found the hall full of officers, who pointed their revolvers at his head and

DEMANDED HIS ABDICATION

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interest to the economist than the perfection of the aeroplane or the monorail.

It has long been recognized that the nitrogen found in composition in the soil is liberated by organic forces and thus made available for plant absorption. The agricultural department has gone so far in its experiments with the bacteria that make nitrogen available that it has been able to breed the little workers and send them out to farmers over the country for the impregnation of their fields. Recent experiments in England have brought to light the precious fact that by using a disinfectant on the soil or slightly heating it by artificial means, these bacteria seem to disappear for a time and then reappear in vastly increased numbers.

The experimenters at Harpenden were at first considerably puzzled by this discovery and were at a loss to account for it. It was finally ascertained, however, that by the use of the disinfectant or heat all the unicellular protozoa which exist in numbers in the soil were destroyed by the process along with a considerable number of the bacteria. The protozoa, however, were exterminated while the bacteria seemed to recover, and in the absence of their natural enemies their task of liberating the nitrogen was attacked with renewed diligence and their numbers increased. If this process of disinfecting should become practicable over large areas by any means the value of the discovery would certainly be enormous, and doubtless some inexpensive means of killing off the protozoa that feed upon the bacteria will be applied in the near future.

WILL GRIND HIS OWN WHEAT.

English Country Squire Will Introduce Whole Meal Bread.

Sir Oswald Mosley, an English country squire of the old school, has just adopted the role of village baker at Rolleston, Staffordshire, where he owns 3,800 acres.

Present-day indigestion and serious decay of the teeth are attributed by Sir Oswald to fancy white bread. The decline in the national physique and especially the prevalence of dental disease, he maintains, are therewith of the fact that the people of England for about thirty years, ever since the introduction of white Viennese flour, have discarded the fine old fashioned whole meal bread. He blames women especially for considering brown bread common; but that prejudice he hopes to eradicate by showing the practical advantages of whole meal bread.

Sir Oswald is now going to grind the flour in a stone mill which he has built for the purpose, and home made whole meal bread will be baked in the village and sold at the same price as that made from ordinary white flour.

18. 1, 2, 17-40. Golden Text, Josh. 24. 15.

Verse 1. In the third year—That is, of the famine in Samaria (2). It lasted three years and six months (Luke 4. 25 and James 5. 17). Elijah, at this time, was for all we know to the contrary, at the house of the widow of Zarephath.

2. And Elijah went—The drought had done its work, and it was time for the prophet to follow up this terrible calamity by a public demonstration of the supremacy of Jehovah. To go before Ahab at such a time required both faith and courage, for the king no doubt attributed the famine to the meddlingness of Elijah. In fact, the royal wrath burst into flame as soon as he set eyes on this troubler of Israel (17). But, when he pointed to Elijah as the source of the trouble, he simply evaded a guilt which he knew was his own and his people's. His bad conscience is evidenced in this weak acquiescence in the plan proposed by his accuser. A strong king, sure of his innocence, would have taken the prophet into custody at once.

18. Thou has followed the Baalim—Elijah doesn't mince matters. The sole cause of the famine was the idolatry of the king and his people.

19. Gather to me all Israel! It is more than a challenge. It is a fearless command, the audacity of which stamps Elijah as one of the most masterful men of the Old Testament, as well as the most picturesque. Carmel was a fitting place for the proposed contest. Rich in arboreal growth, commanding a splendid view of the surrounding hills and plains, it became in Old Testament literature, and elsewhere, the type of lofty grandeur and fertility. The mountain still bears the prophet's name (Mar Elias) and the spring of water which resisted the drought and "Elijah's grotto" are still pointed out. "The whole mountain murmurs with his name."

21. And Elijah—On one side everybody else—priests, king, people. The prophet of God stands alone. His first appeal is to the people. It stirred the patriotic pride of Elijah to see his own people feebly limping along in indecision. Their answering him not a word was an open acknowledgment of guilt. Their course had been one of vacillation, now a service of Jehovah, now a service of Baal.

22-24. The conditions of the contest. Elijah was the only prophet of Jehovah left, the rest having been either slain or silenced. He therefore must stand as the representative of the old form of worship, while he is opposed by the four hundred and fifty prophets of Baal. For each a bullock is to be provided, and this is to be prepared for sacrifice. Dean Farrar suggests that the condition relating to fire was a precaution against "priestly trickeries." As Baal was the god of the sun it was fair that Elijah should challenge them to call upon his name in the hope of securing fire from heaven. Elijah had appealed to the people, and there was nothing left for the priests but to comply with these conditions, for the people declared the speech well spoken. Then, as now, and always, the people wanted a God who could do things.

26-29.—The predicament of the priests of Baal. 1. They cried with incessant monotony from morning

est point he kept silent. But now, with stinging references to the possible preoccupations of the sun-god, he holds them in derision. 4. Cut by the sarcasms of the man of God, the four hundred and fifty priests resorted to the extreme measures of their worship, and began slashing and mutilating their bodies in terrible frenzy. Meanwhile, until time for the evening offering of meal, they kept up their weird jar.

The prophets of Asherah—They do not appear in the story again. Their eating at Jezebel's table means that they were maintained at the queen's own expense. 5. The cry of cries (prophesied). But all in vain.

30-35.—The preparations of Elijah. With an orderly calm that stood out in impressive contrast to the noisy confusion of the priests, the prophet made ready. 1. With one stone for each of the twelve tribes of Israel, he repaired the old altar which the queen had doubtless torn down. 2. He built next a broad trench capable of holding about five gallons. 3. He drenched with water the bullock which he had cut in pieces and laid upon the altar with the wood, and filled the trench also with water, so that there could be no possible deception.

36-37.—The prayer of Elijah. It was a simple, fervent prayer, free from unavailing repetitions and accompaniments of frenzy. Thrice he invoked the name of Jehovah, and with a single purpose—that the God of Israel might be vindicated and his name exalted among the people.

38-40.—The results: 1. The utter consumption of all that was on the altar, together with the shattering of the stones and the licking up of the water in the trench. 2. The effect on the people. With one accord they fell on their faces and cried, in the expressive Hebrew tongue, "Yahweh-hoo-ha-Elohim, Yah-weh-hoo-ha-Elohim," convinced that Jehovah, and not Baal, was the true God. 3. The slaughter of the priests. Unnecessarily cruel as this seems, viewed in the light of our higher Christian ideals, it doubtless accorded with the rude ethics of those far-off days.

NONDESCRIBT FEVERS.

Many persons who lead sedentary lives make the mistake of filling a brief vacation with violent exercise, with the idea that they thus strengthen themselves, only to find that the resultant feverish exhaustion sends them back to work more tired than when they started.

Many persons on first going to live in tropical countries are attacked by ephemeral fevers, probably caused partly by the changed conditions of life, and partly by careless exposure.

There are also abortive infections. The children of a family will come down with scarlet fever, but will not develop the characteristic rash, and after a few days of feeling rather ill, will recover, but without having earned the immunity which the real disease confers.

It is impossible to diagnose these fevers at the start; they must be carefully watched, and the absence of characteristic eruptions, and their rapid course, must establish the diagnosis. While the fever lasts the patient should be kept in bed on a very light diet, and after it has broken there should be a few days of rest and convalescence before duties are resumed.—Youths' Companion.

ander to inform him that the palace was surrounded by revolutionaries. Outside the disloyal soldiers fired volleys and yelled for his downfall, and when he had dressed he found the hall full of officers, who pointed their revolvers at his head and

DEMANDED HIS ABDICATION.

The leader tore a page out of the visitors' book to draw up the Act of abdication, but he was too excited and drunk to write, and a young officer did it for him. With the pistols of the conspirators touching his face, the Prince wrote, "God protect Bulgaria.—Alexander." Then he was taken to the War Office, where officers whom he had befriended heaped indignities upon him until he was driven away under a heavily armed escort to the Danube and taken to Russian territory.

Had he paid attention to a warning letter he would have escaped, and the yacht that took him down the Danube was almost stopped by fire from Bulgarian troops on the bank. As soon as he was found Bulgaria asked him to return, but at the moment of landing he sent a foolish telegram to the Czar which allowed him no alternative but to resign.

The late King Oscar of Sweden was deposed from the throne of Norway in a far more humdrum and peaceful manner. Ever since its union with Sweden, Norway had been dissatisfied, each fresh concession of the King arousing demands for more. The crisis culminated when Sweden refused to allow Norway to have separate diplomatic representatives abroad.

Owing to the various differences the Norwegian Ministry resigned, but the King refused to accept it; so the Storting, or Parliament, held a short sitting, at which it declared the

INDEPENDENCE OF NORWAY.

at the same time stating they had no ill-feeling against the monarch himself, and asking him to appoint one of his younger sons King of Norway.

A plebiscite of Norwegian voters was taken to see whether the separation was approved, Prince Charles of Denmark afterwards being chosen King in the same manner, as Oscar had refused to nominate one of his sons. A committee representing the two parliaments met to arrange the separation, and, after some difficulty, agreement was reached and Norway once more became an independent country.

Few revolutions are brought about in so bloodless and constitutional a manner, for if the monarch has any personal feeling there is sure to be fighting. So it was in Persia, when Mohammed Ali was only deposed after months of bloodshed. The revolution broke out first in Tabriz, which fell into the hands of the conspirators, while in Teheran the Shah showed his contempt for constitutionalism by bombarding the Parliament House.

Marching on Teheran, the Nationalists carried all before them, and when they reached the capital the Shah took refuge in the Russian embassy. A National Assembly of

NOBLES AND PRIESTS

then proclaimed his dethronement and the accession of the Crown Prince to a large crowd in the Parliament Square.

General Hermes da Fonseca, who has witnessed the Portuguese re-

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volution, helped to bring one about in his own country, Brazil, 31 years ago. The emperor, Dom Pedro, was a liberal-minded man who took no steps to put down the growth of Socialism and Republican opinion, being too much occupied in looking after the general welfare of his people.

But his daughter and heiress was more masterful, and moreover, favored the clerical party. The abolition of slavery had caused much discontent, so the Republicans found many converts. Officers of the army and navy favored a change of Government and thinking it would be more easily brought about while amiable Dom Pedro was on the throne a plan of campaign was secretly decided upon.

So late one night regiments favorable to the conspirators surrounded the royal palace and seized the Government officers, and Dom Pedro and his daughter were hastily put on board ship and sent to Europe.

LASOING A LION.

Exciting Time With the King of Beasts in Africa.

One of the most notable hunting expeditions of the past year was that of "Buffalo" Jones. Disdaining to use guns, he and his little band of cowboys lassoed and tied specimens of the largest and most ferocious beasts of the African wilderness. Their last capture was a lioness. The final thrilling incident of her conquest, as told by Guy H. Scull in Everybody's Magazine, is typical of many others.

Her next and last position was in the bed of a small gully about three feet deep in the bottom of the donga and thickly grown with grasses. Here the ropers held a brief consultation, and planned a final attempt.

Loveless made a throw, and the noose landed fairly above the beast's head, but the thick grasses held it up. Loveless passed the other end of his rope over the branch of a near-by tree and down to the horn of his saddle.

The rest of us, with cameras trained on the scene, had no knowledge of the plan. We had not the slightest idea what the colonel intended to do. Still wondering, we watched him procure a long pole and ride quietly along the edge of the ditch toward the place where the lioness crouched.

For a moment there was intense silence. The colonel stopped his horse. Then, leaning over from his saddle, he poked the noose down through the grass.

With a roar the beast sprang at him—sprang through the loop—and at the other end of the rope Loveless yanked quickly and caught her by the last hind leg going through. Putting spurs to his horse, Loveless galoped away, hauling the lioness back across the gully and up into the tree, where she swung to and fro, dangling by the one hind leg, and snapping at the rope she could not reach.

The beast was furious. She was still swinging, head down like a pendulum, from the limb of the tree, and was tossing her body in a frantic endeavor to get loose. Means approached close, and deftly slipped a noose over one of the wildly gyrating legs. Leading his rope over the branch of another

HOME

POTATOES.

Keeping Potatoes Fresh.—Potatoes should of course be served immediately when done, but when, for some reason, delay is unavoidable, try this method of keeping them fresh. Thus, as soon as done, drain them carefully and shake the pan over the fire, until they are both dry and mealy. Then stuff a clean towel loosely into the top of the pan and keep it in a warm place. This cloth will absorb all the steam, so preventing sogginess.

Preparing Potatoes.—When preparing potatoes for baking cut one paring around the largest side of the potato lengthwise, and when baked the skin will slip off from each side very nicely. After boiling potatoes pour off all water, take kettle of potatoes to the back door, or wherever the wind will blow on them, and shake several times, and they will be white and mealy.

A Fine Potato Soup.—Take three medium sized potatoes, one pint milk, one teaspoonful chopped onion, one stalk celery, one teaspoonful salt, one-half teaspoonful celery salt, one-half saltspoonful white pepper, one-fourth saltspoonful cayenne, one-half tablespoonful flour, one tablespoonful butter. Cook onion and celery with the milk in double boiler and add to the potatoes. Add the seasoning. Rub through a strainer; put on to boil again. Melt the butter in a small saucepan, blend it with the flour, and stir it into the boiling soup. Let it boil five minutes and serve very hot.

An easily Prepared Potato Salad.—Slice six cold boiled potatoes and two onions. For dressing, one-half cupful vinegar, one cupful of sweet cream whipped, one tablespoonful dry mustard, salt and pepper to taste, and at last add four hard boiled eggs.

Potato Bag.—Grate five or six large potatoes. Add three tablespoonfuls of milk, four tablespoonfuls of flour, and three-fourths cup raisins. Have ready one-half pound salt pork; cut up in pieces about the size of a lima bean; also a kettle of boiling water and two small bags; salt bags do very well. Wet the bags in cold water, then put into them, first, a thin layer of the potato to dough, then about six or seven pieces of the salt pork, which press down a little into the dough. Half fill the bags in this way, finishing with a layer of the dough. The bags must not be more than half full, as space must be allowed for the dough to swell. Tie the tops of the bags securely and put them into the boiling water and cook two hours. Care must be taken that the bags do not stick to the bottom of the kettle. At the end of this time remove the bag from the water and allow them to cool slightly, then strip from the loaf. Cut the loaf in thin slices and fry brown. This makes a delicious breakfast dish. The recipe just as it is makes enough for seven or eight persons.

hours. It is well to remove covers from cans and set in the oven for a few minutes before serving.

Lima Beans.—Take one pint of tomatoes, chop fine one small onion, place on stove and let boil slowly for twenty minutes. Take small can of Lima beans, drain, rinse with cold water, and add to the tomatoes. Boil three minutes. Add butter size of a walnut, salt to taste, and serve. At pleasure add one teaspoon sugar. (Pronounced par excellence.)

Sally Lunn.—Beat two eggs and a lump of soft butter, the size of an egg, put in three teaspoonfuls of sugar, one-half pint of milk, one pint of flour, and sift in three teaspoonfuls of baking powder; stir all together and bake in shallow tins for twenty minutes. They are fine.

MEAT.

Chicken Spanish Stew.—Take half pound of salt pork and cut in one inch pieces and fry in bottom of kettle. Then add one chicken cut up for stewing, nearly cover with water; salt a large red pepper cut in pieces, let simmer until nearly done; then add three cloves of garlic, one can tomatoes, one can mushrooms, one can peas. Boil up once, then thicken with two tablespoonfuls of flour that has been dissolved in a little cold water. When ready to serve have one green pepper shredded to sprinkle over the top.

Dressed Meat.—A cheap, nourishing, delicious, and easily digested meat for luncheon or tea is made by boiling a "shankbone" of veal, one of beef, and one of mutton together until the meat will fall from the bone. Carefully remove all bone and gristle, chop fine, or put through meat cutter. Season to taste, sage and savory may be added if desired. Place half the mixture in a bread tin, have ready five or six hard boiled eggs, cut each end from them so they can be placed close, end for end, in a row on the meat in the center of tin. Then add the balance of the meat, press closely, and set away until firm. Slice in half inch slices with a sharp knife so that each piece will have a slice of egg in the center, garnish with parsley. This never fails to be an attractive dish and once made well is in constant demand. The stock can be used for soup.

PRACTICAL HELPS.

Baby Bag.—Get a yard of double faced eiderdown. It comes in white, pink, and blue, fifty-four inches wide. Hem one of the sides back three inches from the edge; on the other side run a tuck the same width as the hem (the three inches from the lap). Now fold the sides over so that the tucks meet down the center front. Sew the bottom straight across, but at the top sew from either outer edge toward the center, but leave space for the neck; cut out just enough to fit snugly, and bind the neck with ribbon. Use pearl buttons and silk cords made into loops for fasteners. Baby cannot get his hands and feet out, yet has plenty of room to kick and stretch.

New Way to Cook Cabbage.—Trim a medium sized head of cabbage, cut in half and cook in cold water. Let it boil fifteen minutes,

HEAD HUNTERS ARE SHOCKED

THEY WERE DISAPPOINTED WITH ENGLISH WAYS.

Impressions London Made on Savage Visitors From the Far East.

An entirely new viewpoint on London and the English was that of the Ainu and Formosan head hunters who recently went over there as sideshow attractions of the Anglo-Japanese exhibition. When the savages returned to Japan bound for their homes in Hokkaido and Formosa a Japanese paper gleaned some interesting impressions from them.

The Ainu are the Indians of Japan, the primitive race driven northward by successive invasions of the ancient Japanese hosts from the mainland of Asia until they now live on reservations in the northernmost island of the Japanese group, not all influenced by the quick civilization which has been effected by their conquerors. The Formosan savages are even a more primitive people than the Ainu. Until Japan acquired the island from China and began a systematic opening up of the interior with the aid of rifles the head hunters of the jungle had never come in contact with the outside world.

THE FORMOSAN SAVAGES told their interviewer in Japan that people had tried to fool them over in London when they said that all of the great buildings there were built by man and that the steam railways were of man's devising. No, it was certain that nobody except some tremendous god could have built these wonders; man was too puny a person to make steel rear itself several hundred feet above the earth, or go tearing through the country with the speed of an arrow.

A note of sadness crept into the retrospection of the Formosan, when they recalled the fact that once they were taken to a great building where there were long shelves filled with human heads and skulls. Now why was it that when the Japanese prohibited head gathering in Formosa and punished with death any one caught with a head in his possession, these English, who called themselves civilized, should be allowed to have countless fine heads in their big house? Was it fair to the Formosans to prohibit their pastime of head hunting, yet to allow the custom to exist in such a country as England?

The gentle collectors from Formosa did not think much of the King of England, who received them in audience by special arrangement with the directors of

THE JAPANESE EXHIBIT.

Even a small chief in Formosa would have a retinue of fifty men, the savages said, whereas this King of England had only four or five men in his house, and even they did not look much like warriors.

The Ainu travellers here put in a word of reprobation. They had seen English men with women walking hand in hand or arm in arm in public places. Were these Englishmen not thoroughly ashamed

pendulum, from the limb of the tree, and was tossing her body in a frantic endeavor to get loose. Means approached close, and deftly slipped a noose over one of the wildly gyrating legs. Leading his rope over the branch of another tree, he stretched her out in a helpless position parallel with the ground.

"Now lower away on both lines," said the colonel.

He dismounted, and stood beneath her, directing affairs as methodically as the foreman of a construction gang.

"Steady, Means—a little more, Loveless—now together—easy."

She came within his reach, and with a quick grab he caught and held her two hind legs with both hands, while Kearton bound them together with a piece of light line.

The rest was easy. In less than five minutes she was bound securely and lowered all the way to the ground to rest in the shade.

DEER AND EAGLE.

The Bird's Method of Forcing a Fall From a Steep Cliff.

There is a belief widely diffused among men who see much of deer and deer forests in the Highlands that the eagle will follow on deer for a long way until they get one of them more or less by itself in a path on the side of a precipice and will then dash at it with the aim, often successful, of forcing it off the path to a fatal fall down the cliffside, says the Westminster Gazette.

This is a common article of faith, but it does not seem possible to get any eye first eye evidence for the fact. This, however, the present writer has seen—three eagles "waiting on" over a hind and calf for several miles and until the whole cortege went right out of sight around the corner of the hill.

The calf appeared to be the real object of the eagles' attack, and it may have been only fancy, but certainly it seemed to me as if there was a preconcerted or systematic method in the eagles' behavior, as if the bird or birds on the side of the hind further from the calf swooped at her with the idea of distracting her attention from it in order to give the one on the other side a chance to strike the calf; but the hind seemed almost as quick in her movements as the eagles themselves, now and then rearing up on her hind legs and stabbing at the birds with her forefeet whenever they swooped in front of her.

She would turn a moment to the bird at one side and then would be back again on the instant with her baby, which for its part appeared to realize the danger and did its best to keep close to the protection of its mother. So the running fight went on as long as my glass could show it and the end of it is conjectural; but it is obvious that if it is the habit of eagles thus to "wait on" the deer for a favorable moment for attack (and no doubt this is their occasional way) this would be quite good enough foundation for the theory that they wait deliberately till they have them on a steep cliffside in order to force and terrify them over and down it. That is the probable explanation and it comes to about the same thing as the theory of the stalkers and gillies as far as the physical features of the affair go.

and fry brown. This makes a delicious breakfast dish. The recipe just as it is makes enough for seven or eight persons.

CAKE RECIPES.

Date Loaf Cake.—One pound of dates (after seasoning), one pound English walnuts (meats), one cup pastry flour, two rounding teaspoonfuls of baking powder, one-half teaspoonful of salt, one cup granulated sugar, four eggs beaten separately, one teaspoonful of vanilla extract. Let the dates and nut meats be kept as whole as possible. Sift over them the flour, baking powder, and salt, sifted together, add the sugar, and mix again; beat in the yolks, fold in the whites; bake in two loaf bread pans, in a modern oven, nearly one hour. Must be baked slowly to insure success.

No Egg Cake.—One cupful sugar, shortening size of egg, pinch of salt, one fourth teaspoonful each of cloves, allspice, cinnamon, and ginger. Dissolve one teaspoonful soda in a cupful of sour milk, two and one-half cupfuls flour. Bake in a slow oven one hour. By adding one cupful currants, raisins, citron, and nuts an excellent fruit cake is made.

Apple Sauce Cake.—One cup sugar, one-half cup shortening (can use drippings), one and one-half cups apple sauce, two small teaspoons soda, two cups flour, one cup raisins or currants, one and one-half teaspoons cinnamon, one teaspoon cloves.

Hot Milk Cake.—One cupful of sugar, two eggs, one cupful of flour, pinch of salt, one teaspoonful baking powder, and one-half cupful of hot milk. Beat well and bake. A little grated chocolate may be added for a dark cake or a few nuts may be added for a dark cake or a few nuts or cocoanut.

COOKIES.

Cookies.—One cupful butter, two of sugar, creamed together, three well beaten eggs, one cupful of sour cream, one teaspoonful soda, two of cream of tartar, nutmeg for flavor, flour enough to make a soft dough. Roll out thin on a cloth to prevent sticking, sift sugar over the top, and lightly roll it in. Bake in a quick oven.

Drop Cookies.—One pound of brown sugar, four eggs, one-quarter pound of walnuts, one-quarter pound of almonds, grated, one pound of pastry flour, one teaspoon soda, dissolved in a quarter cup of hot water (let cool before using), one orange, the juice and grated rind, one teaspoon cinnamon, half teaspoon cloves. Beat eggs until light, add sugar, grated nuts, flour, soda, and spices. Drop on buttered tins.

FAVORITE DISHES.

Brown Bread.—Two cups sour milk, one cup sweet milk, two cups graham flour, two cups corn meal, two level teaspoons soda, one-half cup molasses, one-half cup sugar (scant), one teaspoon salt. Add molasses to sour milk and put in the soda. Into this sift the graham flour, corn meal, and salt. Put in sugar and sweet milk, and beat thoroughly. Have ready well greased cans with tight covers. Add to the mixture one-half cup of scalding water before pouring into cans. Cover tightly and steam for four

hours. Baby cannot get his hands and feet out, yet has plenty of room to kick and stretch.

New Way to Cook Cabbage.—Trim a medium sized head of cabbage, cut in half and cook in cold water. Let it boil fifteen minutes, then pour off the water and refill with boiling water. Boil twenty minutes longer, then take the cabbage from the water, draining it dry. Chop fine, season with salt, pepper, and butter to taste. Beat together two fresh eggs and four spoonfuls of sweet cream; add them to the seasoned cabbage and stir all together. Butter a pudding dish, and put the cabbage in and bake in a well heated oven twenty minutes, or until it is browned over the top.

Laundry Hint.—To iron "cold starched" pieces without any trouble whatever: Take the required amount of starch, dissolve in cold water, adding enough boiling water to make starch warm. (Not cooked.) Dip parts to be starched into it, rubbing or sparging the starch well in. Fold and let remain over night. Thus treated, the pieces will iron as easily and as well as the clothes ordinarily starched, without sticking and without starch streaking and rolling up on the goods.

Lace Help.—First, put right side of lace to right side of material. Sew the edge of lace one-fourth of an inch from edge of material. Turn lace over and sew far enough from edge of material to make a neat hem, which when done will show only one row of stitching and the lace looks like it was sewed by hand. This is especially good for underwear, as it never rips and does not show edge of lace.

And we may have occasion to rejoice to-day because of the things we neglected to do yesterday.

WILD SHEEP OF AFRICA.

The Barbary sheep is of interest chiefly as the only wild sheep in the whole of Africa and is easily distinguished from the other by the long beard or fringe of hair in front of the neck. One peculiarity of this creature is the facility with which it can be tamed. When I made an unsuccessful raid on its haunts, says a writer in the Pall Mall Gazette, over 5,000 feet up in the Atlas, twelve years ago, I was told by many of the natives that some of the mountain chieftains had tame specimens about their castles. The Kaid of Gundafi, who entertained me on the occasion, was not at the time in the possession of a living specimen, but gave me a fine trophy of one shot by him a few weeks earlier. The weather was hot, however, and the sheep had retreated to the summits.

A HICCUGH CURE.

A correspondent writes to us from King's Lynn to the effect that he has found hanging by the hands with the legs clear of the ground, the hands well apart and the breath held for say fifteen seconds, an infallible cure. With children, hold them off the ground by both hands. Our correspondent states that he has never found this method to fail.—London Globe.

A man on pleasure bent may find himself on pleasure broke.

did not look much like warriors. The Ainu travellers here put in a word of reprobaton. They had seen English men with women walking hand in hand or arm in arm in public places. Were these Englishmen not thoroughly ashamed to be seen thus by others? What kind of civilization was it that allowed a man and a woman to walk hand in hand down a street?

The sad waste of Hyde Park impressed the hairy aborigines from Hokkaido. There in the midst of a great city, where every foot of ground was occupied by a house or a store, were great fields which might have been planted to potatoes, but were simply lying idle. There were no such barren fields in Ainuland.

The Formosan brothers saw only one thing that really roused their envy; that was the modern rifle. It required so little powder to shoot, and it never exploded in the hunter's hands like the old Belgian muskets which traders have been selling surreptitiously to the warlike natives of the camphor island. The Formosans boastfully said that if they were armed with such rifles instead of muskets, blowguns and bows the Japanese army of occupation would never penetrate to the interior of their mountain wilderness.

GOOD FEEDING STEER.

The nose should be broad so that the mouth may close upon a goodly quantity of grass at each bite and thus save the time of the animals, for even in this work of eating, time is money. The beast which can quickly fill his stomach with food needs to spend less time in working.

Quickly filled the steer is most of his time resting quietly, converting the food into tender, juicy flesh.

The head should be short and broad, given ample breadth between the eyes.

The horn, if any, should be fine and short, and the eye should be full and bright.

The neck should be short and fine. A thick, clumsy neck may be good enough for a hog, but it is emphatically out of place on a steer.

The briskets should come down deep and full and there should be great width between the fore legs to give ample room to the lungs.

Back of the shoulders the body should be full, the ribs springing well out like the hoops of a barrel and not flat like the frame of a cornerrib.

Let the back be broad, straight and smooth with no sinking between the shoulders and the rump.

The hips should be straight and the flanks well filled, and come down low. A steer with a belly drawn up like that of a racehorse should be avoided; such a one will never be profitable, for he has too little room in his workshop in which to carry on the task of making fat and flesh of the food he has taken off the land.

The hide should be soft, smooth and velvety; if thick and covered with a good coat of hair so much the better, as less food will be required for merely keeping up the animal heat in cold weather.

The thigh should be full, and the hind legs straight; all the legs short and the steer standing squarely on them.

Add a broad loin and rump and a fine tail and you have a steer which will lay on fat readily.

AN OPEN LETTER

From a Baptist Clergyman Telling
of Cures Wrought by Dr.
Williams' Pink Pills

The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co.,
Brockville, Ont.:

Gentlemen,—It has been my intention to write to you for some time, but being busy I have neglected to do so until now.

I am a Baptist minister. Was ordained June 14th, 1887, in Cramahe Baptist Church, Northumberland Co., Ont. I want to tell you in as few words as possible what I know about Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. I was pastor of the Dalesville, Que., Baptist Church in 1891 and again in 1894-5. While pastor in 1892, the Rev. John King, a former pastor, aged 74, was stricken with paralysis so that he could not help himself. He had to, or did, take a tablespoonful of rhubarb every day to keep his bowels regular. I thought of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. He began taking them and it was not long before he could walk again and his bowels were regular. The paralysis never returned and his bowels remained active. He died a few years ago practically from old age.

I went from Dalesville, Que., to Groton, Vermont, as pastor of the Baptist Church in that place. There lived a man about two and one-half miles from Groton by the name of Neil McCrea, a Canadian. I heard he was ill, and being a Canadian, I went to see him. I found him lying in bed. He said he had no pain, but was too weak to sit up. His lips were bloodless, in fact he was as white as chalk. I recommended Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and gave him some. He began taking them and in a short time could see blood in the veins of his hands and in the course of a few weeks he was out watching men building a new barn for him, and shortly after that he came to Groton to church. Now, I ought to tell you that the doctor of Groton had given him up. The Ryegate doctor (a doctor in an adjoining village) could not help him and said so. The best doctor in the hospital of Burlington, Vt., came and saw Mr. McCrea, but said he could not help him. He did not get any help until Dr. Williams' Pink Pills put him on his feet again.

Later I returned to Dalesville, Que., as pastor. A young lady who lived about six miles west of Dalesville at a place called Edina, sent for me to come to see her, as she had been a member of my congregation in my former pastorate. I went to see her and found a similar case to that of Mr. McCrea, of Groton, Vt. This girl was so weak she could not sit up. She appeared to be bloodless. I said to her: "It will cost you \$6.00 to get a doctor to come out from Lachine to see you, whereas you can get six boxes of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for \$2.50." She followed my advice, took Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and when some time later I saw her in Lachine, she was as well as ever, and Dr. Williams' Pink Pills did it all.

I have given you the facts of these three cases which came to my personal notice and I think only just to other sufferers that these cures should be given the widest publicity.

FORTUNE FAVORS THE BRAVE; OR, A LOOK INTO THE PAST

CHAPTER V.—(Cont'd)

Derrick Darnley threw himself back with a sigh of exhaustion as they departed.

"You may fan me if you like, pretty coz," he observed, languidly; and Dorothy, eager to obey him, took off her broad-brimmed hat and waved it to and fro.

She was not very sorry when she saw Nancy turn and move away; but Darnley, who had caught a glimpse of those wonderful blue eyes, with something very like contempt for him in their gaze, at once roused himself.

"Oh! do be sociable, Miss Hamilton," he pleaded; "it is too hot to do anything industrious, and the shade is delicious here."

"Many thanks, but I must go. Dorothy, I think I shall walk down to the village, if you don't mind; I want to see Mrs. Wortley."

"In all this heat," Darnley began, but Nancy had already disappeared, and with a slight contraction of his brows the young man resigned himself to circumstances.

The smiles and flush had died away from Nancy's face as she walked slowly back to the house. It pained her to see the wealth of love and attention pretty, spoiled Dorothy lavished and wasted on Derrick Darnley—yes, wasted was the right word, for her woman's quick wit showed her that he cared for Dorothy only as a child, and with just as much affection as a brother gives to a sister; while she, who reigned as queen over the hearts and lives of all around her, would have willingly crouched at her cousin's feet if by so doing she could have won a look or word of deeper regard. The proud spirit that was so pre-eminently one of Dorothy Leicester's characteristics, seemed to vanish altogether when she was near Darnley as the snow melts beneath the sun.

Nancy had often wished during the last few months—though the feeling had been more or less vague—that Dorothy had been more guarded in her admiration for her cousin; but she had never experienced the decided sense of pain and annoyance such as came to her now as she left them alone together.

"It will mean grief for her some day," she said, regretfully and tenderly to herself, "and, oh! I cannot bear to think that she should rush blindly forward to meet it. Yet what can I do? She is such a child, she hardly knows herself the truth of her heart; it would be cruel and worse to speak bluntly to her, and, after all, she is not so much to blame; he has no right to accept her adoration in that languid, selfish, conceited manner. I—I did not think he would act like that."

She stopped when she passed the tennis court, and half smiled as she saw Lord Merefield's woe-begone face.

bone, would be more easily appeased when his daughter-in-law wrote imploring aid from such a place; it was nothing to him how, by a series of misfortunes, Henry Chaplin had sunk to this level; it was nothing to him that poor Nellie Hamilton had nowhere else to rest her broken heart; it was enough that she was residing at a small grocer's shop, in a fourth-rate London neighborhood; and, incensed and deeply grieved at his son's untimely death, he promptly and curtly cut off all further communication with that son's wife, bidding the rest of his children follow in his steps. He was faithfully obeyed, as we have seen. He had been dead for several years now, and his eldest son reigned in his stead; but he, too, was blind and deaf to the cause of his brother's child; and if he ever thought of poor Nellie Hamilton at all, it was with a sigh of relief that she would trouble them no more in this life.

Was it strange, then, that our heroine, warm-hearted, impulsive, generous, as she was, should have grown to hate the name of her father's people with a hatred foreign to her nature, and to regard her poor, weak Uncle Henry with a still greater affection than she would have bestowed on any relation of her father's?

She had stray news of him now and then from Dr. Grantley, and somehow she felt intuitively that things were not going well with the shop or household, though nothing definite was told her. The doctor never mentioned either her aunt or Thomas Moss; and if Nancy ever permitted them to enter her thoughts, she was not long before she chased them away, supplanting their hideous memories with some fresher sweeter ones.

Deep in her thoughts, Nancy had walked some way before she became fully aware of the intense heat and fatigue of the journey she had undertaken.

"Not halfway, and tired already!" she observed, ruefully, coming to a standstill, and drawing a deep breath. "I wish I had waited now, and come this evening, or taken Dorothy's ponies. The exercise would have done them good," with a smile, as she remembered the two fat, sleek, handsome creatures, metaphorically and actually eating their heads off in their luxurious stalls.

"Just half-past four," she continued, looking at a toy watch hanging from a dainty chatelaine, one of Sir Humphrey's many gifts to her. "I have a very good mind to retrace my steps. It is ignominious, but immeasurably more pleasant. Meanwhile, until I have determined, I will rest me a little. This stile looks comfortable."

She gave another sigh, this time of relief, as she sank back against one of the broad upper posts. Her

"I am sorry to see you like this, William," she began, gently, gathering together her gloves and sunshade, and stepping to the ground. The man interrupted her angrily. "Here, stow that!" he said, insolently. "Sorry, indeed, Miss Upstart, when it was you as got me the chuckout! Sorry, indeed! I ain't to be won over by soft-sawder like that; not me. You've done me a jolly bad turn, and I'll be even with you!"

Nancy drew back, not alarmed, but indignant, at the man's injustice and insolence.

"You do not know what you are saying," she answered, very quietly, but with a full measure of cold haughtiness in her voice. "Let me pass!"

(To be continued.)

STARTS THE NEW YEAR A NEW MAN

QUEBEC FARMER TELLS WHAT DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS DID FOR HIM.

They fixed up his Kidneys, made his blood pure, and made him feel young all over.

Franklin Centre, Que., Jan 16 (Special).—The only way to start the New Year right is to get the health right, and Mr. William Gamble, a well known farmer living near here is telling his neighbors how he got his health right.

"I am a farmer sixty-seven years of age," Mr. Gamble says, "and I suffered with a weak back and stoppage of water off and on for ten years. I used several boxes of Dodd's Kidney Pills, and they made a new man of me. Dodd's Kidney Pills are the best medicine I have ever taken."

Dodd's Kidney Pills will make a new man of you because they make the Kidneys strong and healthy and able to do their work of straining all the impurities out of the blood. Pure blood means new life. It means good circulation and renewed strength and energy all over the body.

Dodd's Kidney Pills cure all forms of Kidney Disease from Backache to Bright's Disease, and they are also doing a great work by giving renewed health and energy to thousands of Canadians who are run-down, tired and generally feeling no good for anything. Start the new year by toning up the Kidneys with Dodd's Kidney Pills. It will pay you.

THE METHODICAL MAN.

Glad When a Holiday is Over and He Can Get Back to Work.

"I don't like holidays," said the methodical man; "they interfere with my work. I recognize fully the fact that days off, days of abstinence from labor, are necessary for our bodily and mental welfare, and I take a day off weekly, my day being Sunday, but for many years I have worked on every other day in the week regardless of holidays. Anything that breaks in on me in this observance is disturbing."

"To begin with, we get up and have breakfast an hour later than usual. There's an hour lost for

Some time later I saw her in Lachute, she was as well as ever, and Dr. Williams' Pink Pills did it all.

I have given you the facts of these three cases which came to my personal notice and I think only just to other sufferers that these cures should be given the widest publicity. If you wish me to go before a magistrate and take oath to the truthfulness of the things mentioned above, I am prepared to do so. I am at present engaged in evangelistic work, and have therefore not at the present time a permanent address. I can, however, refer you to the editor of the Canadian Baptist.

(Signed), T. C. Sowter.

INSINUATION.

Johnnie McCraw was a bit of a character in a country village in the North of Scotland. He lived on the charity of the village, but sometimes found it particularly hard work to do so.

One day, when the springs of sympathy seemed to have dried up, Johnnie made his way to the house of the local doctor, and said:

"I've come to get a' my teeth taken out, doctor."

"Dear me," said the medical man, "what's wrong wi' them?"

"Oh, they're a'richt, but I've nae use for them. I've naething to eat."

"Ah," said the doctor, who saw the joke, "there's sixpence for you to get a loaf."

FUTILE.

Mrs. Nexdore—When we build our house we are going to have sixteen closets in it.

Mrs. Naybur—It won't do any good. At the end of ten years your attic will be full of old trash just the same.

BABY'S SPLENDID HEALTH.

Mrs. R. Yates, Montreal, Que., writes:—"Baby's splendid health was obtained through the use of Baby's Own Tablets. They are a grand medicine for constipation, as their action is easy and does not give baby pain. I would recommend them to all mothers; no one should be without them who have young children in the house." This testimony is similar to thousands of others sent us by grateful mothers. Every mother who has ever used the tablets for her little ones will tell you they are the very best medicine in the world. They not only cure the ills of the little ones, but they make them grow happy and strong. The Tablets can be given to even the youngest babe with absolute safety as they are sold under the guarantee of a government analyst to contain no opiate or other harmful drug. They cannot possibly do harm—they always do good. Baby's Own Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

blame, she has no right to accept her adoration in that languid, selfish, conceited manner. I—I did not think he would act like that."

She stopped when she passed the tennis court, and half smiled as she saw Lord Merefield's woe-begone face.

"Why cannot that be?" she thought, half sadly; "it would make Sir Humphrey radiant with happiness and Lady Merefield would be joyrived. He is a nice boy, too, but—"

And here, be it said, Nancy colored vividly, as she suddenly realized that in that eloquent pause she had contrasted Lord Merefield with Derrick Darnley, very much to the former's disadvantage; and that, finding the young barrister so fair and manly herself, it was no wonder that Dorothy did so also.

"I will not bother my brain about it," she determined; "the future will shape itself whatever I may do to prevent it."

And with this philosophical reasoning she went indoors, and, putting on her hat and gloves, started for her long walk to the village.

She never neglected to pay a visit twice a week to Nurse Wortley, whose kindness to her when she most needed it she was never likely to forget.

As she walked slowly along, her thoughts flew to her uncle, and the wretched, sordid place which for so many dreary years she had learned to call home. Sometimes the past returned so vividly that she would start and look round affrighted, fearing that her happiness was only a dream, and would presently roll away; but these moments were not frequent now, far more keen was a gratitude to her Heavenly Father for having guided her into such a haven, and given her such treasures as undoubted love, appreciation and trust as her own.

She rarely thought of Henry Chaplin without pain. She could not forget that he was her head mother's most beloved brother, that he had done all in his feeble power for her good. It was always a bitter mortification to Nancy to think that her father's relations had practically disowned her. It made her blood boil to remember that Sir John Hamilton had curtly and coldly informed Henry Chaplin that the family did not intend to recognize the broken-hearted widow of Bernard Hamilton, when she came back from that Indian grave, only herself to weaken and die.

"If she had committed some crime—been even of humble birth—they might be forgiven," the girl would say, passionately, to herself; "but her only fault was poverty, and because my father married secretly and against his parents' wish, they vent their displeasure like this on her and on me; but I do not want them—it is I who do not own them of my own free will—I am too proud."

Of course Nancy was not blind to the fact that her uncle's position had materially added to the difficulties which her mother had had to contend against when she wrote her story to her husband's family. Scholar, student, philosopher, gentleman as he was, Henry Chaplin still ranked as a petty tradesman; he had gradually sunk from his proper place, dragged by a rash and unfortunate marriage, into the very gutter of life. It was hardly likely that Sir John Hamilton, proud, haughty, aristocratic to the back-

tracing my steps. It is ignominious, but immeasurably more pleasant. Meanwhile, until I have determined, I will rest me a little. This still looks comfortable."

She gave another sigh, this time of relief, as she sank back against one of the broad upper posts. Her little hands lay ungloved on her lap, and as she glanced down at their soft, smooth white surface, she smiled.

"How different!" she mused. "They are a fit emblem of the change in my life. Who would think, to look at them, that they have peeled many hundreds of potatoes, scrubbed a few floors, and served out soap and soda behind a counter? Well, life is funny!" She leaned her arms on her knees, and put her fresh young face into her open palms.

"I hope," she thought, soberly, fixing her glorious eyes on a huge stag-beetle, as it ran swiftly through the parched grass below, "I hope I am not growing too proud of myself. I want to remember that I have done nothing to deserve all the marvellous good fortune that has come to me. I want to remember that I am guarded and cared for by One who has never yet deserted me. I feel I am not half grateful enough. I must not grow idle and luxurious. I must never forget that."

"Dorothy is different from me. This life is hers by right. It has come to me as a gift—maybe as a loan—and as such I must value it. Oh, if I had only voice enough," the girl murmured, passionately, yet with true religious fervour, "to sing out all the gratitude and happiness in my heart, I could fill the whole world!—yes, the whole world!"

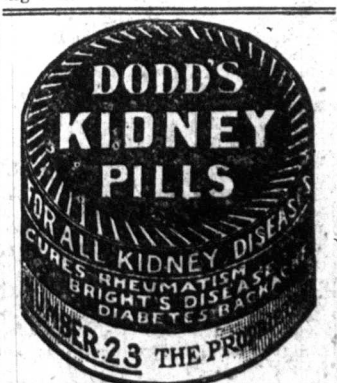
A glow, born of the emotion within her, flitted across her face and made it beautiful.

In her graceful attitude, unconscious of all but her deep thought, Nancy made a pretty picture enough to satisfy any eye; and yet there was one, who stood a little distance off, looking at her with anything but pleasure or good-will written on his pale, unwashed face.

"Yes, she's alone, sure enuf. Now, to 'ave it out with 'er; and quick, too. I'll let 'er know what she's got to deal with in me."

Still intent on the beetle, and lost in her musings, Nancy did not hear the soft, hasty footsteps come toward her, and she started with something like fear as a shadow fell across the sunlit path, and, raising her eyes, she saw William the dismissed servant, before her.

In a moment, however, her sense of vague fear and aversion vanished in pity for the man's poor-looking condition.



'11-8 'ON ENSSI

day being Sunday, but for many years I have worked on every other day in the week regardless of holidays. Anything that breaks in on me in this observance is disturbing.

"To begin with, we get up and have breakfast an hour later than usual. There's an hour lost for me. Then on holidays we have dinner in the middle of the day, this being a further disruption of our usual routine, and then who can work after a hearty midday holiday dinner? And then, besides, the whole atmosphere of the day is changed."

"So I am glad to have the day over and to get back to work in my systematic, orderly, methodical way. It is in work in my regular, accustomed manner that I find my great pleasure, with my regularly recurring day of rest on Sunday. Even after that day I am glad to take up work again, and I have no use at all for holidays."

Shiloh's Cure
quickly stops coughs, cures colds, heals the throat and lungs. 25 cents.

MISSED HIM.

"When I was in Europe this summer," said Gayman, trying to entertain the minister, "I got quite interested in some of them old churches."

"Indeed?" responded the Rev. Mr. Gassaway. "I suppose you know St. Paul's in London?"

"No! You don't tell me! What hotel's he stopping at?"

MINARD'S LINIMENT CO., LIMITED.
GENTLEMAN.—Last winter I received great benefit from the use of MINARD'S LINIMENT in a severe attack of La-Grippe, and I have frequently proved it to be very effective in cases of inflammation.

Yours,
W. A. HUTCHINSON.

Your sister's a long time about making her appearance," suggested the caller. "Well," said the little brother, "she'd be a sight if she came down without making it."

No surgical operation is necessary in removing corns if Holloway's Corn Cure be used.

HIS TROUBLE.

Medical Student—"What did you operate on that man for?"

Eminent Surgeon—"Two hundred dollars."

Medical Student—"I mean, what did he have?"

Eminent Surgeon—"Two hundred dollars."

Don't Have a Blind One

"VISIO"
An Absolute Cure for Moon Blindness (Optic Atrophy), Cataract and Conjunctivitis. Shying horses all suffering from diseased eyes. A trial will convince any horse owner that this remedy absolutely cures the defects of the eye, irrespective of the length of time the animal has been afflicted. No matter how many doctors have tried and failed, use "VISIO" under our GUARANTEE. Money refunded if under directions it does not cure. \$2.00 per bottle, postpaid on receipt of price. VISIO Remedy Ass'n, Dept. 5, 1829 Wabash Ave., Chicago, Ill.

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TAKE A DOSE OF PISO'S THE BEST MEDICINE FOR COUGHS & COLDS

IN A RAILWAY ACCIDENT

HOW TO AVOID MISCELLANEOUS FLYING ARTICLES.

One Man Says to Drop to the Floor and Cling to the Frame of the Seat.

What should one do when a train runs off the track? Fall on the floor and grasp the frame of the seat? Few would be able to act thus, and yet it is the proper and safe mode of procedure, we are told by a correspondent of Railway and Locomotive Engineering. Above all things," says the mentor, "don't stand up and scream. Most passengers leap to their feet and do not hold on to anything; consequently they are tossed about like peas in a bag, with what results may be imagined. The writer begins by narrating an experience of his own when a train left the rails. He says:

When the tumult began a passenger stood up and shouted at the top of his voice: 'What's the matter?' repeating the unanswered query several times. I knew what was the matter, but had no leisure to explain, and just dropped upon the floor and grasped the frame of my seat and held on.

TAKING THE JOLTS

As rigidly as possible. Hat racks, hand baggage, seat cushions, splintered head lining, and miscellaneous articles began to fly about, and I found the seat frame afforded comfortable protection from the missiles that damaged some exposed limbs.

"The tumult could not have lasted half a minute, but it seemed a long time till the end came by the car turning over with a terrible jolt. At that instant the man who had shouted so vociferously 'What's the matter?' was shot through the window like a huge torpedo. Most of the people who had been on the upper side came down in heaps when the car turned over. I was on the lower side, and settled softly on the head lining when the car came to rest.

"I had been in a similar accident once before and knew, not only what to do, but kept my attention upon what the other passengers were doing. Most of them stood or sat without holding fast to the seats, so that they were thrown about by the plunging and jolting of the car. Then a

MASS OF HUMAN BEINGS

seemed to drop from the higher to the lower level when the car went over. Many of them were badly bruised through being pitched about, pains that might have been avoided had they dropped upon the floor and clung to the seat frames.

"It is difficult to instruct persons how to do in cases of the derailment of a train they are riding in, but sound advice is to drop upon the floor, preferably in the aisle, or clinging to the seat frame. The impulse to stand up and howl should be restrained. In a former derailment accident that I experienced a woman on the seat opposite to me

SENTENCE SERMONS.

No man escapes duty by fleeing to his devotions.

Stage thunder brings no showers of spiritual blessing.

It is always easier to love your enemies than your rivals.

The loafer has the longest hours and the shortest years.

Zeal is a consuming fire, but love makes it burn on an altar.

The heresy hunter will never find orthodoxy save in a phonograph.

The greatest force for good is faith in the possible good in a man.

Folks who really have halos are never discovered before mirrors.

Many churches mistake raking in the shekels for bringing in the sheaves.

Some are never sure of the love of the lord until their neighbors get into trouble.

Men never get to know their Father in heaven by going to church to find out the faults of one another.

The poorest way for the preacher to make sure of the love of people is to worry over whether they like his preaching.

A MODERN MIRACLE!

He Had Eczema 25 Years and Doctors Said "No Cure."

Yet Zam-Buk Has Worked Complete Cure.

This is the experience of a man of high reputation, widely known in Montreal, and whose case can readily be investigated. Mr. T. M. Marsh, the gentleman referred to, lives at 101 Delorimier Avenue, Montreal, and has lived there for years. For twenty-five years he had eczema on his hands and wrists. The disease first started in red blotches, which itched, and when scratched became painful. Bad sores followed, which discharged, and the discharge spread the disease until his hands were one raw, painful mass of sores.

Four eminent medical men tried to cure him, and each gave up the case as hopeless in the end. Naturally, Mr. Marsh tried remedies of all kinds; but he, also, at last gave up. For two years he had to wear gloves day and night so terrible was the pain and itching when the air got to the sores.

Then came Zam-Buk! He tried it, just as he had tried hundreds of remedies before. But he soon found out that Zam-Buk was different. Within a few weeks there were distinct signs of benefit, and a little perseverance with this great herbal balm resulted in what he had given up all hope of—a complete cure! And the cure was permanent. He was cured nearly three years ago. Interviewed the other day, Mr. Marsh said: "The cure which Zam-Buk worked has been absolutely permanent. From the day that I was cured to the present moment I have had no trace of eczema, and I feel sure it will never return. Having suffered for twenty-five years, I regard my cure as a modern miracle."

If you suffer from any skin trouble, cut out this article, write across it the name of this paper, and mail it, with one cent stamp to pay return postage, to Zam-Buk Co., Toronto. We will forward you by return a free trial box of Zam-Buk. All druggists and stores sell this famous remedy, 50c. box.

WHAT HAPPENED.

Headaches—nausea—indigestion—muddy complexion—pimples—bad breath—these are some of the effects of constipation. The mild, sensible, reliable remedy is

NA-DRU-CO LAXATIVES

They contain the latest discovered and best evacuant known, which empties the bowels without the slightest discomfort and without disturbing the rest of the system. Constantly increased doses are not necessary. 25c. a box. If your druggist has not yet stocked them, send 25c. and we will mail them. 25 National Drug and Chemical Company of Canada, Limited, Montreal.

MAPLEINE



A Sore throat need the same as lemon or vanilla. By dissolving Mapleine in water and adding Mapleine, a delicious syrup is made and a syrup that has no equal. Mapleine is sold by grocery. It is sold by the box for 10c. bottle and recipe book. Crescent Mfg. Co., Seattle, Wa.

COLT DISTEMPER

Can be handled very easily. The sick are cured, and all others in same stable, no matter how "exposed," kept from having the disease, by using COLT'S LIQUID DISTEMPER. It acts on the lungs and in the blood and cures all forms of distemper. Best remedy ever known for mares in foal. 50c. and \$1.00 bottles. Sold by druggists and hardware dealers. Cut shows how to use. Throat. Our free booklet gives everything. Largest selling home remedy in existence—15 years. Distributors—ALL WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS.

SPOHN MEDICAL CO., Chemist and Bacteriologist, Goshen, Ind., U.S.A.

AGENTS WANTED.

KING GEORGE AT HOME.

His New Books, His Black Pigs and His Rat Catcher.

Windsor Castle is all beautiful within, says the English Gentlewoman, and every one who has seen what changes have been effected at the desire of their Majesties cannot speak too highly of the taste which they have shown in their choice of this and that new color scheme or other arrangement.

The library has been augmented by a number of nautical works collected by the present King, and which includes some valuable books now out of print, which his Majesty has had difficulty in getting hold of. Volumes on sport, too, he has contributed.

The present sovereigns are book-lovers and they delight in the Windsor library. An ardent devotee was the late Empress Frederick, who, when she stayed at the Castle could hardly be lured away from the book shelves.

King Edward, though not a great reader, often visited the library, and it may interest many to learn that the last book he ever read there was one, profusely illustrated, on the navies of the world. The most precious volume of all, perhaps, in the collection is the copy of Spenser's "Faerie Queen," that had belonged to Queen Bess.

With regard to the Royal farms, King George, who has a good deal to say on farming matters, and struck out quite a new line years ago when he bought a stock of black pigs for his Norfolk domains shows every intention to keep up all former traditions at Windsor. It is said that a rat catcher had been included in the list of Royal servants for centuries, even, in the days of George III., but was dismissed towards the end of that monarch's reign. Even now, there is a royal mole catcher in the Great Park, and he receives the amount of twenty shillings a week for his services.

Shiloh's Cure
quickly stops coughs, cures colds, heals the throat and lungs • • • 25 cents.

Leslie (looking curiously at the

HOME WORK—WE WANT RELIABLE families to operate our high-speed automatic Knitting Machine at home; whole or spare time knitting for the trade; good wages. For all particulars address: The Canadian Wholesale Distributing Co., Dept. W, Orillia, Ontario.

WANTED.

EARN THE BARBER TRADE—NEW system—constant practice—careful instruction—few weeks complete course—tools free. Graduates earn twelve to eighteen dollars weekly. Write for catalogue. Moler Barber College, 211 Queen East, Toronto.

CANCER, Tumors, Lumps, etc. Internal and external, cured without pain by our home treatment. Write us before too late. Dr. Bellman Medical Co., Limited, Collingwood, Ont.

CLEANING LADIES' WALKING OR OUTING SUITS

Can be done perfectly by our French process. Try it. **British American Dyeing Co.** Montreal, Toronto, Ottawa and Quebec.

RAILROAD
operations in Canada to-day provide the chances for young men. We teach Telegraphy and Station Agents' work complete in shortest time. Particulars free. Write Central Telegraph and Railroad School, Yonge and Gerrard Sts., Toronto. W. H. Shaw, President.

HAVE YOU DECIDED TO MAKE BIGGER PAY IN 1911?

THEN REMEMBER

That Life Insurance work offers greater returns than any other.

That you can capitalize your personality and give it an actual cash value.

That if you are a worker and will represent the National Life your success can be almost guaranteed.

DO NOT FORGET

Write for the Agency Terms to-day!

The National Life Assurance Company of Canada
Head Office - Toronto

FATHER'S VOCAL TALENT.

Eddie's Aunt Emma, who had been travelling in Europe, was ex-

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"It is difficult to instruct persons how to do in cases of the derailment of a train they are riding in, but sound advice is to drop upon the floor, preferably in the aisle, or clinging to the seat frame. The impulse to stand up and howl should be restrained. In a former derailment accident that I experienced a woman on the seat opposite to me stood up and proceeded to scream. I shouted to her to sit down on the floor, but she paid no attention, and when the car fell over on its side she was projected upon me like a pile-driver weight. She was nearly as big as a cow, and the impact of her body almost finished my career."

A Boon for the Bilious.—The liver is a very sensitive organ and easily deranged. When this occurs there is undue secretion of bile and the acid liquid flows into the stomach and sours it. It is a most distressing ailment, and many are prone to it. In this condition a man finds the best remedy in Parmelee's Vegetable Pills, which are warranted to speedily correct the disorder. There is no better medicine in the entire list of pill preparations.

"I contend," said a lawyer for the defence, "that a tomato, however well aimed, could not have caused a black eye." "But it were in a tin, yer honner."

Only one "BROMO QUININE"
That is LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE. Look for the signature of E. W. GROVE. Used the World over to Cure a Cold in One Day. 25c

QUITE IN KEEPING.
"Queer, wasn't it? It was at the mouth of the river—"
"Yes?"
"We ran into the teeth of the gale."

Missionaries in All Lands are friends of Painkiller. Hundreds of letters testify to the fact. For accidents and sudden emergencies, such as sprains, cuts and bruises, they find it invaluable. Avoid substitutes, there is but one "Painkiller."—Perry Davis'—25c and 50c.

"Bliggins puts a great deal of thought into his work." "Yes, he works ten minutes and then thinks about it for an hour and a quarter."

Worms cause fretfulness and rob the infant of sleep, the great nourisher. Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator will clear the stomach and intestines and restore healthfulness.

When some men are said to be going to the dogs, we can't help thinking it's pretty tough on the dogs.

PILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS
Your druggist will refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure any case of Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

A COMPELLING PERSONAGE.

"Does your wife want to go to the polls and vote?"
"No, sir," replied Mr. Meekton.
"If Henrietta casts a vote it'll be important enough to have the polls brought around to the house when she sends for 'em."

"I'm afraid, Edward, you're marrying me only because I've inherited from my uncle \$100,000."
"Why, Blanche, how can you think that of me? Your uncle is nothing to me. I would marry you no matter from whom you inherited the money."

across the name of this paper, and mail it, with one cent stamp to pay return postage, to Zam-Buk Co., Toronto. We will forward you by return a free trial box of Zam-Buk. All druggists and stores sell this famous remedy, 50c. box.

WHAT HAPPENED.

Fate—Did you call?
Opportunity—Yes, but she sent word by her servant she wasn't in.

A small boy generates a lot of respect for his sister's knowledge when he sees her mixing his favorite brand of cake.

"Kind lady," he faltered, pointing to his dilapidated, soleless boots, "my feet are absolutely frozen. Have you a pair of boots to give a poor man?" She rummaged in a cupboard, and then remarked: "How you must suffer this bitter weather. I've no boots, but here's a pair of old skates ye can have and welcome."

An Always Ready Pill.—To those of regular habit medicine is of little concern, but the great majority of men are not of regular habit. The worry and cares of business prevent it, and out of the irregularity of life comes dyspepsia, indigestion, liver and kidney troubles as a protest. The run-down system demands a corrective and there is none better than Parmelee's Vegetable Pills. They are simple in their composition and can be taken by the most delicately constituted.

"When you were courting me," said his wife, "you declared there wasn't another woman in the world like me." "Yes," replied her husband, "and I'm glad of it—for the sake of other men."

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup

Has been used for over SIXTY-FIVE YEARS by MILLIONS of MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEething, with PERFECT SUCCESS. IT SOOTHES the CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS, ALLAYS all PAIN; CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best remedy for DIARRHOEA. Sold by Druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Guaranteed under the Food and Drugs Act, June 20th, 1906. Serial Number 109.

AN OLD AND WELL TRIED REMEDY.

He—"The minister preached a scathing discourse on the extravagance of women." She—"Yes, and there his wife sat, with a \$15 hat on." He—"That was probably the cause of the sermon."

"A Grave-yard Cough" is the cry of tortured lungs for mercy. Give them mercy in the form of Allen's Lung Balm, which is used with such good effect even in consumption's early stages. Never neglect a cough.

THEIR WONDER.

Wife—"How people gaze at my new dress. I presume they wonder, if I've been shopping in Paris."

Husband—"More likely they wonder if I've been robbing a bank."



Send for free sample to Dr. W. L. N. General Drug & Chemical Co., Toronto.

at twenty shillings a week for his services.

Shiloh's Cure

quickly stops coughs, cures colds, heals the throat and lungs. 25 cents.

Leslie (looking curiously at the visitor)—"Where did the hen bite you, Mr. Jones? I don't see any marks." Mr. Jones—"Why, Leslie, I haven't been bitten by any hen." Leslie—"Mamma, didn't you tell papa Mr. Jones was dreadfully henpecked?"

TRY MURINE EYE REMEDY.
for Red, Weak, Watery Eyes and Granulated Eyelids. Murine Doesn't Smart—Soothes Eye Pain. Druggists Sell Murine Eye Remedy, Liquid, 25c, 50c, 1.00. Murine Eye Salve in Aseptic Tubes, 25c, 1.00. Eye Books and Eye Advice Free by Mail.
• Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago.

Fogg—"You have seen Jones' wife. What is she like? Would you call her pretty?" Fogg—"I might if I were talking to Jones."

All Women Know what it is to have violent pain. Some take one thing and some another. Our advice is to place "The D & L" Menthol Plaster over the seat of the pain; it will do more to give you comfort than anything.

The less a woman's hat looks like one the better she likes it.

Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria.

"Do you think they approve of my sermon?" asked the newly-appointed minister, hopeful that he had made a good impression. "Yes, I think so," replied his wife; "they were all nodding."

For over fifty years Rheumatism, Neuralgia, and other painful ailments have been cured by Hamlin's Wizard Oil. It is a good honest remedy and you will not regret having a bottle ready for use.

An Irishman fell from a house and landed on a wire about twenty feet from the ground. After he had struggled a moment the man let go and fell to the ground. Someone asked his reason for letting go. "Faith," was the reply, "I was afraid the blessed wire would break."

So popular is Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup as a medicine in the treatment of colds and coughs or ailments of the throat, due to exposure, to draughts, or sudden changes of temperature, that druggists and all dealers in patent medicines keep supplies on hand to meet the demand. It is pleasant to take, and the use of it guarantees freedom from throat and lung diseases.

SO THEY WOULD.

Mrs. Newwed went into a butcher's shop the other day to get a joint of beef. The butcher was a little old man, inclined to be cranky. He began to cut the meat. She thought he was sawing off too much bone.

"That joint will have too much bone in it, I fear," she said.

The butcher stopped and sighed—"Madam," he said, "that's the cow's fault. These cows would be awful in shape if they had to run around without bones."

Mrs. Newwed said no more.

Minard's Liniment Cures Colds, etc.

Insurance Company of Canada
Head Office - Toronto

FATHER'S VOCAL TALENT.

Eddie's Aunt Emma, who had been travelling in Europe, was expected to reach the house at midnight, and Eddie begged to be allowed to stay up to greet her. But his mother refused to give consent. "No," she said, decidedly, "it would be five long hours after your bedtime, and you couldn't possibly stay awake as long as that."
"Oh, yes, I can," Eddie wailed; "I can if papa will sing lullabies to me."

Minard's Liniment Cures Distemper.

AN EXCEPTION.

"Oh, yes, Tommy," said the teacher, "if you have a dog you are the owner of a quadruped."
"No, I ain't," insisted Tommy. "Don't contradict me! I explained to you yesterday that any animal with four legs was a—"
"Yes'm; but Rover lost one o' his'n fightin' a trolley car."

Externally or Internally, it is Good—When applied externally by brisk rubbing, Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil opens the pores and penetrates the tissue as few liniments do, touching the seat of the trouble and immediately affording relief. Administered internally, it will still the irritation in the throat which induces coughing and will cure affections of the bronchial tubes and respiratory organs. Try it and be convinced.

When you see a mountain pass it stays right where it is.

Minard's Liniment Cures Cargot in Cows.

A good way for a girl to make men admire the beauties of her face and form is to inherit a lot of money.

Month After Month a cold sticks, and seems to tear holes in your throat. Are you aware that even a stubborn and long neglected cold is cured with Allen's Lung Balm?

The Groom (during the honeymoon)—"When did my little wife first discover that she loved me?" The Bride—"When I found myself getting angry every time I hear anyone call you an idiot."

Barn Roofing

Fire, Lightning
Rust and Storm Proof
Durable and Ornamental

Let us know the size of any roof you are thinking of covering and we will make you an interesting offer.

Metallic Roofing Co.

Limited
MANUFACTURERS
TORONTO and WINNIPEG

SLUSHY WEATHER!

will soon be here. We are ready for it, with a fresh stock of the best makes in

Rubber Boots

Choose yours now while you get choice of style and sizes.

Men's Heavy Gum Rubber Boots, with sole extended through to heel	\$3.50
Men's Pure Gum Rubber Boots, best quality	\$4.00
Men's Snag Proof Rubber Boots, with heavy rolled edge soles	\$4.50
Men's Sporting Rubber Boots, thigh lengths	\$5.00
Ladies' fine city Rubber Boots, warm fleece linings	\$2.50
Girls' fine city Rubber Boots, sizes 11 to 2	\$2.15
Child's city Rubber Boots, sizes 8 to 10½	\$1.90

THE **J. J. HAINES** SHOE HOUSES, Napanee, Belleville, and Trenton.
Largest Dealers in this Section of Canada.



An avalanche of Anthracite Coal

ALL SIZES, at—

CHAS. STEVENS.

Yard: Foot of West Street.

1-11

BAKE PANS

We have the exact sizes, and made from the same kind of material as the pans used and recommended by Miss MacPhee.

Also all the requisites to make BAKING DAY easy and successful

Egg Separators,
Whips,
Glass Rolling Pins,
Etc.

For Bread making try one

F. W. SMITH,
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES.
Strictly Private and Confidential.
Smith's Jewellery Store,
Napanee.

30-3-m

JOHN T. GRANGE
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES
Grange Block, John Street,
Strictly Private and Confidential.

FRED CHINNECK
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES
Chinneck's Jewellery Store
Near Royal Hotel
Napanee
Strictly Private and Confidential.

Make Your Hens Lay

by giving them plenty of

Mica Crystal Grit, and
Crushed Oyster Shells.

Oysters—Best Quality.

FRANK H. PERRY.

Phone 130.

Your Watch!

We have just stocked a full assortment of Waltham, Elgin and

FOR

Ginghams,
Prints,
White Cottons,
Shirtings,
Ducks,
Denims'
Tickings, Etc.

TRY US. We are making the handling of Samples our business. We sell the best goods that are made at prices considerably below regular. We think it very much to your interest, as well as ours, for you to see our goods before you buy.

A.E. Lazier.

THE PLAZA BARBER SHOP and TOBACCO STORE.

We think we can please you.
TRY US.

Cigars, Tobaccos, Pipes, Etc.

PAUL KILLORIN, - Proprietor.

ROYAL HOTEL BARBER SHOP

F. S. SCOTT, Proprietor.

First-Class Workmen.
Lightest and Brightest Shop in Napanee.
No work done on Sunday.
GIVE US A CALL.

For Scranton Coal.

Call at office corner of Centre and Water Streets, or telephone 123.
P. GLEESON.

Water white coal oil 15 cents a gallon at Wallace's Drug Store.

Remember the Welsh Ladies' Choir at the Brisco Opera House on Monday evening.

See our beautiful pianos at A. E. Paul's book and music store, Napanee.
VANLUVEN BROS.,
Moscow.

Edward F. Mylius, who on February 1st, was found guilty of criminal libel against King George and was sentenced to one year's imprisonment, has lodged an appeal against the judgment.

Itch, Mange, Prairie Scratches, Barber's itch, and every form of contagious Itch on human or animal cured in 30 minutes by Wolford's Sanitary Lotion. It never fails. Sold by—T. B. Wallace.

The plan for the Welsh Ladies' Choir will be opened at 10 o'clock on Friday morning, at the Opera House, and remain there until noon, after which it will be in Mrs. Pratt's store.

At the regular meeting of the town council on Monday evening, Coun. Waller gave notice that at the next session of council he would introduce a by-law to regulate and govern the sale of meats and milk in the Town of Napanee.

The Bay of Quinte Conference of the Methodist Church is to hold its next annual session in Port Hope. The Ministerial session will begin Wednesday May 31st. The Conference will continue until June 6th, and will be

FALL and WINTER



Suits and Overcoats!

The quality of Trimmings used, and the time and pains we take with the inner hidden parts give you a lasting shape-retaining garment.

JAMES WALTERS,

Merchant Tailor, Napanee.

The high cost of living

Can be reduced by buying your coal from VanLuven.

Hot Water Bottles

The best in rubber goods, hot water bottles, fountain syringes, etc., at The Medical Hall—Fred L. Hooper.

How is your saw?

The Leader has been known for ages and is as good as ever. Axes, best made at

BOYLE & SON.

Watch this Space.

For a later announcement from the Churchwoman's Guild of St. Mary Magdalene's Church for a grand entertainment to take place Tuesday, April 18th.

Mr. Harvey Warner

We are pleased to be able to announce that Mr. Warner's condition is improving daily. He has slept well and seems to gain strength all the time. If the improvement continues he will be able to sit up in bed within a few days.

Entertainment at Selby.

There will be an entertainment in the Township Hall, Selby, on February 22nd (Wednesday) at 8 p.m., under the auspices of St. John's Church. Refreshments will be served at 8 o'clock, after which a pleasing programme will be rendered. Admission 25c. 9b.

Historical Society.

The regular meeting of the Society will be held in the Historical Hall, Library Building, on Friday evening, February 17th, at 8 p.m. Mr. C. C. James, of Toronto, will deliver a lecture, his subject being "Scandinavia." This lecture is open for the public, the entrance free and everyone welcome.

Prize Essays.

The United Empire Loyalist Chapter of the Imperial Order of the Daughters of the Empire, at their last meeting decided to give prizes to the pupils of the Public School and Collegiate Institute for the best essay written on some topic relating to the British Empire. This is a most laudable undertaking and it is hoped that a great many of our students will take advantage of this offer.

Married at Deseronto

The marriage took place on Thursday afternoon of last week, at the residence of John Dalton, Deseronto,

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Whips, Glass Rolling Pins, Etc.

For Bread making try our

Eclipse Bread Mixer

the easiest and simplest Mixer on the market. Sold on trial at \$2.50.

M. S. MADOLE,

Napanee's Leading Hardware Store.

Phone, 13.

Your Watch!

We have just stocked a full assortment of Waltham, Elgin and Howard Watches in all railroad standard grades. This will be a matter of interest to railroad men or others who desire an accurate time piece. The prices are right. You are requested to make comparisons.

Smith's Jewellery Store.

Smith's Jewellery Store

Boys and Girls

Should learn those subjects by which they can earn a living. Spotton's Business Colleges are the largest trainers in Canada, and our graduates secure the best positions. You can study at home, or partly at home and finish at the College.

Individual Instruction.

Enter Any Day.

Peterboro Business College

GEO. SPOTTON, President

21-17

Lehigh Valley ...Coal

is the best Anthracite Coal on the market to-day. Since I have been in the coal business I have handled Scranton and several other kinds of coal, and none can compare with the LEHIGH.

It burns longer, is cleaner, and the sizes are more even. Leave your order for this season's supply and note the good results.

J. R. DAFOE.

Wanted Now.

For Napanee and surrounding district for fall and winter months, an energetic agent to take orders for nursery stock

Good Pay Weekly. Outfit Free. Exclusive Territory

600 ACRES under cultivation. We guarantee to deliver stock in good condition and up to contract grade. We can show that there is good money in representing a well-known reliable firm at this time. Established over 30 years; write for particulars.

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41-4-m Toronto, Ont.

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WOOD OF ALL KINDS.
The Best in Groceries
Flour, Feed, Etc.

S. CASEY DENISON.

Centre Street, North.

Phone 101

Cod Liver Oil.

The highest quality at Hooper's Drug Store.

some topic relating to the British Empire. This is a most laudable undertaking and it is hoped that a great many of our students will take advantage of this offer.

The Bay of Quinte Conference of the Methodist Church is to hold its next annual session in Port Hope. The Ministerial session will begin Wednesday May 31st. The Conference will continue until June 6th, and will be one of the most important sessions ever held, as the question of Church Union will be up for decisive action.

That the struggle for the contract for the superstructure of the Quebec Bridge, the largest bridge engineering project in the world, now lies between the British Empire Bridge Company, of England, and the St. Lawrence Bridge Company, of Canada, an amalgamation of Walkerville and the Lachine Bridge Companies, was announced by the Minister of Railways at Ottawa on Tuesday.

The new fire alarm which has been recently installed in the Bell Telephone Office was tested on Tuesday evening and apparently worked satisfactorily. The alarm is easily distinguishable because of its slow stroke. It will also be well for the public to bear in mind that while this alarm is being sounded an alarm should not be rung in from one of boxes. If two alarms are rung in at the same time there is a possibility of great confusion.

The Napanee Amateur Operatic and Dramatic Club produced "Pinafore" to a full house in Deseronto Opera House on Wednesday evening. The Deseronto people were extremely well pleased with the entertainment. The cast was the same as when the opera was produced here with the exception of Mr. F. S. Dean, who took the part of Dick Deadeye in place of Mr. Fitzgerald and played the part well. The company were entertained by the Ladies' Guild of Christ Church, to a supper after the opera.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

The directors of the Ontario and Quebec Navigation company limited have taken over the steamers, wharves and other properties owned and controlled by the Ontario and Quebec Navigation company, limited, as also the property and steamers of the Quinte Navigation company, limited. The head offices are at Picton. The officers: President, B. R. Hepburn; Vice-President, J. E. Chapman; secretary, R. C. K. Fairborn; chairman of the board, A. Leslie; general freight and passenger agent, J. deC. Hepburn. The crafts the company control are: Steamers Alexandria, Brockville, Aletha, Varuna. Where Now, Madge, Lloyd S. Porter, Aberdeen, Waterlily; barges Isable Reid and Rob Roy.

Mayor Graham, of the city of Kingston has had a clash with the City Engineer and the Board of Works. His Worship ordered the street foreman to send out a scraper to clean Princess street. When the Engineer arrived on the scene there was a rumpus and the scraper was ordered back. The Chairman of the Board of Works, Ald. T. J. Rigney, has written Mayor Graham a letter politely requesting him to mind his own business and not interfere with the city engineer's department. The Mayor declares he is in office to protect the citizens and he says he has the authority of the City Solicitor for the statement that he is head of every civic department. Ald. Rigney has instructed the works department employees to take orders only from the City Engineer.

Bargains in Marble.

I have on hand \$500 worth of marble monuments, blocky headstones and grave markers, to clear them out of my way in view of erecting a new shop. Corner post from \$1.00 each upwards. At the old stand

Dundas St.

Napanee,

V. KOUBER.

Married at Deseronto

The marriage took place on Thursday afternoon of last week, at the residence of John Dalton, Deseronto, of his daughter, Annie Robertson, to Frank T. McMaster, Toronto. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. J. Shaver, Picton, under an arch in the drawing-room, which was decorated with palms, ferns, and daffodils. The bride, who was given away by her father, wore a gown of white satin, with tunic of embroidered chiffon and pearl trimmings, and carried a bouquet of white roses and lilies. The bridesmaid, Miss Jeannette Hodson wore pink satin and a black velvet hat with willow plumes, and carried pink roses. Capt. H. N. McMaster was best man. Mr. and Mrs. McMaster went to Montreal for their wedding trip, en route to other places, and on their return will reside in Toronto.

Paste This in Your Hat.

If you have any interest in the dates for the fall fairs in this district cut this out and save it for reference: Following are the 1911 fall fairs dates for this section: Wooler, Sept. 7th and 8th; Madoc, Sept. 11th and 12th; Belleville, Sept. 12th and 13th; Frankford, Sept. 14th and 15th; Peterboro, Sept. 14th, 15th and 16th; Shannonville, Sept. 16th; Marmora, Sept. 18th and 19th; Napanee, Sept. 18th and 19th; Picton, Sept. 20th and 21st; Stirling, Sept. 21st and 22nd; Centreville, Sept. 23rd; Lindsay, Sept. 21st, 22nd and 23rd; Campbellford, Sept. 24th and 27th; Brighton, Sept. 28th; Castleton, Sept. 29th and 30th; Rose-neth, Sept. 29th; Tamworth, Sept. 30th, Keene, Oct. 3rd and 4th; Colborne, Oct. 3rd and 4th; Tweed, Oct. 4th and 5th; Warkworth, Oct. 5th 6th; Ameliasburg, Oct. 6th and 7th; Odessa, Oct. 6th; Millbrook, Oct. 6th and 7th; Norwood, Oct. 10th and 11th; Denorestville, Oct. 14th.

For Hardwood Floors.

A preparation that will not show footmarks, dustless, will not darken the floor, easily applied, shows the grain of the wood. No mopping or scrubbing required. At The Medical Hall—Napanee's Largest Drug Store—Fred L. Hooper.

January Overcoat Sale

\$18.00 Overcoats
Clearing at \$12.00
\$15.00 Overcoats
Clearing at \$10.00
\$13.00 Overcoats
Clearing at \$8.00
\$10.00 Overcoats
Clearing at \$6.90

Boys' Overcoats
Clearing at 1-3 Off.

THE GRAHAM CO'Y.,
Napanee, Ont.



IN CHOOSING A GRANITE MONUMENT

you run a big risk in ordering from a picture, from the travelling salesman.

I Have Large Stock on Hand
to Pick From

You won't have to wait three or four months—then hurriedly done up.

V. KOUBER, Napanee.

The Best.

The Welsh Ladies' Choir under the auspices of the Ladies Musical Club, in the Opera House, on Monday evening.

Howard's cold-break-ops.

Will break up a cold quickly—perfectly safe to take and they do not leave any bad effect. 25 cents the box at Wallace's Drug Store.

Parish of Selby.

Services next Sunday, Feb. 12th—10:30 St. John's Selby, Holy Communion; 3:00, St. Jude's, Kingsford; 7:30 p. m., St. Jude's, Strathcona.

Ladies Musical Club.

The sixth regular meeting of the Napanee Ladies Musical Club will be held in the Town Hall, this (Friday) afternoon at 4.15 p.m. Admission for non-residents, 25 cents.

Tea Meeting.

The annual tea meeting at Bethany church will be held on Thursday, Feb. 16th. A first class program and tea. The usual admission 35c. Come and meet your friends and have an enjoyable evening with us. 9-a

Tax Notice.

Fair warning, rate payers: all parties now with their taxes still unpaid are requested to pay at once, or they will be placed for collection; as my time has not been extended. Please govern yourselves accordingly and oblige the collector.

Geo. C. JOYCE.

9-b

Change in Prices.

The blacksmiths of Napanee and surrounding country have decided that it will be necessary to charge the following prices on and after the 15th of February, 1911, owing to the increased prices of stock and other necessities: New shoes, up to No. 4 size, 30c.; all others sizes, 35c. Setting, 15c. each. Bar shoes, 50c. each.

7-d

Poultry Association.

The annual meeting of the P. P. and P.S.A., was held on Wednesday evening. The following officers were elected for the year 1911: Hon. Presidents, T. G. Carscadden, M. E. Mitchell and W. H. Hunter; President, W. A. Steacy; Vice-Presidents, F. C. Bogart and F. Jas. Roblin; Sec-Treas., G. T. Walters; Directors, E. W. Metcalf, A. O. Sine, W. Hall, G. Exley, J. Fenwick, A. L. Snider, Geo. Fralick, F. Vandervoort, G. Somers, A. Rooks, Jas. Henderson; Executive Committee, W. A. Steacy, F. C. Bogart, F. J. Roblin, A. F. Chinneck, F. D. Marsh, G. Degroff, Geo. T. Walters; Superintendent, A. L. Snider. The date of the next show will be Jan. 3rd, 4th and 5th, 1912.

Died at Ripe Old Age.

Wm. Saul an aged resident of Napanee, passed away on Sunday, at the residence of his daughter, Mrs. Wm. Vine, Newburgh road, after an illness of a couple of weeks. Mr. Saul was a resident of Camden East for a long number of years and during his active lifetime built fifteen churches in this vicinity. He came originally from Ireland to work on the Victoria Bridge, Montreal. He was aged 83 years and two months. The funeral took place on Tuesday morning, services being held at Mr. Vine's residence, and the remains were taken to Camden East for interment. Mr. Saul leaves a family of three sons and four daughters, Robert and David, of Camden East; W. J., of Toronto; Mrs. Wm. Vine, Napanee; Mrs. Sidney Williams, Camden East; Mrs. E. J. Sigsworth, Hartington, and Mrs. M. Orser, Kepler.

Bris' o Opera House, Feb. 17th.

The attraction will be a new drama entitled "The Final Settlement," which is said to be a simple, terse and rational presentment of social conditions among the highest classes of present-day American life. The story



tea is the result of care and experience in blending—must be the combination of fine flavor, smooth strength and richness. Because all these elements are so generously included in Red Rose Tea it well merits the term "good tea."



TRINITY METHODIST CHURCH

Sunday, February 12th.

Pastor, Rev. G. W. McColl, will preach both morning and evening.

PERSONALS

Mrs. J. J. O'Connell, of New York, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. Harry Smith.

Mr. and Mrs. R. J. Dickinson entertained a few of their friends on Tuesday evening.

Mrs. R. J. Young was "At Home" on Thursday evening, cards.

Mr. John C. Saul and wife, Toronto, were in Napanee on Tuesday attending the funeral of his uncle, Mr. Wm. Saul.

Mr. W. J. Saul, Toronto, has been spending the past ten days in town.

Mr. John Saul, of Winnipeg, was in town this week, having come to attend the funeral of his father, the late Mr. Wm. Saul.

Miss Marjorie Simpson is visiting friends in Toronto.

Mr. R. Quick, Brighton, was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Hunter a few days last week.

Mr. A. Dafeo was holidaying in Toronto last week.

Mrs. Jane Bogart is visiting her daughter Mrs. Major Deroche, Ottawa.

Miss Anna Woodcock is spending a couple of weeks in Toronto.

Mrs. Graham, Kingston, returned home yesterday after spending a week with her daughter, Mrs. J. M. Graham.

Miss Mae Shorey is visiting friends in Toronto.

Mr. W. A. Steacy entertained the members of the Poultry Association to an oyster supper on Wednesday evening.

BIRTHS.

HARMER—At North Yakima Wash. on January 27th, 1911, to Mr. and Mrs. A. R. Harmer, a son.

MARRIAGES

NAPANEE MODEL SCHOOL

January Honor Roll.

Entrance—L. Clancy, G. Rogers, M. McNeil, H. Loucks, J. Vrooman, H. Bruton, B. Wilson, C. Mills, L. Scott, I. Solmes, D. Smith, C. Vine, W. Roy, H. Vanalstyna, M. Dettlor, E. McMillan, F. O'Hf, N. Root, L. Vine, C. Emmens, O. Knight, G. Walker, A. Wagar.

Inter. IV—M. Parks, E. Hetherington, A. Vance, L. Marchisello, J. McQuail, C. Clarke, D. Robinson, E. Loucks, C. McConachie, R. Graham, P. Jones, F. Oliver, G. Warner, J. Stevens, G. Wilson, N. Graham.

Jan. IV—M. Madole, V. Segno, M. Shannon, W. Lucas, G. Frizzell, Maud Shannon, C. Scott, I. Cowan, M. Clarke, I. Hetherington and K. Daly, V. Conway, E. Howie, S. Metzler, M. McConachie, D. Smith, C. Campbell.

Sr. III—A. Brooks, M. Markle, G. Root, M. McQuail, J. Foster, B. Huffman, B. Belcher, A. Sedore, J. Vanalstine, L. Wagar, L. Lucas, M. Root, M. Miles. Jr. III—G. McConachie, M. Stevens, H. Gleason, E. Tomkins, E. Tomlinson, F. Tomlinson, H. Douglas, N. Baker, M. Cousins, F. VanDusen, M. Wolfe, M. O'Neill, F. Garrison, I. Spencer, E. Baird, J. Dickens, M. Whitmarsh, V. Martin, G. Wagar, E. Leonard, H. Plumley, N. Plumley, R. Graham, V. Jones.

Sr. II—I. Wagar, E. Hall, R. Kelly, J. Hawley, N. Sine, M. Joyce, R. Smith, E. Kelly, H. Garrison, H. Perry, A. Garrison, L. Wagar, L. Douglas, E. Vanalstine, K. Graham, H. Costigan, G. Foster, A. Barker, E. Kelly, H. Keilar, H. Ferguson, E. Rodgers, V. McLean, J. Parks, M. Daly, L. Madill, B. Smith, A. Clark.

Jr. II A—Nora Gleason, Mamie Matthews, Helen Wallace, Bonnie Davis, Gladys Wales, Clara Sagar, VanLuen Young, Harry Clancy, Marjorie Flach, Vera Ferguson, Lois Derry, George Hetherington, Gerald Johnston.

Jr. II B—Mary Cronin, Harold Johnston, Julia Pybus, Florence Walker, Edith Baker, Cassie Babcock, Willie Rogers, Charlie Denison, Eva Markle, Agnes McQuail, Frank O'Neal, Bernice Fish, Elizabeth Waller, Max McColl, Ina Fox.

Sr. I—Lois Blakely, Maggie Kelly, Donald Scott, Walter Brown, Arthur Miller, Jean Stinson, Caroline Castaldi, Josephine Baker, Willie Barrett, Fred Hoffman, Grace Hall, Margaret Lonie, Arthur Harshaw.

Jr. I—Celina Tompkins, Ruby Babcock, Elsie Moore, Charlie Conway, Oda Thompson, Albert Tomlinson, Harold Vanalstine, Bernice Deshane, Harold Osborne, Gerald Plumley.

Grade I A—Class C—M. Costigan, N. Wagar, G. Lanaby, G. Wagar, J. Boyd, P. Byron, F. Bongard; E. Sagar, D. Clark, F. Babcock, V. Babcock.

Class B—F. Sanford, N. Wagar, I. Casbay, W. Metcalfe, A. McQuagge, G. Jenkins, R. Wiseman, E. Stinson, G. Deshane, C. Wilson, T. Booth, D. Roblin, M. Colwell, T. Sagar, V. Pizzariello.

Class A—D. Sagar, M. Daly, G. Daly, E. Vanalstine, W. Smith, E. Sagar, A. Carter, H. Lucas, D. Sine, A. Carter, M. Booth, M. Ford, K. McLean, V. Smith, E. O'Neill, F. Blakely, M. Papineau, H. Culhane.

GRADE I B—C. Gordon, K. Wilson, V. Caverly, E. Martin, E. Lonie, H. Lonie, A. Albertson, H. Kelly, V. Morris, L. Morris, B. Thompson, W. Clarke, G. Russell, C. Walker, C. Hall, J. Foster, R. Rogers, A. King.

EAST WARD.

Sr. I—E. Thompson, N. McAfee, M. Wales, H. Hicks, W. Perry, F. Davis, R. Wales.

Jr. I—B. Perry, M. Derry, H. Loyst, J. Costes, E. Bangban, C. Storms, M. Vanalstine, E. Smith, E. Lafferty, A. Lafferty, L. Maraole.

Enamelled Ware.

If you need anything in this line go and see the high grade at low price. Enamelled ware just arrived. Every piece guaranteed, every piece stamped.

BOYLE & SON.

HAS NO SUBSTITUTE



A CHOICE SELECTION.

How often do we hear the question "what shall I read"? How many members of the Public Library go there week after week, not knowing just what they want? A member of the reading committee has gone over the books in the Miscellaneous class, and has selected a number of readable volumes that are seldom called for, probably because they had never been pointed out to the subscribers. For the use of our readers we publish that list, with the recommendation that it be preserved, and when in need of a good book, consult. The title is in most cases a fair indication of the nature of the book.

Bohemis in London, No. 839, The Heart of Music, No. 815, Business Philosophy 735, Children's Tales of English Masters, No. 975, Graphic Stories, Series, Nos. 682 to 689, In Beautiful Japan, 604, Our European Neighbour, Series, 465, Village Life in China, 586, Kingdom of the Yellow Robe 514, Life in Town and Country, Series, 776 &c., Works of Theodore Roosevelt, 659 &c., Second Thoughts of an Idle Fellow, Jerome K. Jerome, 310, Church Folks, Ian McLaren, 352, The Future of War, J. S. Block 355, War's Brighter Side, Julian Ralph, 304, Mr. Dooley's Philosophy, 512, Peeps at Many Lands, Series, 833 &c., Monoplies Past and Present, 734, Husband, Wife and Home 705, Greater Russia, 610, Sabbath in Puritan New England, 875, Adventures with Indians, 803, Where the Buffalo Roamed, 888, Old Indian Days, 873, Popular Fallacies, 801, In Korea with Marquis Ito, 874, Famous Paintings, 520, Famous Towers and Temples, 521, Wonders of Nature, 522, Great Pictures, 523, Venice, 351, Naples 852, Constantinople 853, Genoa, 854, Florence 855, Cairo, 856, Our Little cousin Series, The Outlook the Average Man, 857, Stories from Plutarch, 471, Stories from Wagner, 712 The Indians of Canada, 233 Here are good books for old and young, many of which are beautifully illustrated. Further Lists will be furnished from time to time. The Numbers indicate the number of the books in the Miscellaneous Class.

able hat a take

Bris' o Opera House, Feb. 17th.
The attraction will be a new drama entitled "The Final Settlement," which is said to be a simple, terse and rational presentment of social conditions among the highest classes of present-day American life. The story tells of the rise of an ambitious young workingman from the ranks of labor to the position of a great iron trust. His suddenly acquired wealth and position causes him to renounce his wife, who clings to her old fashioned ideals of home and husband. He marries a young and beautiful actress, believing that her talent and charms will serve to attract the best society. His subsequent ruin, and his final rescue at the hands of the discarded wife, form the basis of the story. The play is well put together, from beginning to end there is no dull moment, no cessation of interest. It will be presented here with a full cast of metropolitan favorites. Seats on Sale at Jessop's Drug Store, Wednesday morning, prices 25, 35 and 50c.

To rid your premises of rats.
Use Wallace's Electric Rat pastes. It will do away with rats and mice in short order. It eats them up, flesh and bones. Sold only at Wallace's Red Cross Drug Store.

New Pastor Inducted.
At a meeting of the presbytery of Kingston, held in the Presbyterian church, Napanee, on Thursday evening, of last week, Rev. A. C. Howard, Ph.D., was duly inducted to the pastorate of this church. Rev. A. Thompson, B.D., by appointment of presbytery, presided in the absence of the moderator. The induction sermon was preached by Rev. J. A. Shaver, B.D. The newly inducted minister was addressed on his duties by Rev. Mr. Thompson, and the people were addressed by Rev. A. S. Kerr, B.A., of Belleville. Rev. Dr. Howard presented a presbyterial certificate and letter of transfer from the presbytery of Peoria, in the Presbyterian church, United States, to the jurisdiction of the presbytery of Kingston, and was received in due form as a minister of the Presbyterian church in Canada, a view to his induction to the Presbyterian church in Napanee. With the letter of transfer the clerk of the presbytery of Peoria also sent the following letter of greeting to the Kingston presbytery: "To the moderator and brethren of the presbytery of Kingston, Ont.: Greeting: The presbytery of Peoria of the Presbyterian church, in the United States of America, in dismissing the Rev. A. L. Howard, Ph.D., who came to us from your presbytery of Brockville, directed the stated clerk to express to you our brotherly feelings toward Mr. Howard, our appreciation of his brief but very efficient and acceptable services as the pastor of one of our churches and our regret at the necessity that leads to his departure from us. We wish to assure him and you, his brethren, of our continued prayers for your success therein. We commend Bro. Howard to the fellowship of the brethren and to the sympathy and love of his new charge in the Presbyterian church, of Canada. Fraternally yours, William H. Pumphrey, for the presbytery of Peoria, U.S.A." Rev. A. and Mrs. McDonald entertained the members of Presbytery to dinner on the occasion of the induction of Rev. Dr. Howard. Rev. Messrs. Thompson, of Newburgh; Wilkins, clerk of presbytery; Shaver, of Picton, and Kerr, of Belleville, took part in the induction services. Mr. and Mrs. Carson entertained Rev. Mr. Kerr, Mr. and Mrs. U. J. Flach, had Rev. Mr. Shaver, over night. The other members remaining at Mr. Macdonald's.

Are You Looking for Bargains?
Then don't neglect colling and examine our Steel, and Metal Ranges and Heaters. They are as good as the best; and as cheap as the cheapest.
3511 — POTTER & BLANCHARD.

members of the poultry association to an oyster supper on Wednesday evening.

BIRTHS.
HARMER—At North Yakima Wash. on January 27th, 1911, to Mr. and Mrs. A. R. Harmer, a son.

MARRIAGES.
SAGAR—WHITE—By the Rev. G. S. White, on February 8th, 1911, at Piety Hill, Napanee, Mr. Cuthbert H. Sagar, of Deseronto, to Miss Mable White, of Carleton Place.

DEATHS.
SAUL—At Napanee, on Sunday, February 5th, 1911, William Saul, aged 83 years, 2 months and 25 days.

THOMPSON—At the residence of her daughter, Mrs. Jas. I. Barton, Centre street, on Thursday, February 9th, 1911, Eleanor Ann Thompson, aged 84 years. Funeral Saturday at 2 p.m. Private.

Bath Room Window.
A model Bath Room has been fitted up in one of our show windows, it costs nothing to see it, and it may be suggestive, it will be worth your time to look at it. East window.
BOYLE & SON.

PRESENTATION AND ADDRESS.

MR. AND MRS. H. CREIGHTON.—
Having heard that you are about to remove from this neighborhood, we, a few of your neighbors and friends, have gathered together on this the evening of your departure from our midst feeling we cannot allow you to go from among us, without showing the esteem and regard we have for you.

While you do not intend to remove very far from us, we know that the closer neighborly relations, which we have enjoyed in the past, will be broken. We have known you both all your lives which have been spent, so far, among us, and we believe the places you leave vacant in this neighborhood will be hard to fill. When sickness or trouble entered any of the homes of the neighborhood you were always among the first to lend a helping hand to those in distress. We will miss you in our church work in which you have both been very active, always doing your best to show both by precept and example that you have the cause of God at heart.

In Mrs. Creighton we have always found a faithful worker among the young. We will miss your help in the Sunday School, W. M. S., and Ladies Aid (that society so useful to augment the funds of the church) of which you were one of the principal organizers, and of which you are at present the esteemed President.

We will miss you in the choir, where you have labored since your early girlhood, as organist and leader, ever trying to make the services brighter and more interesting. We consider your help has been of great value in maintaining those several departments of church work.

In losing Mr. Creighton we feel we will be losing not only a good citizen, but one who has filled important positions on the council board of this Township, on the trustee board of this School Section, on the trustee board of the Methodist Church, and also on the Quarterly board of the Bath Circuit. There you have been a steward for a number of years, and lately you have filled the office of Recording Steward with much credit to yourself, and profit to the board.

Before parting we ask you to please accept this buffet as a token of our appreciation of your many good qualities, hoping that when you see it in your home you will be led to think of those you have left behind. Wishing you may both live long to enjoy its use, we desire to remain your sincere friends.
Signed on behalf of neighbors and friends.

MRS. R. E. MEYERS,
MRS. P. J. DILLON.



Market Reports

12 to 18 Hours Ahead of the Morning Papers

Every issue of The Toronto Daily Star contains the day's price quotations on the Grain and Live Stock Markets of Toronto, Montreal, Buffalo, Chicago and other important centres—the very same quotations that the morning papers will print next day—12 to 18 hours later.

The Toronto Daily Star market reports are most accurate, and getting them every day you are always able to catch the market at its highest point and to sell your products at the highest prices prevailing.

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This paper and the Toronto Daily Star for one year for \$2.20

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For fear you do not know
What other lines we carry,
Might just intimate
We have licenses to marry.

We sell Sharple's Separators
'Cause they take out ALL the cream,
And Gasoline Engines
That are 'way ahead of steam.

We have Caskets and Coffins
Always in store,
And sell them when needed
But never before.

We sell Organs, Sewing Machines,
And other things galore,
Such as Buggies, Harness, and cutters,
But won't mention any more.

We thank our customers
All over the land
For a good patronage
And a helping hand.

If you can't come to deal us
Just drop us a line,
And we will get to you
In a very short time.

VANLUVEN BROS.,
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